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(\$4) Title: HLA-BINDING PEPTIDES AND THEIR US (\$7) Abstract The present invention provides the means and metho capable of specifically binding glycoproteins encoded by peptides are useful to elicit an immune response against a	ds for a	selecting Immunogenic peptides and the immunogenic peptide compositions like and inducing T cell activation in T cells restricted by the allele. The d antigen.

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HLA BINDING PEPTIDES AND THEIR USES

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to compositions and methods for preventing, treating or diagnosing a number of pathological states such as viral diseases and cancers. In particular, it provides novel peptides capable of binding selected major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules and inducing an immune response.

MHC molecules are classified as either Class I or Class II molecules. Class II MHC molecules are expressed primarily on cells involved in initiating and sustaining immune responses, such as T lymphocytes, B lymphocytes, macrophages, etc. Class II MHC molecules are recognized by helper T lymphocytes and induce proliferation of helper T lymphocytes and amplification of the immune response to the particular immunogenic peptide that is displayed. Class I MHC molecules are expressed on almost all nucleated cells and are recognized by cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs), which then destroy the antigen-bearing cells. CTLs are particularly important in tumor rejection and in fighting viral infections.

The CTL recognizes the antigen in the form of a peptide fragment bound to the MHC class I molecules rather than the intact foreign antigen itself. The antigen must normally be endogenously synthesized by the cell, and a portion of the protein antigen is degraded into small peptide fragments in the cytoplasm. Some of these small peptides translocate into a pre-Golgi compartment and interact with class I heavy chains to facilitate proper folding and association with the subunit β2 microglobulin. The peptide-MHC class I complex is then routed to the cell surface for expression and potential recognition by specific CTLs.

Investigations of the crystal structure of the human MHC class I molecule, HLA-A2.1, indicate that a peptide binding groove is created by the folding of the a1 and a2 domains of the class I heavy chain (Bjorkman et al., Nature 329:506 (1987). In these investigations, however, the identity of peptides bound to the groove was not determined.

Buus et al., <u>Science</u> 242:1065 (1988) first described a method for acid elution of bound peptides from MHC. Subsequently, Rammensee and his coworkers (Falk

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et al., Nature 351:290 (1991) have developed an approach to characterize naturally processed peptides bound to class I molecules. Other investigators have successfully achieved direct amino acid sequencing of the more abundant peptides in various HPLC fractions by conventional automated sequencing of peptides eluted from class I molecules of the B type (Jardetzky, et al., Nature 353:326 (1991) and of the A2.1 type by mass spectrometry (Hunt, et al., Science 225:1261 (1992). A review of the characterization of naturally processed peptides in MHC Class I has been presented by Rötzschke and Falk (Rötzschke and Falk, Immunol, Today 12:447 (1991).

Sette et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:3296 (1989) showed that MHC allele specific motifs could be used to predict MHC binding capacity. Schaeffer et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:4649 (1989) showed that MHC binding was related to immunogenicity. Several authors (De Bruijn et al., Eur. J. Immunol., 21:2963-2970 (1991); Pamer et al., 991 Nature 353:852-955 (1991)) have provided preliminary evidence that class I binding motifs can be applied to the identification of potential immunogenic peptides in animal models. Class I motifs specific for a number of human alleles of a given class I isotype have yet to be described. It is desirable that the combined frequencies of these different alleles should be high enough to cover a large fraction or perhaps the majority of the human outbred population.

Despite the developments in the art, the prior art has yet to provide a useful human peptide-based vaccine or therapeutic agent based on this work. The present invention provides these and other advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides compositions comprising immunogenic peptides having binding motifs for HLA molecules. The immunogenic peptides, which bind to the appropriate MHC allele, comprise conserved residues at certain positions which allow the peptides to bind desired HLA molecules.

Epitopes on a number of immunogenic target proteins can be identified using the peptides of the invention. Examples of suitable antigens include prostate cancer specific antigen (PSA), hepatitis B core and surface antigens (HBVc, HBVs) hepatitis C antigens, Epstein-Barr virus antigens, human immunodeficiency type-1 virus (HIV1), Kaposi's sarcoma herpes virus (KSHV), human papilloma virus (HPV) antigens, Lassa

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virus, mycobacterium tuberculosis (MT), p53, CEA, trypanosome surface antigen (TSA) and Her2/neu. The peptides are thus useful in pharmaceutical compositions for both therapeutic and diagnostic applications.

In particular, the invention provides compositions comprising an immunogenic peptide having an HLA binding motif, which immunogenic peptide is a peptide shown in Tables 3-14. Also provided are peptides comprising a conservative substitution of a residue in a peptide shown in Table 3-14. The immunogenic peptide of the invention can be further linked to a second oligopeptide. In some embodiments, the second oligopeptide is a peptide that induces a helper T response.

The invention further provides nucleic acid molecules encoding immunogenic peptides as shown in Tables 3-14, or peptides comprising a conservative substitution of a residue of a peptide shown in Table 3-14. The nucleic acid may further comprise a sequence encoding a second immunogenic peptide or peptide that induces a helper T response.

The peptides provided here can be used to induce a cytotoxic T cell response either *in vivo* or *in vitro*. The methods comprise contacting a cytotoxic T cell with a peptide of the invention.

Definitions

The term "peptide" is used interchangeably with "oligopeptide" in the present specification to designate a series of residues, typically L-amino acids, connected one to the other typically by peptide bonds between the alpha-amino and carbonyl groups of adjacent amino acids. The oligopeptides of the invention are less than about 15 residues in length and usually consist of between about 8 and about 11 residues, preferably 9 or 10 residues.

An "immunogenic peptide" is a peptide which comprises an allele-specific motif such that the peptide will bind an MHC molecule and induce a CTL response. Immunogenic peptides of the invention are capable of binding to an appropriate HLA molecule and inducing a cytotoxic T cell response against the antigen from which the immunogenic peptide is derived.

Immunogenic peptides are conveniently identified using the algorithms of the invention. The algorithms are mathematical procedures that produce a score which

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enables the selection of immunogenic peptides. Typically one uses the algorithmic score with a "binding threshold" to enable selection of peptides that have a high probability of binding at a certain affinity and will in turn be immunogenic. The algorithm is based upon either the effects on MHC binding of a particular amino acid at a particular position of a peptide or the effects on binding of a particular substitution in a motif containing peptide.

A "conserved residue" is an amino acid which occurs in a significantly higher frequency than would be expected by random distribution at a particular position in a peptide. Typically a conserved residue is one where the MHC structure may provide a contact point with the immunogenic peptide. At least one to three or more, preferably two, conserved residues within a peptide of defined length defines a motif for an immunogenic peptide. These residues are typically in close contact with the peptide binding groove, with their side chains buried in specific pockets of the groove itself. Typically, an immunogenic peptide will comprise up to three conserved residues, more usually two conserved residues.

As used herein, "negative binding residues" are amino acids which if present at certain positions will result in a peptide being a nonbinder or poor binder and in turn fail to be immunogenic i.e. induce a CTL response.

The term "motif" refers to the pattern of residues in a peptide of defined length, usually about 8 to about 11 amino acids, which is recognized by a particular MHC allele. The peptide motifs are typically different for each human MHC allele and differ in the pattern of the highly conserved residues and negative residues.

The binding motif for an allele can be defined with increasing degrees of precision. In one case, all of the conserved residues are present in the correct positions in a peptide and there are no negative residues in positions 1,3 and/or 7.

The phrases "isolated" or "biologically pure" refer to material which is substantially or essentially free from components which normally accompany it as found in its native state. Thus, the peptides of this invention do not contain materials normally associated with their in sim environment, e.g., MHC I molecules on antigen presenting cells. Even where a protein has been isolated to a homogenous or dominant band, there are trace contaminants in the range of 5-10% of native protein which co-purify with the desired protein. Isolated peptides of this invention do not contain such endogenous co-purified protein.

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The term "residue" refers to an amino acid or amino acid mimetic incorporated in an oligopeptide by an amide bond or amide bond mimetic.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention relates to the determination of allele-specific peptide motifs for human Class I MHC (sometimes referred to as HLA) allele subtypes, in particular, peptide motifs recognized by HLA alleles.

For HLA-A2.1 alleles a peptide of 9 amino acids preferrably has the following motif: a first conserved residue at the second position from the N-terminus selected from the group consisting of I, V, A and T and a second conserved residue at the C-terminal position selected from the group consisting of V, L, I, A and M. An alternate motif is one in which the first conserved residue at the second position from the N-terminus selected is from the group consisting of L, M, I, V, A and T and the second conserved residue at the C-terminal position selected from the group consisting of A and M. The amino acid at position 1 is preferrably not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, and P. The amino acid at position 3 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H. The amino acid at position 6 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H. The amino acid at at position 7 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K, H, D and E.

The HLA-A2.1 binding motif for peptide of 10 residues is as follows: a first conserved residue at the second position from the N-terminus selected from the group consisting of L, M, I, V, A, and T, and a second conserved residue at the C-terminal position selected from the group consisting of V, I, L, A and M. The first and second conserved residues are separated by 7 residues. Preferrably, the amino acid at position 1 is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, E and P. The N-terminal residue is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D and E. The residue at position 4 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of A, K, R and H. The amino acid at position 5 from the N-terminus is not P. The amino acid at position 7 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H. The amino acid at position 8 from the N-terminus is not amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, E, R, K and H. The amino acid at position

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9 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H.

Te motif for HLA-A3.2 comprises from the N-terminus to C-terminus a first conserved residue of L, M, I, V, S, A, T and F at position 2 and a second conserved residue of K, R or Y at the C-terminal end. Other first conserved residues are C, G or D and alternatively E. Other second conserved residues are H or F. The first and second conserved residues are preferably separated by 6 to 7 residues.

The motif for HLA-A1 comprises from the N-terminus to the C-terminus a first conserved residue of T, S or M, a second conserved residue of D or E, and a third conserved residue of Y. Other second conserved residues are A, S or T. The first and second conserved residues are adjacent and are preferably separated from the third conserved residue by 6 to 7 residues. A second motif consists of a first conserved residue of E or D and a second conserved residue of Y where the first and second conserved residues are separated by 5 to 6 residues.

The motif for HLA-A11 comprises from the N-terminus to the C-terminus a first conserved residue of T, V, M, L, I, S, A, G, N, C D, or F at position 2 and a C-terminal conserved residue of K, R, Y or H. The first and second conserved residues are preferably separated by 6 or 7 residues.

The motif for HLA-A24.1 comprises from the N-terminus to the C-terminus a first conserved residue of Y, F or W at position 2 and a C terminal conserved residue of F, I, W, M or L. The first and second conserved residues are preferably separated by 6 to 7 residues.

These motifs are then used to define T cell epitopes from any desired antigen, particularly those associated with human viral diseases, cancers or autoimmune diseases, for which the amino acid sequence of the potential antigen or autoantigen targets is known.

Epitopes on a number of potential target proteins can be identified in this manner. Examples of suitable antigens include prostate specific antigen (PSA), hepatitis B core and surface antigens (HBVc, HBVs) hepatitis C antigens, Epstein-Barr virus antigens, melanoma antigens (e.g., MAGE-1), human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigens, human papilloma virus (HPV) antigens, Lassa virus, mycobacterium tuberculosis (MT), p53, CEA, trypanosome surface antigen (TSA) and Her2/neu.

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Peptides comprising the epitopes from these antigens are synthesized and then tested for their ability to bind to the appropriate MHC molecules in assays using, for example, purified class I molecules and radioiodonated peptides and/or cells expressing empty class I molecules by, for instance, immunofluorescent staining and flow microfluorometry, peptide-dependent class I assembly assays, and inhibition of CTL recognition by peptide competition. Those peptides that bind to the class I molecule are further evaluated for their ability to serve as targets for CTLs derived from infected or immunized individuals, as well as for their capacity to induce primary in vitro or in vivo CTL responses that can give rise to CTL populations capable of reacting with virally infected target cells or tumor cells as potential therapeutic agents.

The MHC class I antigens are encoded by the HLA-A, B, and C loci. HLA-A and B antigens are expressed at the cell surface at approximately equal densities, whereas the expression of HLA-C is significantly lower (perhaps as much as 10-fold lower). Each of these loci have a number of alleles. The peptide binding motifs of the invention are relatively specific for each allelic subtype.

For peptide-based vaccines, the peptides of the present invention preferably comprise a motif recognized by an MHC I molecule having a wide distribution in the human population. Since the MHC alleles occur at different frequencies within different ethnic groups and races, the choice of target MHC allele may depend upon the target population. Table I shows the frequency of various alleles at the HLA-A locus products among different races. For instance, the majority of the Caucasoid population can be covered by peptides which bind to four HLA-A allele subtypes, specifically HLA-A2.1, A1, A3.2, and A24.1. Similarly, the majority of the Asian population is encompassed with the addition of peptides binding to a fifth allele HLA-A11.2.

TABLE 1

	A Allele/Subtype	N(69)*	A(54)	C(502)
	Ai	10.1(7)	1.8(1)	27.4(138)
	A2.1	11.5(8)	37.0(20)	39.8(199)
5	A2.2	10.1(7)	0	3.3(17)
	A2.3	1.4(1)	5.5(3)	0.8(4)
	A2.4	-	-	•
	A2.5	· -	•	-
	A3.1	1.4(1)	0	0.2(0)
10	A3.2	5.7(4)	5.5(3)	21.5(108)
	A11.1	0	5.5(3)	0
	A11.2	5.7(4)	31.4(17)	8.7(44)
	A11.3	0	3.7(2)	0
	A23	4.3(3)	-	3.9(20)
15	A24	2.9(2)	27.7(15)	15.3(77)
	A24.2	-	-	•
	A24.3	•	-	. •
	A25	1.4(1)	-	6.9(35)
	A26.1	4.3(3)	9.2(5)	5.9(30)
20	A26.2	7.2(5)	-	1.0(5)
	A26V	-	3.7(2)	-
	A28.1	10.1(7)	•	1.6(8)
	A28.2	1.4(1)	-	7.5(38)
	A29.1	1.4(1)	•	1.4(7)
25	A29.2	10.1(7)	1.8(1)	5.3(27)
	A30.1	8.6(6)	-	4.9(25)
	A30.2	1.4(1)	-	0.2(1)
	A30.3	7.2(5)	-	3.9(20)
	A31	4.3(3)	7.4(4)	6.9(35)
30	A32	2.8(2)	-	7.1(36)
	Aw33.1	8.6(6)	-	2.5(13)
	Aw33.2	2.8(2)	16.6(9)	1.2(6)
	Aw34.1	1.4(1)	•	•
	Aw34.2	14.5(10)	-	0.8(4)
35	Aw36	5.9(4)	-	-

Table compiled from B. DuPont, <u>Immunobiology of HLA</u>, Vol. I, Histocompatibility Testing 1987, Springer-Verlag, New York 1989.

The nomenclature used to describe peptide compounds follows the conventional practice wherein the amino group is presented to the left (the N-terminus)

^{*} N - negroid; A = Asian; C = caucasoid. Numbers in parenthesis represent the number of individuals included in the analysis.

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and the carboxyl group to the right (the C-terminus) of each amino acid residue. In the formulae representing selected specific embodiments of the present invention, the amino-and carboxyl-terminal groups, although not specifically shown, are in the form they would assume at physiologic pH values, unless otherwise specified. In the amino acid structure formulae, each residue is generally represented by standard three letter or single letter designations. The L-form of an amino acid residue is represented by a capital single letter or a capital first letter of a three-letter symbol, and the D-form for those amino acids having D-forms is represented by a lower case single letter or a lower case three letter symbol. Glycine has no asymmetric carbon atom and is simply referred to as "Gly" or G.

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The procedures used to identify peptides of the present invention generally follow the methods disclosed in Falk et al., Nature 351:290 (1991), which is incorporated herein by reference. Briefly, the methods involve large-scale isolation of MHC class I molecules, typically by immunoprecipitation or affinity chromatography, from the appropriate cell or cell line. Examples of other methods for isolation of the desired MHC molecule equally well known to the artisan include ion exchange chromatography, lectin chromatography, size exclusion, high performance ligand chromatography, and a combination of all of the above techniques.

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In the typical case, immunoprecipitation is used to isolate the desired allele. A number of protocols can be used, depending upon the specificity of the antibodies used. For example, allele-specific mAb reagents can be used for the affinity purification of the HLA-A, HLA-B₁, and HLA-C molecules. Several mAb reagents for the isolation of HLA-A molecules are available. The monoclonal BB7.2 is suitable for isolating HLA-A2 molecules. Affinity columns prepared with these mAbs using standard techniques are successfully used to purify the respective HLA-A allele products.

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In addition to allele-specific mAbs, broadly reactive anti-HLA-A, B, C mAbs, such as W6/32 and B9.12.1, and one anti-HLA-B, C mAb, B1.23.2, could be used in alternative affinity purification protocols as described in previous applications.

The peptides bound to the peptide binding groove of the isolated MHC molecules are eluted typically using acid treatment. Peptides can also be dissociated from class I molecules by a variety of standard denaturing means, such as heat, pH, detergents, salts, chaotropic agents, or a combination thereof.

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Peptide fractions are further separated from the MHC molecules by reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) and sequenced. Peptides can be separated by a variety of other standard means well known to the artisan, including filtration, ultrafiltration, electrophoresis, size chromatography, precipitation with specific antibodies, ion exchange chromatography, isoelectrofocusing, and the like.

Sequencing of the isolated peptides can be performed according to standard techniques such as Edman degradation (Hunkapiller, M.W., et al., Methods Enzymol. 21, 399 [1983]). Other methods suitable for sequencing include mass spectrometry sequencing of individual peptides as previously described (Hunt, et al., Science 225:1261 (1992), which is incorporated herein by reference). Amino acid sequencing of bulk heterogenous peptides (e.g., pooled HPLC fractions) from different class I molecules typically reveals a characteristic sequence motif for each class I allele.

Definition of motifs specific for different class I alleles allows the identification of potential peptide epitopes from an antigenic protein whose amino acid sequence is known. Typically, identification of potential peptide epitopes is initially carried out using a computer to scan the amino acid sequence of a desired antigen for the presence of motifs. The epitopic sequences are then synthesized. The capacity to bind MHC Class molecules is measured in a variety of different ways. One means is a Class I molecule binding assay as described in the related applications, noted above. Other alternatives described in the literature include inhibition of antigen presentation (Sette, et al., I Immunol. 141:3893 (1991), in vitro assembly assays (Townsend, et al., Cell 62:285 (1990), and FACS based assays using mutated ells, such as RMA.S (Melief, et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 21:2963 (1991)).

Next, peptides that test positive in the MHC class I binding assay are assayed for the ability of the peptides to induce specific CTL responses in vitro. For instance, Antigen-presenting cells that have been incubated with a peptide can be assayed for the ability to induce CTL responses in responder cell populations. Antigen-presenting cells can be normal cells such as peripheral blood mononuclear cells or dendritic cells (lnaba, et al., J. Ekp. Med. 166:182 (1987); Boog, Eur. J. Immunol. 18:219 [1988]).

Alternatively, mutant mammalian cell lines that are deficient in their ability to load class I molecules with internally processed peptides, such as the mouse cell lines RMA-S (Kärre, et al., Nature, 319:675 (1986); Ljunggren, et al., Eur. J. Immunol.

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21:2963-2970 (1991)), and the human somatic T cell hybrid, T-2 (Cerundolo, et al., Nature 345:449-452 (1990)) and which have been transfected with the appropriate human class I genes are conveniently used, when peptide is added to them, to test for the capacity of the peptide to induce in vitro primary CTL responses. Other eukaryotic cell lines which could be used include various insect cell lines such as mosquito larvae (ATCC cell lines CCL 125, 126, 1660, 1591, 6585, 6586), silkworm (ATTC CRL 8851), armyworm (ATCC CRL 1711), moth (ATCC CCL 80) and Drosophila cell lines such as a Schneider cell line (see Schneider J. Embryol, Exp. Morphol. 27:353-365 [1927]).

Peripheral blood lymphocytes are conveniently isolated following simple venipuncture or leukapheresis of normal donors or patients and used as the responder cell sources of CTL precursors. In one embodiment, the appropriate antigen-presenting cells are incubated with 10-100 μ M of peptide in serum-free media for 4 hours under appropriate culture conditions. The peptide-loaded antigen-presenting cells are then incubated with the responder cell populations in vitro for 7 to 10 days under optimized culture conditions. Positive CTL activation can be determined by assaying the cultures for the presence of CTLs that kill radiolabeled target cells, both specific peptide-pulsed targets as well as target cells expressing endogenously processed form of the relevant virus or tumor antigen from which the peptide sequence was derived.

Specificity and MHC restriction of the CTL is determined by testing against different peptide target cells expressing appropriate or inappropriate human MHC class I. The peptides that test positive in the MHC binding assays and give rise to specific CTL responses are referred to herein as immunogenic peptides.

The immunogenic peptides can be prepared synthetically, or by recombinant DNA technology or from natural sources such as whole viruses or tumors. Although the peptide will preferably be substantially free of other naturally occurring host cell proteins and fragments thereof, in some embodiments the peptides can be synthetically conjugated to native fragments or particles.

The polypeptides or peptides can be a variety of lengths, either in their neutral (uncharged) forms or in forms which are salts, and either free of modifications such as glycosylation, side chain oxidation, or phosphorylation or containing these modifications, subject to the condition that the modification not destroy the biological activity of the polypeptides as herein described.

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Desirably, the peptide will be as small as possible while still maintaining substantially all of the biological activity of the large peptide. When possible, it may be desirable to optimize peptides of the invention to a length of 9 or 10 amino acid residues, commensurate in size with endogenously processed viral peptides or tumor cell peptides that are bound to MHC class I molecules on the cell surface.

Peptides having the desired activity may be modified as necessary to provide certain desired attributes, e.g., improved pharmacological characteristics, while increasing or at least retaining substantially all of the biological activity of the unmodified pertide to bind the desired MHC molecule and activate the appropriate T cell. For instance, the peptides may be subject to various changes, such as substitutions, either conservative or non-conservative, where such changes might provide for certain advantages in their use, such as improved MHC binding. By conservative substitutions is meant replacing an amino acid residue with another which is biologically and/or chemically similar, e.g., one hydrophobic residue for another, or one polar residue for another. The substitutions include combinations such as Gly, Ala; Val, Ile, Leu, Met; Asp, Glu; Asn, Gln; Ser, Thr; Lys, Arg; and Phe, Tyr. The effect of single amino acid substitutions may also be probed using D-amino acids. Such modifications may be made using well known peptide synthesis procedures, as described in e.g., Merrifield, Science 232:341-347 (1986), Barany and Merrifield, The Peptides, Gross and Meienhofer, eds. (N.Y., Academic Press), pp. 1-284 (1979); and Stewart and Young, Solid Phase Pertide Synthesis, (Rockford, Ill., Pierce), 2d Ed. (1984), incorporated by reference herein.

The peptides can also be modified by extending or decreasing the compound's amino acid sequence, e.g., by the addition or deletion of amino acids. The peptides or analogs of the invention can also be modified by altering the order or composition of certain residues, it being readily appreciated that certain amino acid residues essential for biological activity, e.g., those at critical contact sites or conserved residues, may generally not be altered without an adverse effect on biological activity. The non-critical amino acids need not be limited to those naturally occurring in proteins, such as L- α -amino acids, or their D-isomers, but may include non-natural amino acids as well, such as β - γ - δ -amino acids, as well as many derivatives of L- α -amino acids.

Typically, a series of peptides with single amino acid substitutions are employed to determine the effect of electrostatic charge, hydrophobicity, etc. on binding.

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For instance, a series of positively charged (e.g., Lys or Arg) or negatively charged (e.g., Glu) amino acid substitutions are made along the length of the peptide revealing different patterns of sensitivity towards various MHC molecules and T cell receptors. In addition, multiple substitutions using small, relatively neutral moieties such as Ala, Gly, Pro, or similar residues may be employed. The substitutions may be homo-oligomers or hetero-oligomers. The number and types of residues which are substituted or added depend on the spacing necessary between essential contact points and certain functional attributes which are sought (e.g., hydrophobicity versus hydrophilicity). Increased binding affinity for an MHC molecule or T cell receptor may also be achieved by such substitutions, compared to the affinity of the parent peptide. In any event, such substitutions should employ amino acid residues or other molecular fragments chosen to avoid, for example, steric and charge interference which might disrupt binding.

Amino acid substitutions are typically of single residues. Substitutions, deletions, insertions or any combination thereof may be combined to arrive at a final peptide. Substitutional variants are those in which at least one residue of a peptide has been removed and a different residue inserted in its place. Such substitutions generally are made in accordance with the following Table 2 when it is desired to finely modulate the characteristics of the peptide.

TABLE 2

Original Residue	Exemplary Substitution
Ala	Ser
Arg	Lys, His
Asn	Gln
Asp	Glu
Cys	Ser
Gln	Asn
Glu	Asp
Gly	Pro
His	Lys; Arg
[le	Leu; Val
Leu	Ile; Val
Lys	Arg; His
Met	Leu; Ile
Phe	Туг; Тър
Ser	Thr
Thr	Ser
Trp	Tyr; Phe
Тут	Trp; Phe
Val	Ne; Leu
Pro	Gly

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Substantial changes in function (e.g., affinity for MHC molecules or T cell receptors) are made by selecting substitutions that are less conservative than those in Table 2, i.e., selecting residues that differ more significantly in their effect on maintaining (a) the structure of the peptide backbone in the area of the substitution, for example as a sheet or helical conformation, (b) the charge or hydrophobicity of the molecule at the target site or (c) the bulk of the side chain. The substitutions which in general are expected to produce the greatest changes in peptide properties will be those in which (a) hydrophilic residue, e.g. seryl, is substituted for (or by) a hydrophobic residue, e.g. leucyl, isoleucyl, phenylalanyl, valyl or alanyl; (b) a residue having an electropositive side chain, e.g., lysl, arginyl, or histidyl, is substituted for (or by) an electronegative residue, e.g. glutamyl or aspartyl; or (c) a residue having a bulky side chain, e.g. phenylalanine, is substituted for (or by) one not having a side chain, e.g., glycine.

The peptides may also comprise isosteres of two or more residues in the immunogenic peptide. An isostere as defined here is a sequence of two or more residues that can be substituted for a second sequence because the steric conformation of the first sequence fits a binding site specific for the second sequence. The term specifically includes peptide backbone modifications well known to those skilled in the art. Such modifications include modifications of the amide nitrogen, the α-carbon, amide carbonyl, complete replacement of the amide bond, extensions, deletions or backbone crosslinks.

See, generally, Spatola, Chemistry and Biochemistry of Amino Acids, peptides and Proteins, Vol. VII (Weinstein ed., 1983).

Modifications of peptides with various amino acid mimetics or unnatural amino acids are particularly useful in increasing the stability of the peptide in vivo. Stability can be assayed in a number of ways. For instance, peptidases and various biological media, such as human plasma and serum, have been used to test stability. See, e.g., Verhoef et al., Eur. J. Drug Metab. Pharmacokin. 11:291-302 (1986). Half life of the peptides of the present invention is conveniently determined using a 25% human serum (v/v) assay. The protocol is generally as follows. Pooled human serum (Type AB, non-heat inactivated) is delipidated by centrifugation before use. The serum is then diluted to 25% with RPMI tissue culture media and used to test peptide stability. At predetermined time intervals a small amount of reaction solution is removed and added to either 6% aqueous trichloracetic acid or ethanol. The cloudy reaction sample is cooled

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(4°C) for 15 minutes and then spun to pellet the precipitated serum proteins. The presence of the peptides is then determined by reversed-phase HPLC using stability-specific chromatography conditions.

The peptides of the present invention or analogs thereof which have CTL stimulating activity may be modified to provide desired attributes other than improved serum half life. For instance, the ability of the peptides to induce CTL activity can be enhanced by linkage to a sequence which contains at least one epitope that is capable of inducing a T helper cell response. Particularly preferred immunogenic peptides/T helper conjugates are linked by a spacer molecule. The spacer is typically comprised of relatively small, neutral molecules, such as amino acids or amino acid mimetics, which are substantially uncharged under physiological conditions. The spacers are typically selected from, e.g., Ala, Gly, or other neutral spacers of nonpolar amino acids or neutral polar amino acids. It will be understood that the optionally present spacer need not be comprised of the same residues and thus may be a hetero- or homo-oligomer. When present, the spacer will usually be at least one or two residues, more usually three to six residues. Alternatively, the CTL peptide may be linked to the T helper peptide without a spacer.

The immunogenic peptide may be linked to the T helper peptide either directly or via a spacer either at the amino or carboxy terminus of the CTL peptide. The amino terminus of either the immunogenic peptide or the T helper peptide may be acylated. Exemplary T helper peptides include tetamus toxoid 830-843, influenza 307-319, malaria circumsporozoite 382-398 and 378-389.

In some embodiments it may be desirable to include in the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention at least one component which primes CTL. Lipids have been identified as agents capable of priming CTL in vivo against viral antigens. For example, palmitic acid residues can be attached to the alpha and epsilon amino groups of a Lys residue and then linked, e.g., via one or more linking residues such as Gly, Gly-Gly-, Ser, Ser-Ser, or the like, to an immunogenic peptide. The lipidated peptide can then be injected directly in a micellar form, incorporated into a liposome or emulsified in an adjuvant, e.g., incomplete Freund's adjuvant. In a preferred embodiment a particularly effective immunogen comprises palmitic acid attached to alpha and epsilon amino groups

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of Lys, which is attached via linkage, e.g., Ser-Ser, to the amino terminus of the immunogenic peptide.

As another example of lipid priming of CTL responses, E. coli lipoproteins, such as tripalmitoyl-S-glycerylcysteinlyseryl-serine (P₃CSS) can be used to prime virus specific CTL when covalently attached to an appropriate peptide. See, Deres et al., Nature 342:561-564 (1989), incorporated herein by reference. Peptides of the invention can be coupled to P₃CSS, for example, and the lipopeptide administered to an individual to specifically prime a CTL response to the target antigen. Further, as the induction of neutralizing antibodies can also be primed with P₃CSS conjugated to a peptide which displays an appropriate epitope, the two compositions can be combined to more effectively elicit both humoral and cell-mediated responses to infection.

In addition, additional amino acids can be added to the termini of a peptide to provide for ease of linking peptides one to another, for coupling to a carrier support, or larger peptide, for modifying the physical or chemical properties of the peptide or oligopeptide, or the like. Amino acids such as tyrosine, cysteine, lysine, glutamic or aspartic acid, or the like, can be introduced at the C- or N-terminus of the peptide or oligopeptide. Modification at the C terminus in some cases may alter binding characteristics of the peptide. In addition, the peptide or oligopeptide sequences can differ from the natural sequence by being modified by terminal-NH₂ acylation, e.g., by alkanoyl (C_1-C_{20}) or thioglycolyl acetylation, terminal-carboxyl amidation, e.g., ammonia, methylamine, etc. In some instances these modifications may provide sites for linking to a support or other molecule.

The peptides of the invention can be prepared in a wide variety of ways. Because of their relatively short size, the peptides can be synthesized in solution or on a solid support in accordance with conventional techniques. Various automatic synthesizers are commercially available and can be used in accordance with known protocols. See, for example, Stewart and Young, Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis, 2d. ed., Pierce Chemical Co. (1984), supra.

Alternatively, recombinant DNA technology may be employed wherein a nucleotide sequence which encodes an immunogenic peptide of interest is inserted into an expression vector, transformed or transfected into an appropriate host cell and cultivated under conditions suitable for expression. These procedures are generally known in the art,

as described generally in Sambrook et al., <u>Molecular Cloning</u>. A <u>Laboratory Manual</u>, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1982), which is incorporated herein by reference. Thus, fusion proteins which comprise one or more peptide sequences of the invention can be used to present the appropriate T cell epitope.

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As the coding sequence for peptides of the length contemplated herein can be synthesized by chemical techniques, for example, the phosphotriester method of Matteucci et al., <u>I. Am. Chem. Soc.</u> 103:3185 (1981), modification can be made simply by substituting the appropriate base(s) for those encoding the native peptide sequence. The coding sequence can then be provided with appropriate linkers and ligated into expression vectors commonly available in the art, and the vectors used to transform suitable hosts to produce the desired fusion protein. A number of such vectors and suitable host systems are now available. For expression of the fusion proteins, the coding sequence will be provided with operably linked start and stop codons, promoter and terminator regions and usually a replication system to provide an expression vector for expression in the desired cellular host. For example, promoter sequences compatible with bacterial hosts are provided in plasmids containing convenient restriction sites for insertion of the desired coding sequence. The resulting expression vectors are transformed into suitable bacterial hosts. Of course, yeast or mammalian cell hosts may also be used, employing suitable vectors and control sequences.

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The peptides of the present invention and pharmaceutical and vaccine compositions thereof are useful for administration to mammals, particularly humans, to treat and/or prevent viral infection and cancer. Examples of diseases which can be treated using the immunogenic peptides of the invention include prostate cancer, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, AIDS, renal carcinoma, cervical carcinoma, lymphoma, CMV and condlyloma acuminatum.

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For pharmaceutical compositions, the immunogenic peptides of the invention are administered to an individual already suffering from cancer or infected with the virus of interest. Those in the incubation phase or the acute phase of infection can be treated with the immunogenic peptides separately or in conjunction with other treatments, as appropriate. In therapeutic applications, compositions are administered to a patient in an amount sufficient to elicit an effective CTL response to the virus or tumor antigen and to cure or at least partially arrest symptoms and/or complications. An amount adequate to

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accomplish this is defined as "therapeutically effective dose." Amounts effective for this use will depend on, e.g., the peptide composition, the manner of administration, the stage and severity of the disease being treated, the weight and general state of health of the patient, and the judgment of the prescribing physician, but generally range for the initial immunization (that is for therapeutic or prophylactic administration) from about $1.0 \mu g$ to about $5000 \mu g$ of peptide for a 70 kg patient, followed by boosting dosages of from about $1.0 \mu g$ to about $1000 \mu g$ of peptide pursuant to a boosting regimen over weeks to months depending upon the patient's response and condition by measuring specific CTL activity in the patient's blood. It must be kept in mind that the peptides and compositions of the present invention may generally be employed in serious disease states, that is, life-threatening or potentially life threatening situations. In such cases, in view of the minimization of extraneous substances and the relative nontoxic nature of the peptides, it is possible and may be felt desirable by the treating physician to administer substantial excesses of these peptide compositions.

For therapeutic use, administration should begin at the first sign of viral infection or the detection or surgical removal of tumors or shortly after diagnosis in the case of acute infection. This is followed by boosting doses until at least symptoms are substantially abated and for a period thereafter. In chronic infection, loading doses followed by boosting doses may be required.

Treatment of an infected individual with the compositions of the invention may hasten resolution of the infection in acutely infected individuals. For those individuals susceptible (or predisposed) to developing chronic infection the compositions are particularly useful in methods for preventing the evolution from acute to chronic infection. Where the susceptible individuals are identified prior to or during infection, for instance, as described herein, the composition can be targeted to them, minimizing need for administration to a larger population.

The peptide compositions can also be used for the treatment of chronic infection and to stimulate the immune system to eliminate virus-infected cells in carriers. It is important to provide an amount of immuno-potentiating peptide in a formulation and mode of administration sufficient to effectively stimulate a cytotoxic T cell response. Thus, for treatment of chronic infection, a representative dose is in the range of about 1.0 μ g to about 5000 μ g, preferably about 5 μ g to 1000 μ g for a 70 kg patient per dose.

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Immunizing doses followed by boosting doses at established intervals, e.g., from one to four weeks, may be required, possibly for a prolonged period of time to effectively immunize an individual. In the case of chronic infection, administration should continue until at least clinical symptoms or laboratory tests indicate that the viral infection has been eliminated or substantially abated and for a period thereafter.

The pharmaceutical compositions for therapeutic treatment are intended for parenteral, topical, oral or local administration. Preferably, the pharmaceutical compositions are administered parenterally, e.g., intravenously, subcutaneously, intradermally, or intramuscularly. Thus, the invention provides compositions for parenteral administration which comprise a solution of the immunogenic peptides dissolved or suspended in an acceptable carrier, preferably an aqueous carrier. A variety of aqueous carriers may be used, e.g., water, buffered water, 0.8% saline, 0.3% glycine, hyaluronic acid and the like. These compositions may be sterilized by conventional, well known sterilization techniques, or may be sterile filtered. The resulting aqueous solutions may be packaged for use as is, or lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile solution prior to administration. The compositions may contain pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary substances as required to approximate physiological conditions, such as pH adjusting and buffering agents, tonicity adjusting agents, wetting agents and the like, for example, sodium acetate, sodium tactate, sodium chloride, potassium chloride, calcium chloride, sorbitan monolaurate, triethanolamine oleate, etc.

The concentration of CTL stimulatory peptides of the invention in the pharmaceutical formulations can vary widely, i.e., from less than about 0.1%, usually at or at least about 2% to as much as 20% to 50% or more by weight, and will be selected primarily by fluid volumes, viscosities, etc., in accordance with the particular mode of administration selected.

The peptides of the invention may also be administered via liposomes, which serve to target the peptides to a particular tissue, such as lymphoid tissue, or targeted selectively to infected cells, as well as increase the half-life of the peptide composition. Liposomes include emulsions, foams, micelles, insoluble monolayers, liquid crystals, phospholipid dispersions, lamellar layers and the like. In these preparations the peptide to be delivered is incorporated as part of a liposome, alone or in conjunction with a molecule which binds to, e.g., a receptor prevalent among lymphoid cells, such as monoclonal

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antibodies which bind to the CD45 antigen, or with other therapeutic or immunogenic compositions. Thus, liposomes either filled or decorated with a desired peptide of the invention can be directed to the site of lymphoid cells, where the liposomes then deliver the selected therapeutic/immunogenic peptide compositions. Liposomes for use in the invention are formed from standard vesicle-forming lipids, which generally include neutral and negatively charged phospholipids and a sterol, such as cholesterol. The selection of lipids is generally guided by consideration of, e.g., liposome size, acid lability and stability of the liposomes in the blood stream. A variety of methods are available for preparing liposomes, as described in, e.g., Szoka et al., Ann. Rev. Biophys. Bioeng. 9:467 (1980), U.S. Patent Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728, 4,837,028, and 5,019,369, incorporated herein by reference.

For targeting to the immune cells, a ligand to be incorporated into the liposome can include, e.g., antibodies or fragments thereof specific for cell surface determinants of the desired immune system cells. A liposome suspension containing a peptide may be administered intravenously, locally, topically, etc. in a dose which varies according to, inter alia, the manner of administration, the peptide being delivered, and the stage of the disease being treated.

For solid compositions, conventional nontoxic solid carriers may be used which include, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharin, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, magnesium carbonate, and the like. For oral administration, a pharmaceutically acceptable nontoxic composition is formed by incorporating any of the normally employed excipients, such as those carriers previously listed, and generally 10-95% of active ingredient, that is, one or more peptides of the invention, and more preferably at a concentration of 25%-75%.

For aerosol administration, the immunogenic peptides are preferably supplied in finely divided form along with a surfactant and propellant. Typical percentages of peptides are 0.01%-20% by weight, preferably 1%-10%. The surfactant must, of course, be nontoxic, and preferably soluble in the propellant. Representative of such agents are the esters or partial esters of fatty acids containing from 6 to 22 carbon atoms, such as caproic, octanoic, lauric, palmitic, stearic, linoleic, linolenic, olesteric and oleic acids with an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol or its cyclic anhydride. Mixed esters, such as mixed or natural glycerides may be employed. The surfactant may constitute 0.1%-20% by weight

of the composition, preferably 0.25-5%. The balance of the composition is ordinarily propellant. A carrier can also be included, as desired, as with, e.g., lecithin for intranasal delivery.

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In another aspect the present invention is directed to vaccines which contain as an active ingredient an immunogenically effective amount of an immunogenic peptide as described herein. The peptide(s) may be introduced into a host, including humans, linked to its own carrier or as a homopolymer or heteropolymer of active peptide units. Such a polymer has the advantage of increased immunological reaction and, where different peptides are used to make up the polymer, the additional ability to induce antibodies and/or CTLs that react with different antigenic determinants of the virus or tumor cells. Useful carriers are well known in the art, and include, e.g., thyroglobulin, albumins such as human serum albumin, tetanus toxoid, polyamino acids such as poly(lysine:glutamic acid), influenza, hepatitis B virus core protein, hepatitis B virus recombinant vaccine and the like. The vaccines can also contain a physiologically tolerable (acceptable) diluent such as water, phosphate buffered saline, or saline, and further typically include an adjuvant. Adjuvants such as incomplete Freund's adjuvant, aluminum phosphate, aluminum hydroxide, or alum are materials well known in the art. And, as mentioned above, CTL responses can be primed by conjugating peptides of the invention to lipids, such as P₃CSS. Upon immunization with a peptide composition as described herein, via injection, aerosol, oral, transdermal or other route, the immune system of the host responds to the vaccine by producing large amounts of CTLs specific for the desired antigen, and the host becomes at least partially immune to later infection, or resistant to developing chronic infection.

Vaccine compositions containing the peptides of the invention are administered to a patient susceptible to or otherwise at risk of viral infection or cancer to elicit an immune response against the antigen and thus enhance the patient's own immune response capabilities. Such an amount is defined to be an "immunogenically effective dose." In this use, the precise amounts again depend on the patient's state of health and weight, the mode of administration, the nature of the formulation, etc., but generally range from about $1.0 \mu g$ to about $5000 \mu g$ per 70 kilogram patient, more commonly from about $10 \mu g$ to about $5000 \mu g$ mg per 70 kg of body weight.

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In some instances it may be desirable to combine the peptide vaccines of the invention with vaccines which induce neutralizing antibody responses to the virus of interest, particularly to viral envelope antigens.

For therapeutic or immunization purposes, nucleic acids encoding one or more of the peptides of the invention can also be admisitered to the patient. A number of methods are conveniently used to deliver the nucleic acids to the patient. For instance, the nulceic acid can be delivered directly, as "naked DNA". This approach is described, for instance, in Wolff et. al., Science 247: 1465-1468 (1990) as well as U.S. Patent Nos. 5,580,859 and 5,589,466. The nucleic acids can also be administered using ballistic delivery as described, for instance, in U.S. Patent No. 5,204,253. Particles comprised solely of DNA can be administered. Alternatively, DNA can be adhered to particles, such as gold particles. The nucleci acids can also be delivered complexed to cationic compounds, such as cationic lipids. Lipid-mediated gene delivery methods are described, for instance, in WO 96/18372; WO 93/24640; Mannino and Gould-Fogerite (1988) BioTechniques 6(7): 682-691; Rose U.S. Pat No. 5,279,833; WO 91/06309; and Felgner et al. (1987) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84: 7413-7414. The peptides of the invention can also be expressed by attenuated viral hosts, such as vaccinia or fowlpox. This approach involves the use of vaccinia virus as a vector to express nucleotide sequences that encode the peptides of the invention. Upon introduction into an acutely or chronically infected host or into a noninfected host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic peptide, and thereby elicits a host CTL response. Vaccinia vectors and methods useful in immunization protocols are described in, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,722,848, incorporated herein by reference. Another vector is BCG (Bacille Calmette Guerin). BCG vectors are described in Stover et al. (Nature 351:456-460 (1991)) which is incorporated herein by reference. A wide variety of other vectors useful for therapeutic administration or immunization of the peptides of the invention, e.g., Salmonella typhi vectors and the like, will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the description herein.

A preferred means of administering nucleic acids encoding the peptides of the invention uses minigene constructs encoding multiple epitopes of the invention. To create a DNA sequence encoding the selected CTL epitopes (minigene) for expression in human cells, the amino acid sequences of the epitopes are reverse translated. A human codon usage table is used to guide the codon choice for each amino acid. These epitope-encoding

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DNA sequences are directly adjoined, creating a continuous polypeptide sequence. To optimize expression and/or immunogenicity, additional elements can be incorporated into the minigene design. Examples of amino acid sequence that could be reverse translated and included in the minigene sequence include: helper T lymphocyte epitopes, a leader (signal) sequence, and an endoplasmic reticulum retention signal. In addition, MHC presentation of CTL epitopes may be improved by including synthetic (e.g. poly-alanine) or naturally-occurring flanking sequences adjacent to the CTL epitopes.

The minigene sequence is converted to DNA by assembling oligonucleotides that encode the plus and minus strands of the minigene. Overlapping oligonucleotides (30-100 bases long) are synthesized, phosphorylated, purified and annealed under appropriate conditions using well known techniques. he ends of the oligonucleotides are joined using T4 DNA ligase. This synthetic minigene, encoding the CTL epitope polypeptide, can then cloned into a desired expression vector.

Standard regulatory sequences well known to those of skill in the art are included in the vector to ensure expression in the target cells. Several vector elements are required: a promoter with a down-stream cloning site for minigene insertion; a polyadenylation signal for efficient transcription termination; an *E. coli* origin of replication; and an *E. coli* selectable marker (e.g. ampicillin or kanamycin resistance). Numerous promoters can be used for this purpose, e.g., the human cytomegalovirus (hCMV) promoter. See, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,580,859 and 5,589,466 for other suitable promoter sequences,

Additional vector modifications may be desired to optimize minigene expression and immunogenicity. In some cases, introns are required for efficient gene expression, and one or more synthetic or naturally-occurring introns could be incorporated into the transcribed region of the minigene. The inclusion of mRNA stabilization sequences can also be considered for increasing minigene expression. It has recently been proposed that immunostimulatory sequences (ISSs or CpGs) play a role in the immunogenicity of DNA vaccines. These sequences could be included in the vector, outside the minigene coding sequence, if found to enhance immunogenicity.

In some embodiments, a bicistronic expression vector, to allow production of the minigene-encoded epitopes and a second protein included to enhance or decrease immunogenicity can be used. Examples of proteins or polypeptides that could beneficially

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enhance the immune response if co-expressed include cytokines (e.g., IL2, IL12, GM-CSF), cytokine-inducing molecules (e.g. LeIF) or costimulatory molecules. Helper (HTL) epitopes could be joined to intracellular targeting signals and expressed separately from the CTL epitopes. This would allow direction of the HTL epitopes to a cell compartment different than the CTL epitopes. If required, this could facilitate more efficient entry of HTL epitopes into the MHC class II pathway, thereby improving CTL induction. In contrast to CTL induction, specifically decreasing the immune response by co-expression of immunosuppressive molecules (e.g. TGF- β) may be beneficial in certain diseases.

Once an expression vector is selected, the minigene is cloned into the polylinker region downstream of the promoter. This plasmid is transformed into an appropriate *E. coli* strain, and DNA is prepared using standard techniques. The orientation and DNA sequence of the minigene, as well as all other elements included in the vector, are confirmed using restriction mapping and DNA sequence analysis. Bacterial cells harboring the correct plasmid can be stored as a master cell bank and a working cell bank.

Therapeutic quantities of plasmid DNA are produced by fermentation in *E. coli*, followed by purification. Aliquots from the working cell bank are used to inoculate fermentation medium (such as Terrific Broth), and grown to saturation in shaker flasks or a bioreactor according to well known techniques. Plasmid DNA can be purified using standard bioseparation technologies such as solid phase anion-exchange resins supplied by Quiagen. If required, supercoiled DNA can be isolated from the open circular and linear forms using gel electrophoresis or other methods.

Purified plasmid DNA can be prepared for injection using a variety of formulations. The simplest of these is reconstitution of lyophilized DNA in sterile phosphate-buffer saline (PBS). A variety of methods have been described, and new techniques may become available. As noted above, nucleic acids are conveniently formulated with cationic tipids. In addition, glycolipids, fusogenic liposomes, peptides and compounds referred to collectively as protective, interactive, non-condensing (PINC) could also be complexed to purified plasmid DNA to influence variables such as stability, intramuscular dispersion, or trafficking to specific organs or cell types.

Target cell sensitization can be used as a functional assay for expression and MHC class I presentation of minigene-encoded CTL epitopes. The plasmid DNA is

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introduced into a mammalian cell line that is suitable as a target for standard CTL chromium release assays. The transfection method used will be dependent on the final formulation. Electroporation can be used for "naked" DNA, whereas cationic lipids allow direct in vitro transfection. A plasmid expressing green fluorescent protein (GFP) can be co-transfected to allow enrichment of transfected cells using fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS). These cells are then chromium-51 labeled and used as target cells for epitope-specific CTL lines. Cytolysis, detected by 51Cr release, indicates production of MHC presentation of minigene-encoded CTL epitopes.

In vivo immunogenicity is a second approach for functional testing of minigene DNA formulations. Transgenic mice expressing appropriate human MHC molecules are immunized with the DNA product. The dose and route of administration are formulation dependent (e.g. IM for DNA in PBS, IP for lipid-complexed DNA). Twenty-one days after immunization, splenocytes are harvested and restimulated for 1 week in the presence of peptides encoding each epitope being tested. These effector cells (CTLs) are assayed for cytolysis of peptide-loaded, chromium-51 labeled target cells using standard techniques. Lysis of target cells sensitized by MHC loading of peptides corresponding to minigene-encoded epitopes demonstrates DNA vaccine function for in vivo induction of CTLs.

Antigenic peptides may be used to elicit CTL ex vivo, as well. The resulting CTL, can be used to treat chronic infections (viral or bacterial) or tumors in patients that do not respond to other conventional forms of therapy, or will not respond to a peptide vaccine approach of therapy. Ex vivo CTL responses to a particular pathogen (infectious agent or tumor antigen) are induced by incubating in tissue culture the patient's CTL precursor cells (CTLp) together with a source of antigen-presenting cells (APC) and the appropriate immunogenic peptide. After an appropriate incubation time (typically 1-4 weeks), in which the CTLp are activated and mature and expand into effector CTL, the cells are infused back into the patient, where they will destroy their specific target cell (an infected cell or a tumor cell).

The peptides may also find use as diagnostic reagents. For example, a peptide of the invention may be used to determine the susceptibility of a particular individual to a treatment regimen which employs the peptide or related peptides, and thus may be helpful in modifying an existing treatment protocol or in determining a prognosis for an affected

individual. In addition, the peptides may also be used to predict which individuals will be at substantial risk for developing chronic infection.

The following example is offered by way of illustration, not by way of limitation.

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Example 1

Class I antigen isolation was carried out as described in the related applications, noted above. Naturally processed peptides were then isolated and sequenced as described there. An allele-specific motif and algorithms were determined and quantitative binding assays were carried out.

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Using the motifs identified above for various HLA alleles, amino acid sequences from a number of antigens were analyzed for the presence of these motifs. Tables 3- ** provide the results of these searches.

The above examples are provided to illustrate the invention but not to limit its scope. Other variants of the invention will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art and are encompassed by the appended claims. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are bereby incorporated by reference.

Table 3

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Seguence	Antigen	Molecule
PTPSPTYKAPLSK	HBV	POL
CTLPQEHIVLKLK	HBV	POL
PTFSPTYKAPLCK	HBV	POL
GTLPOSHIVLKIK	HBV	POL
LVVSYVNTNMGLK	HBV	POL
STTDLEAYFEDCLFK	HBV	x
LVVSYVNVNKGLK	HBV	NUC
GTLPQDHIVQKIK	HBV	POL
STSSCLHQSAVRK	HBV	POL
TTVNAHQILPKVLHK	HBV	х
RTPARVTGGVFLVDK	HBV	POL

Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
HTTNFASK	HBV ayw	
FTPSPTYK	HBV ayw	
PTYKAPLCKOY	HBVayw	
CTTPAQGTSMY	HBVayw	
PTSCPPTCPGY	HBVayw	
PSQFSRGNY	нвVауw	
LMPLYACIOSK	HBVayw	
RVTGGVFLVDK	HBVayw	POL
HTLWKAGILYK	HBVayw	
QTRHYLHTLWK	HBVayw	
GTDNSVVLSRK	HBVayw	
SYVNTNMGLKF	HBVayw	
LYSILSPF	HBVayw	
WYWGPSLYSIL	HBVayw	
LYSILSPFLPL	HBVayw	
PYKEFGATVEL	HBVayw	
CTWMNSTGFTK	HCV	
MYVGDLCGSVF	HCV	
VYLLPRRGPRL	RCV	
ITKIQNPRVYY	HIV	
KVYLAWVPAHK	HIV	
KMIGGIGGFIK	HIV	
IVASCDRCQLK	HIV	
RVKQWPLTEEK	HIV	
TVNDIQKLVGK	HIV	
DVKQLTBAVQK	HIV	
AVVIQUESDIK	RIA	ļ
MIAGIAÖRDEK	HIV	
VTVYYGVPVWK	ніч	
LTEDRWNKPQK	HIV	
ATDIOTKBLOK	HIV	
OTKELOKOITK	HIV	

Semence	Antigen	Molecule
Sequence		HOLGCULE
WTVQPIVLPBK	HIV	
QVPLRPMTYK	HIV nef	
	73-82	
QVPLYPMTPK	HIV nef	
	73-82	
VPLRPMTYK	HIV nef	
	74-82	
AVDLYHFLK	HIV nef	
	64-94	
AVDLSHFLK	HIV nef	
	84-94	
ATLYCVHQR	HIV, p17,	
	82-90	
RLRDLLLIV	HIV-1 NL43	
	768-776	
RLRDLLLIVTR	HIV-1 NL43	
	768-778	
RLRDYLLIVTR	HIV-1 NL43	
	768-778	
LRDLLLIVTR	HIV-1 NL43	
	769-778	
QIYQEPPKN LK	HIV-1 RT	
	507-517	
AVPIHNPK	HIVcon	
RTIMAWVK	HIVcon	
BTAYPILK	HIVcon	
RLRPGGKKK	HIVgag	
	p17/2	<u> </u>
KIRLRPGGKK	RIVgag	
	p17/2	
KIRLRPGGK	HIVgağ	
	p17/2	
BTTDLYCY	HPV16	E7
GILGIVCPICSOK	нру16	E7

	Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
	LMGTLGIVCPICSQK	HPV16	E7
	AVCDKCLK	HPV16	E6
	PYAVCDKCLKF	HPV16	E6
	HYCYSLYGTTL	HPV16	E6
	FYSRIREL	HPV16	E6
	TLEKLTNIGLY	HPV18	E6
	KTVLELTEVFEFAFK	HPV18	E6
	TMLCMCCK	HPV18	E7
	NTSLQDIEITCVYCK	HPV18	E6
)	BVFBFAFK	HPV18	E6
į	KOSSKALOR	Leukemia	ЬЗА2 СМІ
	atgfkossk	Leukemia	рза2 CMI
	HSATGFKOSSK	Leukemia	b3A2 CMI
	FKQSSKALQR	Leukemia	þ3A2 CMI
5	VTCLGLSY	MAGE1	
	ITKKVA DLVGF LLL K	MAGE1	
	LVGFLLLK	MAGE1	
	VTKABMLESVIKNYK	MAGE1	
	TSCILESLFR	MAGE1	<u> </u>
o	NYKHÇFPBI	MAGE1	
	SYVLVICL	MAGE1	
	RIDDIRHTA	MAGEL (a)	
	ETDPTSHLY	MAGE1 (a)	
	ETDPTSNTY	MAGE1 (a)	
5	ETDPTSHVY	MAGR1 (a)	
	ETOPTSHSY	MAGEL(a)	
	ETDPASHTY	MAGEL (a)	
	BVDPTSHTY	MAGEL (a)	
	ETOPTGHTY	MAGEL (a)	
10	BTDRTSHTY	MAGEL (a)	
	BADPTSHTY	MAGEL (a)	
	etvptshty	MAGE1 (a)	1

Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
ETDPTSHTY	MAGE1	
	consensus	
BIDPIGHSY	MAGE1 T(a)	
MFPDLESEP	MAGE2	
TTINYTLWR	MAGE2	
Vipskasey	MAGE2	
LVHPLLLKY	MAGE2	
LVHFLLLKY	MAGB2	
LVHPLLLKYR	MAGE2	
PVIPSKASEY	MAGE2	
STTINYTLAR	MAGE2	
AARAABIRH	MAGE2	
EYLQLVFGI	MAGE2	
IPSKASEYL	MAGB2	
SPSTTINYTL	MAGE2	
LYILVTCLGL	MAGE2	
PATCIGLSY	MAGE3	
VVGNWQYFFPVIFSK	MAGE3	
LIIVLAIIAR	MAGE3	
YPPPVIPSK	MAGE3	
NWQYFFPVI	MAGE3	
NWQYFFPVIF	MAGE3	
IFSKASSSL	MAGR3	
EVDPTSNTY	MAGB41	
RYPLTPGWCY	nef/182	
RYPLTFGWC	nef/182	
ATOIPSYK	PAP	<u> </u>
LTELYPEK	PAP	
HSPPHPLY	PSA	
TORPALGITCY	PSA	
VTKPNLCAGRWTGGK	PSA	
HVISNOVCAQVHPQK	PSA	

0

Seguence	Antigen	Molecule
LYDMSLLKNRF	PSA	
ETDPTGHSY	T2 analog o	E MAGE-3

1 Section	1,0041	1.1142		1,07%	1.0712	Ö	igg igg		Ē	- E	- ig	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1,0296	300	ē	1201		- E	TEN.	ij	- 1	1.03%	1060	ig	1.0724	100	EEGT!	SLOD!	1.0217	1,0249		10017	į,	j.	Į.	1000	Pepilde
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3,11	Ξ.	<u>.</u>	<u>بر</u> =	1.1	3.11	2.2	3.11	3,11	3,11	3 .	<u>1</u>	2	3.II	3.11	1	111	3,11	=	22	3,21	11.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- <u> </u>	-;	- <u>·</u>	-	Motif
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012	Z .	ا.	8	2	20	36	8	Ē		0000	1600	ADB	2	8	٤	وع	200	g	8	ş			ĝ	A COR		ŝ	ğ	•	٥				200	ĝ	-		AII
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Table 4

F	088	0.0009			3,11	747			o-ERB2	គ	KIPVAIKUL	1.1139
-	•	201			3,11	8			0-E383	Б	CLACHQUEAR	
	0.013	200			3,11	217			• ex82	В	RTVCACCCAR	1.1129
F	B	State			311	ន			eERB2	B	CILLIKERDOK	1,0725
-	Bas	6000			3,11	669			e-ERB2	8	WESTER	1.1127
F	2002	8			3,11	%			c-ERB2	10	CAVECSECAK	1.0726
	0.033	acos			3.5	£			c-EKB2	10	CWPCILIKE	1.136
T	0.023	20072			3.11	97	-		c-ERB2	10	LYSEPSRMAR	1.1143
	Oans	200		!	3.11	¥	! !		c-ERB2	10	ILKCGYLIQR	1.112
<u>. </u>	0.073	0.0035	:	!	<u></u>	42			c-ERB2	9	INTYPWDQLFR	112
	8	0.017	:	:	 =	423			c-ERB2	ಕ	SVRQNLQVIR	1.1131
	0.0072	200	:		. <u>.</u> .	3			CERR2	5	VLVKSPNIVK	1.0745
	21	0.087			3.11	713			c-EKH2	8	RILLEURK	1,0231
A X	AII	A32	A2.1	A1	Motif	Pos.	Molecule	Strain	Virus	*	Sequence	Peptide

	_		_	_	_	-	_	_	
1.1124	1,060	1.0297	1.101.6	1.0293	1.0683	1,0681	1.0295	.039 2	Pepiide
CIALAIROCR	XTABV4INLD	XLMATONIV	RETINATER	CAPANCESK	CIMANDAMA	PUGEADYFEY	PLRESIVCY	VCEADYFEY	Sequence
ಕ	5	•	•	9	10	10	9	9	*
EBNAI	EBNAI	EBNAI	EBNAI	EBNAI	EBNAI	EBNAI	EBNAI		Virus
									Strain
									Molecule
523	8	828	514	ĸ	50	2	553	\$	Pos.
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0.0025	0.010	2045	£	020					A3.2
0.056	0.21	0024	0.12	261					All
									A24

2.15					24	38	N.P	A	ШR	В	TRANDMOLET	5.0112
0.031					24	218	Ą	*	Щ	•	TINDMESAW	5006
29					24	39	Ą	٨	HL HL		TELEMENT	1909
	Otto	0.00014			٢	65	No.	•	ALL	Б	RECENSIVER	SOIOI
	0	0.012			w	Ħ	Z	>	FLU	15	BSRYWADETR	SONOS
	9100	200			3	326	Ž	٨	J.	5	ANSTITUTES	SOLOS
	9900	0.019			3	23	Ą	*	P.U	Б	RSGAAGAAVK	ZOTOS
	6	2			3	25	7	A	ЯW	15	MAYSORTIC	9600%
	20039	0.50			3	31	N ₂	>	, AM	ю	KMIDGIGRPY	5,0095
	g	0.12			3	165	Ą	^	FLU	5	SLMQCSTLFR	5.0104
	0.024	0.0028			3	200	Z,	A	ma.	9	CINDRATWR	5.0012
	0.030	0.0031			w	40	¥	>	FLU	9	MOMOTELK	5.0054
	0.041	0,000,6			3	66	Z	٨	FW	9	MYLSAFDER	5.0019
	0,000,0	0.059			3	32	27	*	FW	9	MIDGIGRPY	S.DOLO
	o B	201			w	ī	z	Þ	FLU	9	LINGCSTLPR	5.0016
	0.062	0.27			w	21	Z	A	FLU	9	RMCNILKCK	1500.5
	0.0037	1.5			w	85	Z	A	FLU	9	ILROSVAHK	\$00M
				0020	_	Ħ	Z	>	FW	9	STLELRSRY	3,0006
				3.6	1	Î	Ž,	>	J.	•	CLETKTEDA	3,0005
A24	A11	A3.2	A2.1	A1	Motif	Pos.	Molecule	Strain	Virus	*	Sequence	Pepiide

2.0231	1.0542	202	1,0774	ŽÍŽÍ.	150	2023	1.02.1	2006	1.0006	1.0766	2.0241	1.0556	20042	16291	1004	3.0216	1,091	20239	1,0515	l CEST	20121	20124	20115	1.0378	1.0174	20119	20113	20120	20127	1.0166	1,032	1.0208	2.0126	2.0175	1.0186	1.0155	Pepiide
TSCPPICPGY	HTLWKACILY	AMSLODVALL	MLMCMDIDPY	BSASPOCSPY	PLIXQYUALY	HSASPOCSPY	PLOKGIOTY	ANINBELSET	TTPAQGTSMY	LODPRVEALY	KIRCEKLALY	KLINGSKIHLY	ФИНТИВЕРОНО	KTACKICHTA	XTACKICHTA X	CLECKNIHITA	ATHUNDOON	MAYSACTST	LLDPRVBCLY	DILDYASALY	S753DBNY	PSINCHICLY	ASROLANSA	ALXATIONIS	PLDKCKPY	QSAVEKEAY	PSSWAFAKY	PEQREGON	MEPTOLEAY	KNCHFTCLY	LIKOMUNLY	PTIGRISLY	MSTTDLEAY	PTTCRTSLY	SLDWSAAFY	MUDTASALY	Sequence
16	5	10	ಕ	8	5	5	16	10	15	5	20	10	10	10	16	10	16	10	10	10	9	9	•	,	9	9	9	9	9	9	•	9	9	•	9	9	*
HBV	ABH	A8H	ASH	ASH	ASH	ABH	ASH	ATH	HBV	ABH	ABH	ASH	ABH	ABH	ABH	ABH	ABH	HBV	ABH	MBY	HBV	HBV	HBV	MBM	HBY	, HBA	ABH	ABH	ASH	ABH	1984	ABH	HBV	FIBV	ABI	ABH	Virus
edr	1 4	apur 'unqu	adw.	ads/adw	wbs.	whe	adr	B.	84	whe	ade	ade	syw	adw	aday	syru	ade	AIT.	8 4	8	E.	adr/adw	974	RC#	4	adw	adw/	wife	adw	ads	adw	ed.	ad.	λL	Ę	a.	Strain
	ğ		CORE		POL		ع		S.	2		2		₽ P		ğ	POL		PAG BA	CORR				2	ğ					PQL	PQ	ğ			TCN.	COME	Molecule
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÷	-	¥ 2	3			104	3 2	CAMPIEGE III	2010.0
•	-	=	3: 8		BOW	190	ā	LYAAVIVOLL	20182
+	İ	Ţ	9		ALL.	ABH	5	LYSHPRECE	20181
t	İ	T	3		eyw	HBV	•	SYCHERELL	2,000.3
İ			1,085		mke	HBV	9	LYQTFGRKL	2.0054
 		2	131	NUCXNUCTUS		HBV	9	AYEFFNAFI	5.0062
 		2	1221		ALL	HBV	9	GYPALMPLY	2.0060
Ė	İ	T	7,		ed.	HBV	9	HYFKTRHYL	2.0067
 	<u> </u>	2	72.5		adw/ayw	HBV	•	HYPOTRHYL	2.0050
T		×	18		mete	HBV	9	NYRVSWPKF	2.0051
İΤ		×	86		a.t.	HBV	9	TAKETINAT	2,0038
<u> </u>		2	SK.		a de	HBV	9	LYSSTVPVL	2.0044
t	İ	2	K		B744	HBV	•	LYGILSPA	2.0039
		24	22		wbs	HBA	•	PYPAVISYL	2,0049
Ĺ	r	2	28		Sper	HBV	•	PYPKYTKYL	2.0068
T		2	8		adw/ayw	HBV	9	LYSSTVP	2,0015
		24	689		adr	HBV	•	PYPALTKYL	2,0046
H		×	1,169		adw	ABA	9	TANAAVAT	20059
		24	סבגיו		≯ L	HBV	•	TIMEGIAN	20061
		111	1532	,¥.	adar	HBV	9	XXXVBTGLA	2006
		13	1263	ZQ.	- uyu	HBV	9	PHYMPICK	200
		3	SES.	ξĘ.		ABH	ಕ	TSAJCSWAR	20108
		3	1,123		ALL	ABH	ğ	AVSTANDONA	2006
		3	1083	β	8778	HBV	5	TENDROIN	2001
		3	665	ZZ ZZ		ABH ,	5	MARKINGYD	BIOS
		3	295		mile	HBV	Б	SMYSCCCTK	2,0235
		3	295		adr/adw	HBV	ŭ	SMIPPSCCCTX	20034
		3	1197	JQL	ayw	HBV	10	SLAGEMEROK	2009
		3	8	702	ayes	1187	•	HITHOGHIKK	2,007
		u	ន	ğ		1184		SAICSVVER	Š
		u	EK7	2	make	VB1 }	6	CLHQSPYRK	2000
<u> </u>		<u></u>	נה		ayw	V811	9	IMPARFYPK	2.0116
 !		۳	Ž	JCF	ayes	V814	9	LLYOTFCRK	2,0089
i	0.015	-	igg S	5	ed,	Igv	5	MITAMIN	10910
	9100	-	1,161		arps	A811	9	KZYQHESIY	3026
A21	<u>^</u>	Motif	Pos.	Molecule	Strain	Virus	**	Sequence	Peptide

1.1012	6120'!	1.0978	1.0902	1.0165	£6601	1.0977	1.0805	1.0976	1.0972	1.0199	1007		1.0980	POENT	1017	ELZOI	1210.1	1.1061		1.0197	1,0991	1.03.5	1,0987		1,080.1	1,0215	1.0067	1,0176	(CEST)	ECED!	1.0199	1.037	5.0115	20171	202	20176	Peptide
RI VLQTSTR	PVLCCCRHK	RI-VFQTSTR	TLYKTICE	NHIMESON	KAPALGCCK	RALIDICALTI	RLKLIMPAR	AVNHYFKTR	RLADECLNR	PLYACIQSK	AMMINACIK	PLYACIQAK	MERCENTAN	CTHOSAVEK	LIXYURLDK	CALTACTHE	STISTGECK	MAHAMA	TVNENSKIK	MACHERIA	ALRFISARR	STANDOLCRIX	HLYPVAROR	PIYKAFLTK	XXTITISAL	THOLEANER	XANESAALS	SHATHUL MK	ALKAUNDK	TAXINCEK	LLYKTFGRK	YVSLMILLYK	NALISLCIFIL	CYRWMCLERF	AYEPMAPIL	AHRATEGAL	Sequence
9	9	9	•	9	9	•	6	9	•	9	9	9	6	6	6		6	9	6	9	6	6	9	9	•	9	•	9	9	9	9	9	10	ō	5	10	*
¥igv	HBV	ABA	ABH	ABH	ABH	ABH	ASH	ASH	ABH	ASH	ABH	ABH	ABH	MBH	ABH	ABH	HBV	ABH	HBV	ABA	ABH	ABH	HBV	HBV	ABH	WBH.	МВИ	ABH	HBV	HBV	A8H	H8V	VBH.	ABIL	1184	VBII	Virus
adw	Ē.	2	Ę	2	ads	actr	400	Ę.	edir	Ş.	By W	wbs	actr the	ndw	actr	E	8 -	adw	act as	adı*	ada a	adw .	ade	ediu	adr	ad,	wbs	edr	ndw/	ndw W	actr	acles		ALL	AL.	oyu.	Strain
LOT	×	33.	2	2	×	ğ	ξ	ğ	ğ	ğ	CORE	2	2	ß	ğ	×	Đ	PQ.	ğ	ZQ.	서	ANG	20	ğ	2	×	Z,	2	TOL	ρ	වූ	201	200			:	Molecule
*	5	Ķ	ŝ	2	Ē	g	B	2	ş	1220	8	ğ	8	8	8	1505	3	745	200	1197	1688	8	1257	121	<u>ĕ</u>	1523	8	ž	72	Ê	ğ	9	ន	Ĕ	ಜ	3	Pos.
3,11	<u>سر،</u> =:	3.	3.11	<u></u>	2	Ξ	=	=	3.2	12	13.	3.=	2.1	2	2	3,11	3,11	3.1	3.11	3,11	3,11	3,11	3,11	3,1	112	3,11	3,11	<u></u>	<u>3</u>	3	3.1	31	24	2	24	:2	Mouf
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			İ	İ					İ																											:	A2.1
200	8	9	9	2	200	5	253	2003	g	2	ğ	018	8	0,72	20099	0.10	201	0.030	2016	2080	9	0.51	ę.	017	0.38	20008	<u>6</u>	12	0.014	2.5	5.0	0.31			ĺ		A12
0.0002	5	2000	0.0015	000	200	400	2002	200	ŝ	0.015	8	9	ş	0.017	g	629	0.39	eg:	0.65	241	20005	2	como	2	22	0.23	283	0.010	ü	26	5.5	2.4					A11
	İ		-																														0.0799	603	002	005	A24

1.0909	1,0293	1.1092	1.0781	1.0935	1.11.43	20210	.; 2 3	1.1099	1.1072	1.1091	1,0581	1.1150	1.0547	1.1152	1.0362	1.0546	1.0789	1.1081	1.0586	1.039	1.0554	10584	1.1153	1.0807	1,0563	2,0205	126	1.0989	1.1047	1.0967	1.0961	1,0845	1.1046	1 1045	0,0170	1.1013	Peptide
H	Н	H	1 NALKATATOK	-		O KALKALPIDK	Н	8 CHDNSVVISB	7 TLPETTWEE	Н	1 TANCHOVURK	O RIRTPRIPAR		3 BLCLYSHUS	STOTH TANK	ASSISTING 9	B MITALLACEK	Н	8 INTRODUK	H	H		3 HAPPITCE	-	Н	_	1 TLRQEHIVLK	804THS4AS 6	7 SANSTEDN	Н	Н	Н	Н	S NILYPVARQS	Н	Н	
10	5	5	8	B	10	Ħ	10	Б	5	5	10	Ħ	5	5	15	15	10	15	15	10	10	5	15	10	5	5	10	9	9	9	•	9	9	9	9	۰	٨
1187	1184	VB14	VBH	MBM	ИВИ	HBV	ABH	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBY	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBV	HBV .	HBV	HBV	ABH	MBM	ABH	ABH	ABH	ABH	AEH	ABH	ABH	ABH	ABH	ABH	MBM	ABH	Virus
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1243 1	LIANKINK	1 10 1	PRA		1		T AJI		ii Ja	0.400	
Chair i	MANUEL MINISTER	· 10 i	PEA		i	100	All		No.	0.00	
Y ZOOL I	KAMMAKANK	101	FEA			261			N. POLICE	926	
tam:	VIIONILLADE	· 10	HA			1 100	L XII			0.013	
AUTHOR 1	MURLEPA	9 1	FEA		1	1 118	Recient				

Table 5

Г	1	Antel gan	Strata	Molecule	Prad		Notif	104	803	A11	A24
								Bind.	Bind.	Blad.	Bind.
EDTPIGHLY	6	MAGE3a	-	analog		161	A01	12.5000			
AVDP TCHLY	6	ADOR 3 A	3	analog		191	A01	8.0000			
EVOPIARLY	٥	FMCB3a	F	analog		161	A01	5.5000			
FSPAFONLTT	2	RBR-2/men				1213	A01	5.5000	0.0005	0.0010	
EVDATORLY	6	MACE 34	3	analog		161	A01	5.3500			
EVDPICALT	6	- MAGE3a	3	analog		161	AOI	5.0000			
EVDPICEAT	6	MAGEJA	3	analog		161	A01	4.6500			
ENDPIGHLY	6	HACE 3a	3	analog		161	A01	3.4500			
EVDPTOHLY	6	POGEJA	3	analog		161	A01	2.9500			
EVDPIGHSY	6	NACE 3a	3	analog		161	A01	2.6667			
EVDPACHLE	6	KAGB3a	3	analog		161	AO1	2.4000			
EVDPASKTY	6	KAGE	4			161	A01	1.5000			
PLSEDGLLT	٥	PAP			-	147	A01	1.2000	0.0005	0.0001	
LSAFELHST	6	HCV				2889	A02	0.8100	0.0002	0.0002	
IPSTECTHY	01	PAP		-		277	A01	0.5650			
TASCHLTELT	27	PAP				310	A01	0.5467	0.0003	0.0002	
EVDP IGHTA	6	POC33a	г	analog		161	A01	0.3300			
CHOIAKGHSI	2	HER-2/meu				826	104	0.2967	0.0003	0.0001	
VGSDCTTIHE	2	p53				225	A01	0.2600	0.0003	0.0003	
EVAPIGHLI	6	FROE3a	C	analog		161	701	0.1800			

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		Ant Loan	Strain	Molecule	Pres	Pos.	Motif	X0.1	203	A11	A24
								Blad.	Blod.	Blad.	Blad.
ESHPRERE	2	HEA-2/hea				280	104	0.1800	0.0003	0.0003	
ASCVTACPT	6	HER-2/neu				293	A01	0.0552	0.0008	0.0074	
FSPATDIRLY	٥	HER-2/neu				1213	101	0.0425	0.0002	0.0002	
ASPLOSTFE	٥	HER-2/neu				166	104	0620.0	0.0002	0.0004	
ROTOLFERDS	ន	KER-2/neu				103	201	0.0205	0.0003	5100.0	
PASPLOSTFF	2	HER-2/neu				966	201	0.0148	0.0003	0.0001	
PSOKTYGEST	01	p53				86	3 01	0.0140	0.0003	0.0003	
KSTKVPAAT	٥	RCV				1236	201	0.0134	0.0009	0.0001	
DSSAFCECE	6	HCV				1513	A01	0.0110	0.0002	0.0003	
RISEYRHYCY	01	HPV	16	86		79	A01	0.0000	0.0043	0.0038	·
KLYVSLALL?	70	нву	adw	POL	20	1088	A01	0.0000			
CTRVRAMAI?	10	53				154	A01/03	0.0027	0.0365	0.0002	
LTCGFADLAGT	11	RCV				126	A01/11	2.4500	0.0003	0.0120	0.0001
VRACVOSPY	6	HER-2/neu				773	A01/A03	0.0400	0.0575	0.0079	
THEOTEL	6	RBV	zpr	70£	100	724	A03	0.0017	0.2667	0.0016	
KLAWASQIT	6	RIV		POL		958	803	0.0070	0.1160	0.0008	
LVGFLLLKY	6	PENCE1	1			109	A03	0.0033	0.0563	0.0012	
LERGISPAT	6	HBV	edr	35	90	1345	A03	0.0017	0.0440	0.0002	
RVLOGLPRET	2	RER-2/mm				545	203	0.0015	0.0350	0.0050	

Table 5

Removed	1	Antioan	Strain	Molecule	Ę	į	Rotif	A01	A03	A11	724
								Bind.	Bind.	Blad.	Biod.
OLVIOLAPI	6	HER-2/neu				366	A03	0.0024	0.0112	0.0039	
CLER LVRAY	6	HIV		OND		274	A03	0.0017	0.0103	0.0002	
LLGDNGVAPR	97	KNOE2	2			182	A03		0.0093	0.0014	
QVRDQAEHLA	2	HTV		POL		1419	A03		0.0089	0.0093	
LVSACIRK	80	HIV	COU			1246	A03		0.0091	0.0054	
VTDRGRGK	8	HIV	Con			1153	A03		0.0000	0.0065	
TVPDACALIGR	Ħ	BLA-Aw68 andogenous peptide sequences	d snouabo	ptide seq	uences		A03/11		0.1050	1.3000	
KTOOPITER	6	RLA-Aw68 endogenous peptide sequences	d snouebo	ptide seq	uences		11/60א		0.0340	0.8200	
SLYTRUWRY	6	PSA				237	A03/11	0.0017	0.6750	0.0140	
AVAAVAARA	•	HLA-Aw68 endogenous peptide sequences	od snousbo	ptide seq	rences		A03/11		0.1600	0.0825	
RIGHFRUTY	6	HIV		POL		1474	203/11	0.0056	0.1190	0.1350	
EPLESVIKNTE	11	NAGB1				127	R03/11		0.0087	0.0039	
EVAPPETHER	10	representation of the section of the	d snousbo	sptide seq	aaucea		A11	•	0.0008	0.0575	
BTREFLLE	8	HIV	consensus			1351	A11		0.0037	0.0425	
RWILLALL	6	EER-2/neu				8	A24				1.2567
PYVSRLLGI	6	HER-2/neu				780	A24				0.1650
VYHINVRON	6	HER-2/neu				951	A24	-			0.1640
Arsetigge	6	HER-2/neu				440	A24				0.1250
SIGNIAMEL	6	HER-2/neu				907	A24				0.1200
LIISAWPOSL	10	HER-2/neu				410	A24				0.0835
VASTOVIVA	6	HER-2/neu				908	A24				0.0800

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eduance.	2 2	ADE1980	SCTATO	Strain Molecule Freq	2	ė	11204	AUL	2		
								Blad.	Bind.	Bind.	Blad.
STGUTWELK	10	HER-2/neu				406	A24				0.0630
greater	6	BCV				1777	A24				0.0475
TTLPTRASE	6	RER-2/neu				63	A24			·	0.0375
ETLYBFGVVI	10	ASH		NUC	90	117	A24				0.0335
KFILCAGRW	6	PSA				190	N24				0.0305
WFHISCLTP	6	HBV		RUC	26	102	N24				0.0300
TISTIGREL	6	RCV				1296	A24				0.0225
VYRIHVACKA	10	HER-2/neu				951	A24				0.0218
RFRELVSEP	6	HER-2/neu				896	A24				0.0180
CTGLONEHL	6	HER-2/neu				342	A24				0.0176
gyspogrybe	10	HCV				2614	A24				0.0175
KWALESIL	6	HER-2/neu				887	A24				0.0149
ETLVPQQGFP	1.0	HER-2/neu				1022	A24				0.0120
RYSEDPTVPL	10	RER-2/neu				1111	A24				0.0117
RFTHQSDVW	6	HER-2/neu				868	A24				0.0107

Table 5

Reguence	12	Strata Strata	Not.	Pos.	Notif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
DLVOFILLE	•	-		188	3,11			0.0040	0.0014	
OLVFGIDVA	•	7		152	3,11			0.0019	0.0051	
SLEGRELHUK	2	-		2	3,11			0.015	0.015	
SLFRAVITKK	្ព	7		96	3,11			1.2	0.98	
DLVGFLLLKY	2	1		80 t	# 4	0.0068		0.0069	0.000	
KLESVIKAYK	07	ī		128	3,11			0.14	. 0.027	
WEELSVARVY	2	. 1		215	1	<0.0009		<0.0002	<0.0002	
VYDGREHBAY	S	1		223	1	<0.0009				
LVGFLLLKT	9	1		109	1	0.0033		0.056	0.0012	
LFTCLOLSY	6	1		171	1	0.0084		0.0014	<0.0002	
ALVTCLOLST	10	1		170	1	0.0048	0	0.0013	0.0007	
PLLLKYRAR	6	1/2/3		112	3,11			0.0007	<0.000\$	
PTIINPIRGR	10	1		65	3,11			<0.0002	0.0033	
LVOFLLLKTR	10	1		109	3,11			0.0034	0.0023	
EKYLEYORCR	10	1		246	3,11			<0.0002	0	
ELVHPLLLR	6	2/3		108	3			0.0045	0.0011	
ATGEPRALL	6	1		231	34					0.0007
STALMEGE	10	1		168	24		0.0006			0.0051
EVVPISHLY	6	2		161	1	0.0028		<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
EVVRIORET	6	21		161	-	0.0002				
EVDPASNITY	6	4		161	-	0.0005				
EADPTSHT	6	15/5		161	1	9.6		0.0006	0.0006	0

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Bedrebbe	*	Kage Strain	Wol.	ğ	Notif	14	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
EVDPIGHVY	6	٠		161	1	1.9		<0.0002	<0.0002	0
EMLESVIR	8	1		127	3			<0.0003	0	
LVPCIDVR	8	1		153	3			0.0035	0.0037	
CVOCPSLA	8	1		266	3			<0.0003	0.0063	
VKEVYDGR	8	1		220	3			<0.0003	0.0007	
VQEKYLEY	8	1		244	1	0.0018				
ATCEPRICE	8	1		231	24					0.0017
VKEADPTORST	11	1		159	1	<0.0003				
iasuastishi	11	1		216	1	<0.0003				
BHLESVIRNYK	11	1		127	3		0.0087	0.0039		
EADPTSHTY	9	analog		161	1	0.68				
EVDPTSHTT	6	analog		191	1	1.8				
ENLENCOEN	6	1		14	2.1		0	<0.0002	a	
HSLEGRSLH	9	1		1	3			0.0025	0.0003	
gepgensar	9	1		56	3			0.0004	0	
SAFPITINE	9	1		62	3			<0.0003	0	0.0003
TECTUBELL	6	1		g	3			<0.0003	0	
SCILESLFR	6	1		91	3			<0.0003	0.0026	
LFRAVITER	9	1		97	3			0.011	0.0005	
VOTLELKTR	9			110	3			0.0044	0.0051	
ESVIRNTEH	9	1		130	3			<0.0003	0	
VIKHYRECF	6	1		132	3			<0.0003	0	

Table 5

Chemina	2	Strate Strate	101 .	ě	#01.1.f	A1	A2.1	X3.2	A11	A24
ARESTOTAL	_	1.2		147	3			<0.0003	0	
LODINGIHPK	٥	7		183	1			0.0007	0.0048	
VAINABOOH	٥	-		200	3			<0.0003	0	
YDGREHSAY	٥	1		224	3			<0.0003	0	
LIQUIVQEK	6	1		239	3			<0.0003	0.14	
CGVQCPSLR	6	1		265	3			<0.0003	0.0037	
encesvika?	10	1		127	1	0.0006		<0.0002	<0.0002	0
KENDPTCHSY	10	1		160	1	<0.0005		<0.0002	<0.0002	
ASAPPTEINF	10	1		61	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
APPTTTAPTR	ខ្ព	1		63	3			<0.0003	0.0003	
PITINFIRGR	30	1		65				<0.0003	0.0002	
STECTERSTS	10	1		89	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
CPLLLKPRAR	10	1		111				0.0019	0.0008	
KAEMLESVIR	10	1		125	3			<0.0003	0.0097	
SVIRMYRHUP	10	1		131	m			<0.0003	<0.0002	
Kaseslolvp	30	1		146	Ð			<0.0003	<0.0003 <0.0002	0.0012
DVKEADPTOH	10	1		158	3			<0.0003	<0.0003 <0.0002	
LVHI MRGGH	22	1		199	3			0.0008	0.0005	
TRANSALDER	10	1		218	3			<0.0003	0.012	
VMEVYDORER	10	1		220	6			<0.0003	0.0002	0
TORCRIVIPH	10	1		251	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
SCONGOBELK	10	1		264	e			0.0005	0.0089	

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		26.22				3	100	27.5	A 11	734
Beguence	1	Strata	.102	į	MOCAL					
VPDSDPART	6	1	new	254	1	0.0038				
OVPDSDPAR	6	1	new	254	3			<0.0003	0.0002	
VIKVSARVR	6	1	NBU	284				0.0016	٥	
PSLREMALR	٥	-	NBU	296	3			<0.0003	0	
EPLHOPRAL	٥	7	ngn	264	24					0.0006
ETSTVKVLET	2	1	nev	274	1	0.56				
LUGERYLETR	2	1	new	243	3			0.0008	0.0043	
QVPDSDPART	10	1	new	254	3			0.0014	0.0003	
YVKVLETVIK	2	1	nev	277	3			0.0029	0.0015	
YVIKVSARVR	2	1	new	283	3			0.019	0.000	
RALAETSTVK	2	1	new	270	11			0.18	0.24	
SYVKVLETVI	2		new	276	24					0.036
PPPSLREAR	ខ្ព	1	NBW	294	24					0.0044
SVIKNYK	7	1 8	POL	121	3,11			0.0006	0.0028	
PUTRABALESVIR	13	1 n	93	122	3,11			<0.0003	0	
ETSYVKVLETVIK	13	U T	26	273	3,11			0.0044	0.0003	
ITKKVADLVOFLLLK	31	u 1	POL	102	3,11			0.40	1.0	
VTKARHLESVIKNTR	15	1 11	704	123	3,11			0.024	0.053	
VVCHWQTFFPVIPSR	15	3	TOJ	79	3,11			1.6	0.34	
PRALAETST	6	1	MOU	268	1	<0.0018		<0.0003	<0.000	
PATCLGLST	6	3		171	1	0.038		<0.0003	0.0004	
LEGRSLACK	•	1	MBU	3	£			<0.0002	٥	

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Bernessen	4	Mage.	Fol.	9	Wotif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
A Day Devie	•	-	mer	126	3			<0.0002	0.0011	
TORAL COOK	۰		296	129	3			<0.0002	0.0018	
SEST COMPUTE	·	-	200	216	6			<0.0002	0	
HEVEREN			New Mere	221	3			<0.0002	0	
DECIDARYET	. 0	-	nga	256	3			<0.0002	0	
KVBARVRPP	6		NBU	285	3			0.0005	D	
VSARVROPP	6	,,	ABU	286	3			0.0003	0.0026	
HSPOCASSF	6	2		95	3			<0.0002	0	
TTINTTENE	•	~		99	3			0.089	1.1	
OZEEOPRAF	6	~		83	3			<0.0002	0	
HPPOLESEP	•	2		0.6	3			<0.0002	O	0.014
SEFORAISE	•	2		96	3			<0.0002	0.0001	
EPORAISEK	۰	~		65	3			<0.0002	0.0002	
TABLITTEX	6	2,3		109	3			0.043	0.010	
APIGREVIA	٩	~		126	3			<0.0002	0	
SWLANCOOF	6	~		131	£			<0.0002	٥	
VLRNCODFF	۰	2		132	£			<0.0002	0	
DPPPVIPSK	0	7		138	3			<0.0002	0.0022	
VIPBEASET	6	~		142	3			180.0	0.033	
VVEVVPISH	0	2		159	3			0.0001	0.010	
LCDKOVKPK	L°.	2		183	£			<0.0002	0.0061	
OCHENDER	ŀ	2.3		205	3			<0.0002	0	

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Segmence.	. 2	Rage Strais	Fol.	70	Rotif	14	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A26
QEEECPSTF	٥	9		83	3			<0.0002	0	
128370441	6	3		90	3			<0.0002	0	0.0049
SEPORALSR	6	3		96	3			<0.0002	0	
EPOPALSRK	6	3		97	3			<0.0002	0.0001	
SVVGHNQYP	6	3		131	3			<0.0002	0	
AATOMMOTAL	6	3		132	3			0.0022	0.0021	
TPPPVIPBE	6	3		138	3			0.0020	0.027	
ANIÖTSSY .	6	. 3		147	3			0.0011	0.0089	
HOTAGASET	6	3		159	3			<0.0002	0	
IIVLALLAR	6	3		196	3			0.0069	0.0011	
назтачаба	6	1		244	11			<0.0002	0	
SNOESECPR	6	2		81	11			<0.0002	0	
NYMICTER	6	1	new	13\$	24					4.8
1 POTCHSEST.	9	1	rev	143	24					0.0013
GPLITULUR	6	1	fiew	193	24					<0.0002
IPSRASETL	٥	2		143	24					0.023
ETLQLYFGI	9	2		149	24		٠		·	3.8
I A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	6	3		135	24					0.53
IPSERASSE	6	3		143	24					0.016
Lesyvenket	10	3		129	1	<0.0020		<0.0003	0.0012	
IPATCLOLSY	20	3		170	1	حق.000		0.0005	0.0004	
TSCILESLER	10	1	DBW	90	3			<0.0002	0.015	

			Table 5	B 5						
Secretice	1	Rage	#o1.	908	Notif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
LESVICATOR	2	7	Meu	129	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
REHSAYGEPR	2	-	NBU	227	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
POSOPARTEP	2	_	TIEN	255	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
LETVIKUSAR	2	ī	fiew	280	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
VIKVSARVRE	3	-	MBU	283	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
KVSARVREPP	2	-	ABU	285	3			0.0013	0.0020	
STITINETENR	2	2		68	3			0.0014	0.091	
SSNOSBOOPR	2	2		80	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
RHFPOLESEF	2	2		83	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	0.0016
ESEPOALISE	20	2		98	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
SEPORALBER	10	2		96	3			0.0012	0.0028	
ISRUNATAR	30	2		102	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
VELVHFLLLR	10	2		107	3			0.000	0.0003	
ELVHPLLLKY	10	2,3		108	3			0.0066	0.0003	
LVHFLLLKYR	10	2		109	М			0.026	0.0022	
HFLLLKTRAR	10	2,3		111	3			0.0014	0.0002	
KARMLESVLR	10	2		125	3			<0.0002	0.0009	
ESVLANCOOF	10	2		130	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
SATERICODES	10	2		131	3			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
NCODPRPVIP	10	2		135	æ			<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	
GDPFPVIPSK	10	2		137	B			<0.0002	0.0083	
PVIPSCASET	10	2		141	3			0.016	0.0033	

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Secretain	2	· Mage		30	Rotif	A1	A2.1	33.2	A11	A24
KASEYLOLVP	2	~		146	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	0.0030
EWEWPISH	2	~		158	3			<0.0002 <0.0002	<0.0002	
VEVVPISHLY	2	2		160	3			<0.0002 <0.0002	<0.0002	
11,970,461,57	2	2		170	3			0.0036	0.0002	
LLCDROVAPA	2	2		182	3			0.0093	0.0014	
IBODCAPEER	10	2		204	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
STPPDLESEP	10	3		68	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
RSEPOPALSR	10	. 3		98	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
SEPPALSER	91	3		96	3			0.0010	0.0010	
LSRKVAZLVH	10	3		102	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
ABLVHFLLLK	ot	3		101	3			0.0008	<0.0002	
LVHPLLLKTR	10	3		109	3			0.040	0.0014	
GSVVGNWQXF	01	3		130	E			0.0020	0.0008	
SVVGRWQTFF	01	3		131	9			0.0085	0.0067	
KASSELQLVP	òτ	3		146	3			0.0003	0.0008	0.0021
ELMEVDPIOR	20	3		158	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
KEVDPICHLI	2	3		091	3			0.0004	0.0004	
VDPICHLILE	10	3		162	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
LIIVLAIIAR	10	3		195	3			0.028	0.0021	
RESPONSER	01	£.		204	С			<0.0003	<0.0002	
ROPSECSSER	2	1	ABU	74	11			0.0009	0.0009	
LALVPGIDVR	10	1	WBI	151	11			0.0050	0.0018	

Table 5

Sequence	1	Rage Strain	No1.	Pos.	Hotif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
RQVPDSDPAR	10	1	new	252	11			<0.0003	<0.0002	
HNY PLASOST	10	3	figw	89	11			<0.0003	<0.0003 <0.0002	
OFLIIVLVMI	2	-	new	193	24					0.0008
SPSTTIMITE	2	2		63	24					0.015
BPGAAISRUR	. 10	2		16	24					<0.0002
LYILVTCLGE	10	2 .		168	24					0.014
NAGEFFFULF	30	3		135	24					0.017
AVDPIGHLY	6	. 3	ene log	161	1	8.0				
EADPIGHLY	6	3	analog	161	1	3.5				
EVDPASHTY	6	+		191	1	1.5				
EDTP ICHLY	6	3	analog	161	1	13				
EVDPTGHLY	9	3	analog	161	. 1	3.0				
AADSPSPH	6	2		55	A11					
VPISHLYIL	9	2		170 .	P1					
MPRTGLLII	9	2		196	P1					
SPLEVFEOR	9	2		226	A11					
DSVTARPRIX	9	2		236	A11					
VFARPRILL	9	2		238	A24					
RODLVQBHY	9	2		247	A 01					
DPACTEFLR	9	2		265	P2					
PLHOPRALI	9	2		271	A02					
ALIETSTVR	6	2		277	A03/A11					

Table 5

	Bequence	1	Meye	#61.	Pos.	Hots?	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
	TSTVKVLHH	6	2		281	A11					
	EPHISTPPL	0	2		296	P1					
	ISYPPLHER	٥	2		299	M03/N11					
Ľ	TPPLHERAL	6	2		301	P1					
	EPVTKARHE	6	2/3		128	P1					
	VPOSDPACE	6	2/3		261	22					
	ECLEARGEA	6	3		14	203					
	CLEARGEAL	6	. 3		15	A02					
	EARGEALGE	6	3		1.7	A02					
	ALGLVGAGA	6	3		22	R02/R03					
Ĺ	CLVGAQAPA	6	3		24	A02/R03					
	LVGAGAPAT	9	3		25	A02					
	PATEEGENA	6	3		31	A02/A03					
	EARSSSTL	9	Ð		37	A02					
	ASSSSTLV	9	3		38	A02					
	LVEVTLOSV	9	3		45	A02					
	EVILGEVER	9	3		47	A02/A03					
	VTLGEVPAA	6	3		48	NO2/NO3					
	LPTTHUYPL	9	3		7.1	14					
	POLESEFGA	6	3		9.6	X 03					
	HPLLEKTRA	6	3		118	A03					
	PPFVIFBEA	6	3		146	203					

Table 5

Bequence	Ş	Hage Strain	Rol.	Pos.	Hotif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	724
	6	3		170	P2					
CONCINERA	6	9		191	A03					
MPKAGLL11	6	3		196	P1					
AGLLITULA	6	e		199	A03					
KIWEELSVL	6	3		220	A02					
SVLEVPEGR	6	3		226	A03/A11					
EDSILGDPR	6	3 .		235	A03/A11					
SILODPRIL	6	. 3		237	A02					
ILADPRELL	6	3		238	A02					
FLWGPRALV	6	3		271	A02					
PRALVETSY	6	3_		275	A01					
RALVETSTV	6	3		276	A02					
ALVETSYVR	6	3		277	A03/A11					
LVETSTVKV	6	3		278	A02			·		
YVKYLHIRIV	•	3		283	A02					
KVLEBHVRI	•	3		285	A02 .					
MVK.I SOOPH	5	3		290	A03/A11					
ISCOPHIST	6	3	•	293	A01/A03/A11					
GPHISTPPL	6	3		296	P1					
YPPLHENVL	6	3		301	P1					
VPISHLTILV	2	2		170	P1					
RPKTGLLITV	70	2		196	P1					

A24

A11 A3.2 A2.1 7 A02/A03 A02/A03 A02/A03 A03/A11 Hot 15 203 203 702 A02 A02 203 PQ3 202 A24 **MO1** A24 A11 A24 A24 P 2 **P2** 14 Pos. 230 246 270 274 276 282 30 216 \$ 23 5 17 19 23 24 53 37 7 6 **101** Hage Strain 2/3 m • n ~ 2 ~ 2 ~ N ~ 2 20 ដ 유 2 2 9 2 2 ន 2 20 2 2 10 2 2 2 2 2 吕 2 2 ENSSSTLY BVTLGEVPAA PDPPGSPQCA LPITHMYPLH EARGEALGLY GLVORGAPAT gapateeera EPLHOPRALI RALIETSYVE SYPPLARMA APEEKIWEEL PLEORSORCK HCKPEBGLEA RCENLGLVOA BALGLYGAGA LOLVGAQAPA TLVEVTLOSV HPRILL FODT THEODY VOENT OPRALIETSY SYVKVLAHTL VFEGREDSVF Bednapoe

Table 5

Table 5

Sequence	. 2	Rage Strain	No.1.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
PDLESEPORA	10	3		66	A03					
PPPVIPSKA	10	ε		145	A03					
LODINGINPRA	10	3		190	A03					
HPRAGLLITY	2	3		196	P1					
EVPECREDS1	91	3		229	A02			·		
EDSILEDPICK	10	3		325	R03/A11					
SILOPPICEL	10	3		237	A02					
170DPRELLT	10	8		238	202					
HOLTHON	10	3		240	A03/A11					
DPXXXLTQRF	10	£		241	P2					
LTQHPVQEHY	10	3		246	R01/R03/A11					
PVQENTLETR	1.0	3		250	A03/A11					
ACTEPLHGPR	10	3		267	A03/A11					
GPRALVETSY	10	3		274	72					
RALVETSTVR	10	C		276	A03/A11					
ALVETBYVKV	20	3		277	A02					
LVETSYVKVL	10	3		278	A02					
YVKVLAHHVR	10	3		283	A03/A11					
HVRISCOPRI	10	3		290	A02					
KISCOPHIST	30	3		292	201					
SPPHSPQCA	9	2		9	P2A					
APATERDEA	6	3		30	P2A					

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	1	Strato Strato	# FD1	Pos.	Rotif	AI	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
Koosbodo	1	·		ŝ	P2A					
APATEROOTA	2	2		윢	P2A					
PPOLESETOR	2	2/3		98	P2A					
APATERORA	2	2		30	P2A					
DPIOHEFIFA	2	9		170	P2A					
ENDPTORST	6	1		191	1	0.56	0	٥	0.0002	<0.0002
KVADLVOFLL	ន្ត	-		105		0.0005	0.041	0.0039	0.0030	0.0070
ASSLPTTMIT	2	. 3		8	1	2.3			0.043	
TODITAGEKE	٩	7		240	*	0.57	0.0001	0	0	٥
LVOZKYLEY	٥	1		243	3	016	0	0.0016	0.0098	٥
ILLWOPIPV	0	6				<0.0007	1.4	0.0048	0.0048	0
EVDPIONE	٥	3				3.7			0.0022	
ASSFETTINE	2	2		8	1	0.016	0	0.0016	0.0054	٥
VICIGLEY	•	1		172	1	0.022	0	0.0001	0.0007	0
SSLPTTON	6	3		6	1.	0.037	٥	0.013	0.12	0
GSVVGNWQT	ô	3	•	77	1	0.0059	0	0.000	0.025	0
DLVOERYLET	20	1	MBU	242	E	0	D	0.0010	0	٥
SSFETTINE	6	2		9	1	0.016	0	0.0095	0.056	0
KLESVIKIT	6	1		128	1	0.0016	0.0002	0.0006	0	0
KHVBLVHFL	6	.2				<0.0001	0.13	0.0001	0	0.0043
KAVELVHTL	2	2.		105		c0.0008	0.071	0.0004	0.0001	0.0008
LAPOIELAGY	10	9				0.0030	0.065	0.0007	0	٥

			<u> </u>				•			
Sequence	2	Hage Strain	fol.	Pos.	Rotif	A1	A2.1	33.2	A11	25
SLPRAVITK	٩	1		28	3,11	<0.0007	0.0001	3.9	2.6	٥
ADLVOFILLE	2	-		Ę	3	0.0012	0.0003	0.0081	0.022	٥
ESLFRAVITE	2	-		38	3	<0.0008	0	0.0000	0.0052	0
HLESVIKATE	2	1				0	Ô	0.034	0.0045	0
LVOFLLLR	8	4		109	3	0.0029	0.0002	0.027	0.034	0
TTINFTROR	6	3		99	3,11	0	0	0.051	0.40	٥
LLODNOINPR	2	1/3		182	3,11	<0.000	0.0001	0.022	0.016	٥
SVASVYDGR	6	, 1		219	3,11	<0.0006	0	0.059	0.32	0
HSATOEPER	6	1		229	3	0.0001	0	0.0010	0.0015	0
LLTODLVOER	2	1		238	3,11	<0.000	0	0.0014	0.011	0
LICOLAGER	٥	1		239	3, 11	0.0011	0	0.0002	0.16	o
NYKROPPETP	10	1		135	24	0	0	0	0	0.26
LYIPATCHOL	01	6		115	24	<0.0007	0	90000.0	0	0.0035
REPLABORE	6	6		16	24	<0.0006	0	0	0.0001	0.016
SYVLVTCL	8	1		168	24	0.0029	0.00025	0.0020	0.0002	0.0026
ETSTVKVLET	10	1				0.075	0	0.0009	0.0004	0
LEYVKVLST	6	1		275	3	0.082	0	0.23	0.013	0
FLHOPRALA	6	1				<0.0006	0.027	0.0015	0	ò
ALAETBYVKV	10	1		271		<0.0007	0.017	0.0011	0.0029	0
RVRFFFBELR	10	1		290	3	<0.0007	0	0.25	0.0035	0
ALACTSTVK	6	1				<0.0006	0.0002	0.17	0.39	0
LTGDLVQERY	10	1		239	1	0.041	0	0	0.0002	0

Table 5

			H	Table 5					1
	\$	Strain	#01.	Pos.	Rotif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	
OTLLATO	6	_						0.0004	
CPPEIFORA	6	1						0	
FFFBLACA	6	-						0	
FFFSLREAM	6	1						0	1
HCFPEIFOR	6	1		138	3,11			0.0017	
RSLHCKPEEA	2	1						0.0001	
EFLHOPRALA	2	1						0	
RFFFSLREA	97	, 1						0.0004	
POTOSI SENA	3.0	1						0	

Sequence	Amigen	Strath	Molecule	Position	Motif		A2	A3	All	A24	
						Binding	Binding	Binding	Binding	Binding	
FSPAFDNLYY	c-ErhB2			1213	A01	5.5000		CIKKIS	01(X):0		1
CHOIAKGMSY	c-ErhB2			826	AOI	0.2967		0.0003	CHAIL		0.2967
ESMPNPECRY	c-ErbB2			280	AOI	0.18CK)	<u> </u>	D.CHRIS	0.0003	:	0.18(3)
ASCVTACFY	c-ErbB2			29.3	AGI	0.0552	i 	D.CTXT8	0.(R174		0.0552
FSPAFONLY	c-EilbB2			1213	AUI	0.0425		0.0XHJ2	D.CHXIZ	:	0.0425
ASPLOSTFY	c-FrhB2			766	AGII	0.0250	<u>.</u>	0.0002	6.0804	-	0.0200
RGTOLFEDNY	hB2				AGI	0.0205	!	0.08803	G.Omis		0.0205
PASPLOSTFY	c-FibB2			966	AUI	0.0148	<u>:</u>	CHEND	UCHANI	:	
LSAFSLHSY	<u>.</u>			2889	ABIL	0.8107		O.CH.FIZ	- GINNIS-	:	200
KSTKVPAAY	ICA			12.16	AGI	0.013	:	O.CHKIN	0.000	:	0.013.4
DSSVLCECY	ICV			1513	AOI	0.0110		0.0002	U.CRNI3	•	0.01
ETDPIGHLY	MAGE-3ª	3	analog	191	AOI	12.5000	-				12.5(HI)
AVDPIGHLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	191	AOI	S.(XHX).					S CHAN
EVDPIAHLY	MACIE-3a		amatog	191	AGII	S.5000	:		-		5.5() 11
EVDAIGHLY		3	analog	<u>-</u>	AOI	5.35(11)	:	i i		-	5.35(11)
EVDPIGALY	MACE.3	~	analog	191	AUI	S.CERRO	<u>. </u>		Ì	:	S.(HKH)
EVDPIGHAY	MAGE 3	3	analog	191	AOI	4.65(X)				-	4.65(H)
EADPIGII,Y	MAGE: 3a	3	analog	191	AOI	3.45(11)	<u>. </u>			-	3.45(N)
EVDPTGHLY	MAGE-3a	۳.	goleni	161	AOI	2.95(II)	<u> </u>	l	.	:	2.95(H)
EVDPIGHSY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	ADI	2.6667	:	<u> </u>		-	2,6667
	MAGE-3	3	analog	191	AOI	2.4(KB)	<u> </u>			<u>-</u>	2.4000
1	MAGE-33	3	analog	191	ADI	0.3300	İ			İ	0 33/80
7			analog	191	AGI	0.1880	<u> </u>			:	0.18(X)
_	MAGE-4	4		191	A()	1.5000		•			S(NN)
í	P53			225	AGI	0.2600		0.0003	0.0003	<u> </u>	0.2600
1	23			86	A01	0.0140	<u>, </u>	0.0003	0.0003		0.0140
PLSEDOLLY	PAP			147	AOI	1.20KH)		DUNNIS	O.CHRUI	<u> </u>	1.20m)
-	PAP		İ	277		0.5650				:	0.5650
7	PAP			9	A01	0.5467		0.0003	0.0002		0.5467

										9.64	
Sequence	Amigen	Strain	Molecule	Position		AI	AL	A2-	ALI	754	TIEN.
	!					Binding	Bluding	Binding	Binding	Binding	Binding
RVLOGLPREY	c-ERB2			545	A03	0.0015		0.0350	().(7(1)5()	,	0.0350
	c-ERB2			795	A03	U.(N)24		0.0112	0.0039		0.0112
:	c-ErhB2	!		773	A0.3	0.04(3)		0.0575	0,000 T		0.0575
TIMERGILY	NII	adr	201	724	All.3	0.0017	: !	0.2667	0,000	:	0.2667
LERGTSEVY	IIIV	12	ZY.	1345	- A03	0.00117	; 	0.0.140	0.00x12	:	0.0440
KLIMASOIY	<u> </u>	!	P)C	958	_A03_	07(X).0	i	3.1.0	U.IRRIG		:: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
CLINKIVRMY	<u> </u>	l i	GAG	27.1	A03	0.0017	!	0.0103	() (HR)2	!	0.0103
I,VGFLLLKY	NAGE-1	-	:	3	A03	0.(8)33	: :	0.0563	G.(N) 12		0.056.1
GTRVRAMAIY	p53		!	ば	Aii3	0.(X)27	i	0.0365	0.0AH)2		0.0365
KIONFRVYY	<u>.</u>	!	Ę	17.7	AUVAII	(I.(X)56	İ	5	0.1350		0.1350
SLYTKVVHY	FSA		:		AUVAII	U.(3)17	!	0.6750	0.0140		0.6750
LTCGFADINGY	1.CV	1.		126	AII	2.450KD		0.0003	0.0120	(F.IXII)	2.45(X)
ETAYFLLK		g		1351	AII.		İ	0.0037	0.0425		0.0425
RWGLLLALL	c-ErhB2		!	ioc	A24			!		1.2567	1.2567
PYVSRLLGI	c-ErbB2	i		780	A24		-		• • • • • •	0.1650	0.1650
VYMIMVKCW	c-ErhB2		İ	951	- A24			:	:	979	- 1645 -
AYSI, TLOGI,	c-ErhB2	İ	!	7	A24					0.1250	0.1250
SYGVTVWEL	c-ErrhB2			2116	A24					0.12031	0.1200
I.YISAMPDSI,	c-ErhB2			2	A24					0.0835	0.0835
i	c-Erhis			25.5	_A24_					0.080.0	0.0800
Σ	c-ErhB2	į	i !	717	A24					11.116.30	0.0630
TYLPTNASL	c-ErhB2			63	A24					19,01375	0.0375
Į	c-ErhH2			951	A24					0.0218	0.0218
RFRELVSEF	c-ErhB2			968	A24					88.0	08111.0
CYGLGMEHL	c-ErhB2			342	A24					0.0176	0.0176
KWMALESIL	c-ErhB2			200	A24					0.0149	0.0149
EYLVPOOGFF	c-Ering2		i	1022	A24			•	•	0.0120	0210.0
RYSEDPTVPL	c-ErbB2	•		=	A24					7110.0	0.0117
RFTHQSDVW	c-ErbB2			898	A24					0.0107	0.0107

Table

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	Anthon	Strain	Strain Molecule Position	Position	Mag:	¥	AZ	A3	AII		.K. 2.2.
and manage						Bindine	Binding	Binding	Binding	Blnding	Binding
										26617.0	0.01226
	291		JIN	-	A24					CUCAN	CCCA
EYLVSFGVW1	AGI		2							AZ C	AMERICA
1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Auti		こえ	102	A24					ווייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	
NET TO THE PARTY	1				!					377	0.1475
AJH JUBICA INC	2			1777	A24						
ביייים ביייים ביייים		1					:			0.0225	(1,1)225
TYSTYCKFL	<u></u>			0671	17V		:		1		
		-		2614	424						CEE
OYSPGORVEF INC.	ر = د			1107						3050	2000
	1 4 2	:		<u> </u>	A24		C(RR)()			CIETA	CONT. IN. CO
一大子はことなる大学	<u> </u>										

Table 6

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	GLNKIVRMY	HIV GAG 274
9	KLNWASQIY	HIV POL 958
9	KIQNFRVYY	HIV POL 1474
9	TLWKAGILY	HBV adr POL 724
9	ILRGTSFVY	HBV adr POL 1345
9	SLYTKVVHY	PSA 237
9	NTSSSPQPK	p53 311
9	NVKIPVAIK	c-ERB2 745
10	TLGFGAYMSK	HCV LORF 1261
10	GTRVRAMAIY	p53 154
10	EAYSPVSTSK	HBV edw POL 887
9	QTTKIQNFR	HIV POL 1471
9	NITGLILTR	HIV ENV 2633
9	FLWEWASVR	HBV adr ENV 324
9	RTPSPRRRR	HBV adr CORE 549
9	SLARGNQGR	HBV adr POL 805
10	VAYQATVCAR	HCV LORF 1587
10	KTYQGSYGFR	p53 101
9	WMCLRRFII	HBV ayw 237
9	WMCLRRFII	HBV ayw 237-245
9	KFMLCAGRW	PSA 190
10	(MPKTGFLI)	MAGE 1 188
8	ETAYFLLK	HIV con 1351
11	LTCGFADIMGY	HCV 126
9	CSPHHTALR	HBV
<u></u>		NUC;KNUCFUS 48
9	VMPKTGLLI	MAGE 2 188
,	VMPRTGLLI	MAGE2 188-196
9	VAELVHFLL	MAGE 3 106
9	DAPKAGLLI	MAGE 3 188
10	VMPKTGLLII	MAGE 2 188
10	VMPKTGLLII	MAGE2 188-197

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	ASCVTACPY	c-ErbB2 293
9	VMAGVGSPY	c-ErbB2 773
9	ASPLOSTFY	c-ErbB2 997
9	FSPAFDNLY	c-ErbB2 1213
9	KSTKVPAAY	HCV 1236
9	DSSVLCECY	BCV 1513
9	LSAPSLHSY	HCV 2889
9	PLSEDQLLY	PAP 147
9	YAVCDKCLK	HPV 16 E6 67
9	CMSCCRSSR	HPV 16 E6 143
9	RWGLLALL	c-ErbB2 8
9	TYLPTNASL	c-ErbB2 63
9	CYGLGMEHL	c-ErbB2 342
9	AYSLTLQGL	c-ErbB2 440
9	PYVSRLLGI	c-ErbB2 780
9	KWMALESIL	c-ErbB2 687
9	RFTHQSDVW	c-ErbB2 898
9	VWSYGVTVW	c-ErbB2 905
9	SYGVTVWEL	c-ErhB2 907
9	VYMIMVKCW	c-ErbB2 951
9	RFRELVSEF	c-ErbB2 968
9	WFHISCLTF	HBV NUC 102
9	TYSTYGKFL	HCV 1296
9	QYLAGLSTL	HCV 1717
10	IPSYKKLIMY	PAP 277
10	RGTQLFEDNY	с-ЕгъВ2 103 .
10	ESMPNPEGRY	c-ErbB2 280
10	CMQIAKGMSY	c-ErbB2 626
10	PASPLOSTFY	c-ErbB2 996
10	FSPAFDNLYY	c-ErhB2 1213
10	PSQKTYQGSY	b23 &8
10	VOSDCTTIHY	pS3 225
10	YASCHILTELY	PAP 310
10	LYISAWPDSL	c-ErbB2 410
10	LYISAWPDSL	c-ErbB2 410

9 PYIACRTSI LCMV micho 314 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155				τ	
10	SBC		A	QUENCE	SOURCE
10 EYLVPQQGFF	SYI		0	VGVTVWELM	c-ErbB2 907
10 RYSEDPTVPL c-ErbE2 1111 10 EYLVSFGVWI HBV NUC 117 10 QYSPGQRVEF HCV 2614 9 VYNFATCGI LCMV glyco 35 9 GYCLTKWMI LCMV glyco 35 9 MFEALPHRI LCMV glyco 7 9 IFALISFLL LCMV glyco 43 9 LFKTTVNSL LCMV glyco 43 9 LYTVKYPNL LCMV micleo 204 9 PYIACRTSI LCMV micleo 204 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 EWCIPWQRL CEA 10 10 GYCHWMIL CEA 10 10 YPIASILI CEA 10 10 LYGPDAPTI CEA 318 10 LYGPDAPTI CEA 355 10 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 10 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 10 TYYRPGVNL CEA 652 10 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 10 TWOQYWQFL GB100 152	VY		0	YMIMVKCWM	c-ErbB2 951
10 EYLVSFGVWI HBV NUC 117 10 QYSPGQRVEF HCV 2614 9 VYNFATCGI LCMV glyco 35 9 GYCLTKWMI LCMV glyco 283 9 MFEALPHII LCMV glyco 7 9 IFALISFLL LCMV glyco 43 9 LFKTTVNSL LCMV glyco 43 9 LYTVKYPNL LCMV glyco 342 9 PYIACRTSI LCMV micleo 204 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 EWCEPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 316 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	EY		0	YLVPQQGFF	c-ErbB2 1022
10 QYSPGQRVEF HCV 2614 9 VYNFATCGI LCMV glyco 35 9 GYCLTKWMI LCMV glyco 263 9 MFEALPHII LCMV glyco 7 9 IFALISFIL LCMV glyco 43 9 LFKTTVNSL LCMV glyco 342 9 LYTVKYPNL LCMV micleo 204 9 PYIACRTSI LCMV micleo 314 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 10 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 318 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152	RY		0	YSEDPTVPL	c-ErbB2 1111
9 VYNFATCGI LCMV glyco 35 9 GYCLTKWMI LCMV glyco 283 9 MFEALPHII LCMV glyco 7 9 IFALISFLL LCMV glyco 43 9 LFKTTVNSL LCMV glyco 342 9 LYTVKYPNIL LCMV glyco 342 9 PYIACRTSI LCMV glyco 204 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 LYPNASILI CEA 10 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 318 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 624 0 TYACFYSNI CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	EY		0	YLVSPGVWI	HBV NUC 117
9 GYCLTKWMI LCMV glyco 283 9 MFEALPHII LCMV glyco 7 9 IFALISFLL LCMV glyco 43 9 LFKTTVNSL LCMV glyco 342 9 LYTVKYPNL LCMV micleo 204 9 PYIACRTSI LCMV micleo 314 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 0 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 674 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	QY		0	YSPGQRVEF	HCV 2614
9	VY		,	YNFATCGI	LCMV glyco 35
9	GY		,	YCLTKWMI	LCMV glyco 283
9	MI)	ATEALPHII	LCMV glyco 7
9 LYTVKYPNIL LCMV macieo 204 9 PYIACRTSI LCMV macieo 314 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASLLI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	(F.		•	FALISFLL	LCMV glyco 43
9 PYIACRTSI LCMV micho 314 10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	LF		•	FKTTVNSL	LCMV glyco 342
10 GYCLTKWMIL LCMV glyco 283 10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASLLI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	Li		,	YTVKYPNL	LCMV mucleo 204
10 AYLVSIFLHL LCMV glyco 446 9 RWCIPWQRL CEA 10 9 IYPNASLLI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	P		9	YIACRTSI	LCMV nucleo 314
9 PWCIPWORL CEA 10 9 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW EP100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL 8p100 155	GI	0	10	SYCLTKWMIL	LCMV glyco 283
9 IYPNASILI CEA 101 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	A	0	10	AYLVSIFLHL	LCMV glyco 446
9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 177 9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	21		9	RWCIPWQRL	CEA 10
9 LYGPDAPTI CEA 234 9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	Ţ		9	YPNASILL	CEA 101
9 VYAEPPKPF CEA 318 9 LWWVNINQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	U		9	Lwwvnnqsi	CEA 177
9 LWWVNNQSL CEA 355 9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 9 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWRTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	Ľ		9	LYGPDAPTI	CEA 234
9 LYGPDDPTI CEA 412 9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFYSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	v		9	VYAEPPKPF	CEA 318
9 TYYRPGVNL CEA 425 9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 9 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	Ľ)	9	Lwwvnnqsl	CEA 355
9 LYGPDTPII CEA 590 9 QYSWRINGI CEA 624 0 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWGQYWQFL gp100 155	Ľ	,	9	LYGPDDPTI	CEA 412
9 QYSWRING) CEA 624 9 TYACFYSNL CEA 652 9 VWKTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL gp100 155	T	,	9	TYYRPGVNL	CEA 425
9 TYACFVSNL CEA 652 9 VWRTWGQYW gp100 152 9 TWGQYWQFL gp100 155	ı	,	9	LYGPOTPII	CEA 590
9 VWKTWGQYW Ep100 152 9 TWOQYWQFL Ep100 155	Q)	9	QYSWRINGI	CEA 624
9 TWOQYWQFL 80100 155	7)	9	TYACFVSNL	CEA 652
	V)	9	VWKTWGQYW	gp100 152
9 RYGSPSVT1. 60100 479	7	0	9	TWOQYWQFL	gp100 155
[R	0	9	RYGSPSVT1.	gp100 479
9 1MAVVLAS1. gp100 606	1	9	9	lmavvlasi.	gp100 606
9 HWLRLFRIF gp100 636	Ţ	9	9	HWLRLPRIF	gp100 636
9 SYKHEQVYI PAP 96	8	9	9	SAKHEÓNAI	PAP 96
9 AMTNLAALF PAP 116	T	9	9	AMTNLAALF	PAP 116
9 VFLTLSVTW PSA 2	J	9	9	VFLTLSVTW	PSA 2

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	TWIGAAPLI	PSA 9
9	CYASGWGSI	PSA 148
10	YMIMVKCWMI	c-ErbB2 952
10	RWCIPWQRLL	CEA 10
10	FWNPPTTAKL	CEA 27
10	QYSWFVNGTF	CEA 268
10	TFQQSTQELF	CEA 276
10	VYAEPPKPFI	CEA 318
10	YYRPGVNLSL	CEA 426
ιo	QYSWLIDGNI	CEA 446
10	SYLSGANLNL	CEA 604
10	HFLRNQPLTF	gp100 231
10	LFPPEGVSIW	PAP 123
10	TWIGAAPLIL	PSA 9
10	HYRKWIKDTI	PSA 244
9	KLRKPKHKK	P. falciparum CSP 104
9	KILSVFFLA	P. falciparum EXP-1 2
9	ALFFIIFNK	P. falciparum EXP-1 10
9	GTGSGVSSK	P. falciparum EXP-1 28
9	VLYNTEKGR	P. falciparum EXP-1 99
9	KYKLATSVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 73
9	PSENERGYY	P. fulciparum LSA1 1664
9	FLKENKLNK	P. falciparum LSA1
9	GVSENIFLK	P. falciparum LSAI 105
9	ilvnllifh	P. falciparum LSAt 12
9	KSLYDEHIK	P. falciparum LSA1 1854

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	LLIFHINGK	P. falciparum LSA1 16
9	QSSLPQDNR	P. falciparum LSA1 1676
9	QTNFKSLLR	P. falciparum LSA1 94
9	RINEEKHEK	P. falciparum LSA I 49
9	SLYDEHIKK	P. falciparum LSA1 1855
9	VLAEDLYGR	P. falcipanun LSA1 1647
9	VLSHNSYEK	P. falciparum LSA1 60
9	FYFILVNLL	P. falciparum LSA1 9
9	YYIPHQSSL	P. falciparum LSA1 1671
9	PSDGKCNLY	P. falciparum TRAP 207
9	LACAGLAYK	P. falciparum TRAP
9	LLACAGLAY	P. falciparum TRAP 510
9	LSTNLPYGR	P. falciparum TRAP 122
9	QGINVAFNR	P. falciparum TRAP 192
9	RGDNFAVEK	P. fulciparum TRAP 307
9	RSRKREILH	P. fulciparum TRAP 262
9	SLLSTNLPY	P. falciparum TRAP
p	KYLVIVFLI	P. falciparum TRAP
9	PYAGEPAPF	P. falciparum TRAP 528

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
to	VTCGNGtQVR	P. falctparum CSP 375
10	GTGSGVSSKK	P. falciparum EXP-1 28
10	LALFPUFNK	P. falciparum EXP-1
10	FQDEENIGIY	P. falciparum LSA1 1794
10	FILVNLLIFH	P. falciparum LSA1 11
10	HVLSHNSYEK	P. falciparum LSA1 59
10	KSLYDEHIKK	P. falciparum ESA1 1854
10	ALLACAGLAY	P. falciparum TRAP 509
10	IIRLHSDASK	P. falciparum TRAP 100
10	LLACAGLAYK	P. falciparum TRAP 510
10	RLHSDASKNK	P. falciparum TRAP 102
9	ILGFVFTLT-NH2	Flu Matrix 59-67
10	KGILGFVFTL- NH2	Flu Matrix 57-66
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
9	KTÓCANTHA	PSA 166-174 P/D
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
ii	KQVPLRPMTYK	940.03 N-terminal extension
9	KLYEIVAKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KLAEYVAKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KLAEIVYKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KVFEYLINK	A3.2 consensus
10	KVFPYALINK	A3.2 consensus
9	AVFAYAAAK	A3.2 consensus
9	ALEPAIAKY	Al consensus

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YLEPAIAKY	Al consensus
9	ALEPYIAKY	A1 consensus
9	ALEÓAIEKA	Al consensus
9	GTEKLLAKY	A1 consensus
9	ATEPALAKY	Al consensus
9	ATNYPAĮQK	All consensus
9	ATNVPAIQK	A11 consensus
9	ATNAPYIQK	A11 consensus
9	ATNAVYIQK	All consensus
9	ATNAAYAQK	All consensus
9	AVNAAYAQK	All consensus
9	AVNAPYTQK	All consensus
9	AVNAVYJQK	All consensus
9	PTDPKLINY	A1 consensus
,	GTDPKLINY	Al consensus
9	YTDPKLINF	A1 consensus
9	PTDPKLINY	Al consensus
9	FTDQAVIKY	Al consensus
9	YTDQAVIKF	Al consensus
9	YTDQKLINF	Al consensus
9	STNPKPQKK	HCV-core 2-10
11	STNPKPQKKNK	HCV-core 2-12
9	SPFPETTYI	self peptide of P815
		analog; Y2 to F.
9	ATDPNFLLY	Al consensus
9	ATDKNFLLY	Al consensus
9	ALMEKTYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
9	ALSEKTYQV	A2.1 consensus
	ļ	peptide
9	AVYDPEQK	A3.2 consensus peptide
9	AVYDKEQK	A3.2 consentus
—		peptide
9	AVMNPMIQK	All consensus
L	<u> </u>	pepcide

AA SEQUENCE SOURCE 9 AVMNEMIQK All consensus peptide 9 AYMDMVNSF A24 consensus peptide 9 AYDNVNSF A24 consensus peptide 9 KLAAAAAAK A3.2/All poly-A amalog 9 DVFRDPALK Aw68 endogenous 9 GYKDGNEYI Lus listeriolysin 91-99 10 MMWYWGPSLY HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 9 RYLRDQQLL HIV env 8 FLLLKYRA MAGE-1 9 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 9 MYRPDAIQL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus analog 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6			
Peptide AYMDMVNSF A24 consensus peptide NAYIDNVNSF A24 consensus peptide KLAAAAAAK A3.2/A11 poly-A emalog DVFRDPALK Aw68 endogenous GYKDGNEYI Lm listeriolysin 91-99 MMWYWGPSLY HBV MMWYWGPSLY HBV RYLRDQQLL HIV env RYLRDQQLL HIV env REFLLKYRA MAGE-I MAGE-I VADLVGFLL MAGE-I MAGE-I MAGE-I MAGE-I MAGE-I NYSPNGNTNL MAGE-I NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 143 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 KFNPMETHI Kd consensus MAGE-I AMIKNLDFI Db consensus AMIKNLDFI Db consensus AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analog AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analog AMIKNLYFI Cw4 consensus QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus PQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 HO VPEPAFKDLF HFV18 E6	AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
peptide AYIDNVNSF A24 consensus peptide KLAAAAAAK A3.2/A11 poly-A analog DVFRDPALK Aw68 endogenous GYKDGNEYI Lus listeriolysin 91- 99 MMWYWGPSLY HBV MMWYWGPSLY HBV RYLRDQQLL HIV env RYLRDQQLL HIV env RFLLKYRA MAGE-1 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoelii SSP2 143 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoelii SSP2 119 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide AMIKNLDFI Db consensus AMIKNLDFI Db consensus AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analog AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analog AMIKNLYFI Cw4 consensus QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus PQDPQERPKK HPV16 E6 HO VPEFAFKDLF HFV18 E6	9	AVMNEMIQK	
Peptide RIAAAAAAK A3.2/A11 poly-A amalog DVFRDPALK Aw68 endogenous GYKDGNEYI Liss listeriolysin 91- 99 10 MMWYWGPSLY HBV HBV PRYLRDQQLL HIV env RELLKYRA MAGE-1 MAGE-1 WMMWYGFLL MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 NYSPNGNTNL PYOciti SSP2 143 NYSPNGNTNL PYOciti SSP2 119 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus Peptide AMIKNLDFI Db consensus AMIKNLDFI Db consensus AMIKNLYFI Db consensus AMIKNLYFI Db consensus AMIKNLYFI CW4 consensus AMIKNLYFI CW4 consensus PQYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus PQPDPQERPKK HPV16 E6	9	AYMDMVNSF	
9 DVFRDPALK Aw68 endogenous 9 GYEDGNEYI Liss listeriolysin 91- 99 10 MMWYWGPSLY HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 9 RYLRDQQLL HIV env 8 FLLLKYRA MAGE-1 9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoelii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoelii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMETHI Kd consensus 10 AMIENLOFI Db consensus 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 11 STLPETYVVR HPV16 E6 10 VPEPAFKDLF HPV16 E6	9	AYIDNVNSF	
9 GYKDGNEYI Las listeriolysin 91- 99 10 MMWYWGPSLY HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 9 RYLRDQQLL HIV env 8 FLLLKYRA MAGE-1 9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 enabog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	9	KLAAAAAAK	
10 MMWYWGPSLY HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 11 WMMWYWGPSL HBV 9 RYLRDQQLL HIV env 8 FLLLKYRA MAGE-1 9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus 10 P. Yociii SSP2 119 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VPEFAFKDLF HPV16 E6	9	DVFRDPALK	Aw68 endogenous
PAMIENLYFI MMMWYWGPSL WMMWYWGPSL P RYLRDQQLL HIV env REFLLKYRA MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI MAGE-1 MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI MAGE-1 MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI MAGE-1 MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI MAGE-1 MAGE-1 D COLESCERAVI	9	GYKDGNEYI	
9 RYLRDQQLL HIV env 8 FLLLKYRA MAGE-1 9 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus analog 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	10	MMWYWGPSLY	нву
8 FLLLKYRA MAGE-1 9 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-1 9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLB MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 12 GYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	11		HBV
9 IMPKTGFLI MAGE-I 9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-I 10 IMPKTGFLB MAGE-I 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-I 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-I 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-I 9 MYRPDAIQL P. Yociii SSP2 [43] 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 [19] 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd conscessis peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV [41-15] analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	9	RYLRDQQLL	HIV env
9 VADLVGFLL MAGE-1 10 IMPKTGFLII MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoclii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoclii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFT Db consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFT Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDFQERPRK HPV16 E6	8	FLLLKYRA	MAGE-1
10 IMPKTGFLII MAGE-1 11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 9 MYRPDAIQL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLFFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	9	IMPKTGFLI	MAGE-I
11 FLIIVLVMIAM MAGE-1 11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 9 MYRPDAIQL P. Yoelii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yoelii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 enalog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	9	VADLVGFLL	MAGE-I
11 CILESCFRAVI MAGE-1 9 MYRPDAIQL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	10	IMPKTGFLII	MAGE-1
9 MYRPDAIQL P. Yociii SSP2 143 10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yociii SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd conscessus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLPFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6	11	FLIIVLVMIAM	MAGE-I
10 NYSPNGNTNL P. Yorkis SSP2 119 9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analog 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VPEFAFKDLF HFV18 E6	11	CILESCFRAVI	MAGE-I
9 KFNPMKTHI Kd consensus peptide 9 AMIKNLDFI Db consensus 9 AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VFEFAFKDLF HPV18 E6	9	MYRPDAIQL	P. Yodii SSP2 143
peptide 9 AMIKNLDFT Db consensus 9 AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analo 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDFQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VFEFAFKDLF HPV18 E6	10	NYSPNGNTNL	P. Yodii SSP2 119
9 AMIKNLYFI Db consensus analog 11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 analog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VPEFAFKDLF HFV18 E6	9	KFNPMKTHI	
11 STLPETYVVRR HCV 141-151 enabog 9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VFEFAFKDLF HFV18 E6	9	AMIKNLDFI	Db consensus
9 QYDDAVYKL Cw4 consensus 10 FQDPQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VFEFAFKDLF HFV18 E6	9	AMIKNLYFI	Db comensus analog
10 FQDFQERPRK HPV16 E6 10 VFEFAFKDLF HPV18 E6	11	STLPETYVVRR	
10 VFEFARKOLF HFV18 E6	9	QYDDAVYKL	Cw4 consensus
	10	FQDPQERPRK	HPV16 56
9 VVYRDSIPH HPV18 E6	10	VPEFAFKDLF	HPV18 E6
	9	VVYRDSIPH	HPV18 E6
9 IFEANGNLI Flu HA 240-248	9	IFEANGNLI	Fh: HA 240-248
9 IYATVAGSL HA 529-537	9	IYATVAGS1.	HA 529-537

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	SYIPSAEKI	P. bergaii CS 252- 260
9	KYQAVITTL	Tumour P198 14-22
10	MYPHFMPTNL	MCMV pp89 167-
9	AYPNVSAKI	Lm listeriolysiu 196- 204
9	AYTGGKINI	Lm listeriolysin 413- 421
9	SAISSILSK	HBV ENV 159
9	QAGFFLLTK	HBV ENV 190
9	SALYREALK	HBV NUC 64
9	RAKWNNTLK	HIV cov 370
9	RATQIPSYK	PAP 273
9	TAAHCIRNK	PSA 58
9	MAVFIHNFK	HIV pol 909
9	TAGILELLK	HPV 6b El 192
9	RAALLGKFX	HPV 66 E1 205
9	CATMCRHYK	HPV 65 E1 406
9	TAACSHEGK	Flu HA-1 132
9	NANANSAVK	P. fat cap 304
9	GAFKVPGVK	LCMV glyco 484
9	RARVHPTTR	HBV POL 244
9	CALPFTSAR	HBV X 69
9	NMLESTLIK	LCMV nuc 259
9	WMILAAELK	LCMV gtyco 289
9	EMNLPGRWK	HIV pol 107
9	SSLQSKHRK	HBV POL 201
9	OSTHVSWPK	HBV POL 398
9	TSDLEAYFK	HBV K NUC FUS 105
9	ASQIYAGIK	HIV pot 438
,	ASCOKCOLK	HIV pol 769
9	MSLAADLEK	LCMV nuc 100
0	VSSKNLMEK	Mel. tyro 25

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	LSTNLPYGK	P. fai sap2 122
9	STIDHIPILY	Al Nat. Processed
9	STAPPAHGV	Breast macin 9-17
9	LMAVVLASL	gp100
9	WSQKRSFVY	gp100
9	PLDCVLYRY	gp100
10	PSSVGSRSEY	gp100
9	YTAVVPLVY	Hu J chain 102-110

Table 7

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	AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
	8	LTELYFEK	PAP 315
	9	TISPSYTYY	CEA 419
5	9	GTGCNGWFY	HPV 16/18 E1 11
	9	LTEMVQWAY	HPV 65/11 E1 358
	9	TTVNNSGSY	CEA 289
	9	CTGWFMVEA	HPV 6b/11 EL 14
	9	ATVQDLKRK	HPV 66/11 E1 77
0	9	AVESEISPR	HPV 66/11 E1 101
	9	FLNSNMQAK	HPV 6b/11 E1 393
	9	TRQTVIEH	HPV 65/11 E1 341
	9	IVGPPOTGK	HPV 65/11 E1 476
	9	KLEPLSLY	HPV 66/11 EL 254
5	٥	KLWLHGTPK	HPV 6b/11 Et 462
	9	KWSIKQWIK	HPV 6b/11 E1 420
	9	VVAGFGIRH	HPV 6b/11 E1 238
	9	HLFGYSWYK	CEA 61
	9	ISPSYTYYR	CEA 420
20	9	HTQVLFIAK	CEA 636
	9	ITVYAEPPK	CEA 316
	9	ITVSAELPK	CEA 494
	9	RLQLSNGNR	CEA 190
	9	RLQLSNGNR	CEA 546
25	9	RINGIPQQH	CEA 628
	9	SNMQAKYVK	HPV 6b/11 E1 396
	9	EWITRQTVI	HPV 6b/11 E1 339
	9	FFERLSSSL	HPV 66/11 E1 613
	9	NWKPIVQFL	HPV 6b/11 E1 439
30	10	PITSPSYTYY	CEA 418
	10	PTISPLNTSY	CEA 240
	ĮD.	HSASNPSPQY	CEA 616
	18	KLIEPLSLYA	HPV 66/11 E1 254
	10	AIVGPPDTGK	HPV 66/11 E1 475
35	10	DCATMCRHYK	HPV 6b/16 E1 405
	10	KLWLHGTPKK	HPV 6b/11 E1 462
	10	WVVAGPGHH	HPV 6b/11 E1 237

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
10	TITVSAELPK	CEA 493
10	TEWNPPTTAK	CEA 26
10	TISPSYTYYR	CEA 419
10	TISPLNISYR	CEA 241
10	KTLTLFNVTR	CEA 198
10	RTLTLFNVTR	CEA \$54
10	RTLTLLSVTR	CEA 376
10	ATPGPAYSGR	CEA 89
10	ASGHSRTTVK	CEA 483
10	QFLRHQNIEF	HPV 66/11 E1 445
10	TFTFPNPFPF	HPV 66/11 EL 586
9	RVDCTPLMY	Prost.Ca PSM 463
9	LLSLYGIHK	Prost.Ca PAP 243
9	STVLPFDCR	Prost.Ca PSM 590
9	KSLYESWTK	Prost.Ca PSM 491
9	SMKHPQEMK	Prost.Ca PSM 615
9	SLYESWTKK	Prost.Co PSM 492
9	YSLVHNLTK	Prost.Ca PSM 471
9	HLTELYFEK	Prost.Ca PAP 314
9	RATQIPSYK	Prost.Ca PAP 273
9	ASGRARYTK	Prost.Cn PSM 531
9	SLYGIHKQK	Prost.Ca PAP 245
9	RDYAVVLRK	Prost.Ca PSM 598
9	SSHDLMLLR	Prost.Ca PSA 113
9	GAAPLILSR	Prost.Ca PSA 12
9	KIVIARYGK	Prost.Ca PSM 199
9	RAAPLLLAR	Prost.Ca PAP 2
9	VVLRKYADE	Prost.Ca PSM 602
9	GLPDRPFYR	Prost.Ca PSM 680
9	WLDRSVLAK	Prost.Ca PAP 25
9	KVFRGNKVK	Prost.Ca PSM 207
9	IVRSPGTLK	Prost.Ca PSM 398
٥	KIYSISMKH	Prost.Ca PSM 610
9	RSVLAKELK	Prost.Ca PAP 28
9	STNEVTRIY	Prost.Ca PSM 348
9	GFFLLGFLF	Prost.Ce PSM 31

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	LYSDPADYF	Prost.Ca PSM 227
9	KYADRIYSI	Prost.Ca PSM 606
9	NYARTEDFF	Prost.Ca PSM 178
9	AYINADSSI	Prost.Ca PSM 448
9	SASPCGSPY	HBV POL 165
9	AFTFSPTYK	HBV POL 655
9	SVVRRAFPH	HBV POL 524
9	RWMCLRRFI	HBV ENV 236
9	SWLSLLVPF	HBV ENV 334
9	SWWTSLNFL	HBV ENV 197
9	PWTHKVGNF	HBV POL 51
9	SFCGSPYSW	HBV POL 167
10	NADSSIEGNY	Prost.Ca PSM 451
10	GLDSVELAHY	Prost.Ca PSM 804
10	RATQIPSYKK	Prosi.Ca PAP 273
10	LGFLFGWFIK	Prost.Ca PSM 35
10	SSIEGNYTLR	Prost.Ca PSM 454
10	KSLYESWTKK	Prost.Ca PSM 491
10	SLLSLYGIHK	Prost.Ca PAP 242
10	PLYNFTQIPH	Prost.Ca PSM 73
10	VIYAPSSHNK	Prost.Ca PSM 690
10	AVVLRKYADK	Prost.Ca PSM 601
10	KSPDEGFEGK	Prost.Ca PSM 482
10	IVRSFGTLKK	Prost.Ce PSM 398
10	RIYNVIGTLR	Prost.Ca PSM 354
10	LSLYGIHKQK	Prost.Ca PAP 244
10	MSLLKNRFLR	Prost.Ca PSA 99
10	ISMKHPQEMK	Prost.Ca PSM 614
EO.	RAVCGGVLVH	Prost.Ca PSA 43
10	GSAPPDSSWR	Prost.Cn PSM 311
10	SIPVHPIGYY	Prest.Cn PSM 291
10	CSGKIVIARY	Prost.Ca PSM 196
10	ETYELVEKFY	Prost.Ca PSM 557
10	RLLQERGVAY	Prost.Cn PSM 440
10	FYDPMFKYHL	Prost.Ca PSM 565
10	TYSVSFDSLF	Prost.Ca PSM 624

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۸۸	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
10	LYNFTQIPHI.	Prost.Ca PSM 74
10	GWRPRRTILF	Prost.Ca PSM 409
10	FAAPFTQCGY	HBV POL 631
10	RWMCLRRFII	HBV ENV 236
10	WFVGLSPTVW	HBV ENV 345
10	SWF KFAVPNL	HBV POL 392
10	VFADATPTGW	HBV POL 686
9	FIFHKPQTK	HTLV-1 tax 276
9	FLTNVPYKR	HTLV-I ax 182
9	ITWDPID GR	HTLV-1 ax 54
9	SALQFLIPR	HTLV-I tax 66
9	LSFPDPGLR	HTLV-1 tax 831
9	QSSSFIFHK	HTLV-1 tax 272
9	GLCSARLHR	HTLV-1 tax 34
9	RLPSFPTQR	HTLV-1 tax 74
9	AMRKYSPFR	HTLV-J tax 108
9	ISGGLCSAR	HTLV-I tax 31
9	ALFTAQEAK	HPV 16 E1 69
9	ATMCRHYKR	HPV 16 EJ 406
9	FMSFLTALK	HPV 16 EI 453
9	GVSFSELVR	HPV 16 Et 216
9	KAAMLAKFK	HPV 16 E1 204
9	LTNILNVLK	HPV 16 E1 191
9	LVRPFKSNK	HPV 16 Et 222
9	MSFLTALKR	HPV 16 Et 454
9	NSNASAFLK	HPV 16 E1 \$86
9	QMSMSQWIK	HPV 16 E1 419
9	RLKAICIEK	HPV 16 E1 109
9	SLPGMSLMK	HPV 16 E1 484
9	SMSQWIKYR	HPV 16 E1 421
9	TAAALYWYK	HPV 16 EL 315
٥	VVLLLVRYK	HPV 16 E1 274
9	ALLRYKOGK	HPV 18 E1 284
9	ATMCKHYRR	HPV 18 E1 413
9	CATMOKHYR	HPV 18 E1 412
Ģ	PITFLGALK	HPV 18 E1 460

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	GVLILALIR	HPV 18 EL 279
9	KLRAGQNHR	HPV 18 E1 647
9	LILALLRYK	HPV 18 E1 281
9	LTTNIHPAK	HPV 18 E1 571
9	NMSQWIRFR	HPV 18 E1 428
9	NSNAAAFLK	HPV 18 E1 393
9	SVAALYWYR	HPV 18 E1 322
9	WTYFDTYMR	KPV 18 E1 536
9	YVQAIVDKK	HPV 18 Et 19
9	IIKNFDIPK	GCDFP-15 36
9	VLAVQTELK	GCDFP-15 55
10	BIKNFDIPK	GCDFP-15 35
10	TACLCDDNPK	GCDFP-15 87
10	AVLAVQTELK	GCDFP-15 54
10	TFYWDFYTNR	GCDFP-15 97
9	ASCHILTELY	PAP 311
ιo	KGEYFVEMYY	PAP 322
10	LTAAHCIRNK	PSA 57
9	PLYDMSLLK	PSA 95
9	QVHPQKVTK	PSA 182
9	SLLKNRFLR	PSA 100
9	YTKVVHYRK	PSA 239
9	TLWKAGILY	HBV pol 150
9	STALKAAHA	PSA 237
9	PVNRPIDWK	HBV POL 612
9	RHYLHTLWK	HBV POL 719
11	HTLWKAGILYK	HBV POL 149
11	GTDNSVVLSRK	HBV POL 735
11	RVTOGVFLVDK	HBV POL 357
В	ATQIPSYK	PAP 274
9	WMNSTGFTK	HCV consensus
9	RVLEDGVNY	HCV consensus
9	RLLAPITAY	HCV consensus
9	GVLAALAAY	HCV consensus
9	RVCEKMALY	HCV consensus

TABLE 8

	PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
	1235.01	10	AVFDRKSDAK
5	26.0149	9	CALRFTSAR
	26.0153	9	SSAGPCALR
	F104.02	9	SLTPPHSAK
	F105.01	9	AIFOSSMTK
	F105.02	9	GIFQSSMTK
10	F105.03	9	AAFQSSMTK
	F105.04	9	ALAQSSMTK
	F105.05	9	AIFASSMTK
	F105.06	. 9	AIFQASMTK
	F105.07	9	AIFQSAMTK
15	F105.08	9	AIFQSSATK
	F105.09	9	AIPQSSMAK
	F105.10	9	AIPOSSMTA
	F105.11	9	FIFQSSMTK
	F105.12	9	SIFQSSMTK
20	F105.14	9	ANFOSSMTK
	F105.16	9	AIPQCSMTK
	F105.17	9	AIFQSSMTR
	F105.19	9	AIFQSSMTY
	F105.20	9	AILQSSMTR
25	F105.21	9	AIFQRSMTR
	F105.24	10	PAIFQSSMTK
	F105.25	10	AIPQSSMTKT
	27.0103	9	AIILHQQQK
	27.0104	9	YGFRLGFLH
30	27.0108	9	SSCMGUMNR
	27.0235	10	TCTYSPALNK
	27.0239	10	NSSCMGGMNR
	27.0240	10	SSCMGGMNRR
	27.0250	10	KSKKGQSTSR
35	27.0252	10	TSRHKKLMFK
	28.8062	В	FMFSPTYK
	28.0063	В	FVFSPTYK
	28.0066	В	TMLXMXXX

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	parameter 1	
	PEPTIDE	
	28.0322	
	28.0323	
	28.0324	
	28.0325	
5	28.0326	
	28.0327	
	28.032R	
	28.0329	
	28.0330	
10	28.0331	
	28.0332	
	28.0333	
	28.0334	
	28.0335	
15	28.0336	
	28.0337	
	28.0338	
	28.0339	
	28.0340	
20	28.0341	
	28.0371	
·	28.0372	
	28.0374	
	28.0375	
25	28.0377	•
	28.0378	
	28.0381	
	28.0383	
	28.0384	
30	28.0387	
	28.0388	
	28.0390	
	28.0391	
	28.0392	
35	28.0393	
	28.0394	

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
28.0322	9	SMICSVVRR
28.0323	9	SVICSVVRR
28.0324	9	RVGNFTGLK
28.0325	9	KVGNFTGLR
28.0326	9	VVFFSQFSR
28.0327	9	SVNRPIDWK
28.0328	9	TLWKAGILK
28.0329	9	TLWKAGILR
28.0330	,	TMWKAGILY
28.0331	9	TVWKAGILY
28.0332	9	RMYLHTLWK
28.0333	9	RVYLHTLWK
28.0334	9	AMTESPTYK
28.0335	0	AVTFSPTYK
28.0336	9	SVVRRAFPR
28.0337	9	SVVRRAFPK
28.0338	9	ISEYRHYXY
28.0339	9	GTGXNGWFY
28.0340	9	ASXHLTELY
28.0341	9	ASKDKKQLK
28.0371	9	RVXEKMALY
28.0372	9	XTGWFMVEA
28.0374	9	HISXLTPGR
28.0375	0	AVXTRGVAK
28.0377	. 0	HLIFKHSKK
28.0378	9	HTMLXMXXX
28.0381	9	RLKADIEK
28.0383	9	TLFKASDAK
28.0384	9	ALLRYKKGK
28.0387	9	ATMXRHYKR
28.0388	9	KATMERHYK
28.0390	9	ATMXKHYRR
28.0391	9	LLAXAGLAY
28.0392	9	LAXAGLAYK
28.0393	9	STVLPFDKR
28.0394	9	AAKWWAGIK
28.0628	10	OMFTPSPTYK

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PETTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE	
28.0629	10	QVFTPSPTYK	_
28.0630	10	TMWKAGILYK	_
28.0631	10	TVWKAGILYK	
28.0632	10	VMGGVFLVDK	
28.0633	10	VVQGVFLVDK	_
28.0635	10	SVLPETTVVR	
28.0638	10	HTLWKAGILK	
28.0640	10	HMLWKAGILY	
28.0395	9	SAIXSVVRR	_
28.0644	10	GTFNSVVLSR	
28.0645	10	YMFDVVLGAK	
28.0646	10	MMWYWGPSLK	
28.0647	10	MMWYWGPSLR	
28.0665	10	IVGGWEXEK	
28.0667	10	ELEXVYXK	
28.0668	10	SIPHAAXHK	
28.0670	10	IVXPIXSQK	
28.0671	10	LIRXLRXQK	
28.0672	10	KTYSPALNK	
28.0675	10	TVXAGGXAR	_
28.0676	10	HISKLTFGR	
28.0677	10	XVNXSQFLR	
28.0678	. 10	LIFXHSKKK	
28.0679	10	FVLGGXRHK	
28.0713	10	TSAIKSVVRR	
28.0714	10	HLIFXHSKKK	_
28.0715	10	LLIRXINXQX	
28.0716	10	GIVXPIXSQK	
28.0717	10	LLIRXLRXQK	
28.0718	10	SLEQRSLHXX	_
28.0720	10	RIVGGWEKEK	_
28.0721	10	DIILEKVYKK	
28.0722	10	XVYXKQQLLR	
28.0723	10	RAVXOGVLVH	
28.0725	10	LTAAHXIRNK	
28.0728	10	KAAKWWAGIK	
28.0730	10	VVRRXPHHER	

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PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
28.0731	10	LLGTWGXSGK
28.0732	10	TTLFXASDAK
28.0734	10	RTVXAGGXAR
28.0736	10	GTQRXEKKSK
28.0737	10	LVQNANPDXK
28,0738	10	VTXGNGIQVR
28.0739	10	DXATMXRHYK
28.0740	10	GLAXHOLKAR
28.0741	10	ALLAKAGLAY
28.0742	10	ELAXAGEAYK
28.0743	10	XVARXPSGVK
28.0745	10	LVEIXTEMEK
28.0746	10	LLNWXMQIAK
28.0324		HMLWKAGILYK
28.0825	11_	HVLWKAGILYK
28.0826	11	SMLPETTVVRR
28.0827	1)	SVLPETTVVRR
28.0828	11	GMDNSVVLSRK
28.0829	11	GVDNSVVLSRK
28.0830	11	GTFNSVVLSRK
28.0369		GLAXHQLXA
1259.02	9	DTVDTVLEK
1259.10	9	PVTIGECPK
1259.14	10	FTAVGKEFNK
1259.16	11	RTLDFHDSNVK
1259.21	11	KTRPILSPLTK
1259.26	11	GTHPSSSAGLK
1259.28	1 11	ILWILDRLFFK
1259.29	9	WILDRLFFK
1259.30	11	CIYRRFKYGLK
1259.31	9	KSMREEVRK
1259.33	9	YIOMCTELK
1259.37	10	MVMELVRMIK
1259.38	9	VMELVRMIK
1259.41	11	LIRPNENPAHK
26.0023	8	VSPGVWIR
26.0024	8	VSIPWTHK

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
26.0026	В	ASFOGSPY
26.0035	9	TSPYELSLY
26.0036	9	TSIPFLHEY
26.0041	9	FNDPGPGTY
26.9045	9	YVDLGALRY
26.0051	9	DADRSFIEY
26.0055	9	NMDKAVKLY
26.0056	9	TTDNFYRNY
26.0058	9	HSAEALQKY
26.0059	9	LTAGLDPAY
26.0061	9	LTYKYNOFY
26.0062	9	CSNDKSLVY
26.0063	9	RSARASSRY
26.0065	9	ASADKPYSY
26.0067	9	STTAGPNEY
26.0069	9	LSGNGHFHY
26.0073	9	NTFVQANLY
26.0074	9	GTATYLPPY
26.0081	9	RLDAFROTY
26.0082	9	KAEVHTFYY
26.0083	9	VAEGDTVIY
26.0084	9	LTEIDIRDY
26.0085	0	HTEFEGQVY
26.0086	0	VSDGGPNLY
26.0092	9	MEDQYNRY
26.0093	0	FLDQWWTEY
26.0095	9	FVEDPNGKY
26.0096	0	ISDESYRVY
26.0156	9	YLABADLSY
25.0197	9	ALLAVGATK
26.0198	9	ALNFPGSQX
26.0199	9	AVGATKVPR
26.0203	9	PSVSVSQLR
26.0204	9	GTATLRLVK
26.0205		GVSRQLRTK
26.0207	9	LIYRRRLMK
26.0211	9	OLVLHOILK

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D .	SSHWLRLPR
9	TMEVTVYHR
9	VLASLIYRR
9	VSCQGGLPK
9	VVLASLIYR
9	GTQCALTRR
9	FTIPYWDWR
0	GTPEGPLER
9	KSYLEQASR
9	LVSLLCRHK
9	MVPFIPLYR
9	QTSAGHFPR
9	SIFEQWLRR
9	SILCRHKRK
9	SSWQIVCSR
10	NMQIGGVLTY
10	RMAQNFAMRY
10	FTVQGSLSGY
10	QTSPYELSLY
10	SSNAILSLSY
10	TSQPWWPADY
10	VSDVSIIIPY
10	ASDAQSANKY
10	FTETNLAGEY
10	YVDGFEPNGY
10	FNDPGPGTYY
10	FLDQWWTEYY
10	AAEFATBTAY
10	NAEVVLNQLY
10	FVDGDSLFEY
10	PSEDAQVAVY
10	MSDNIRTGLY
10	ESELREILNY
10	CMESVRNGTY
10	KYENGITRLY
10	LTEIDIRDYY
10	LLVLMAVVLA
	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

5		
10		
15		
20		
25		

PEPTIDE	4.4	SEQUENCE
	10	
26.0424	10	AVVLASLIYR
26.0425	10	GALLAVGATK
26.0426	10	GTATLRLVER
26.0427	10	HTMEVTVYHR
26.0428	10	IALNFPGSQK
26.0432	10	QURALDGGNK
26.0433	10	OVPLDCVLYR
26.0434	10	SLIYRRRLMK
26.0435	10	SSSHWLRLPR
26.0438	10	TVSCQGGLPK
26.0442	10	VVLASLIYRR
26.0466	10	YVKVLHHTLK
26.0473	10	LIGCWYCRRR
26.0474	10	LLIGCWYCRR
26.0485	10	SSMHNALHTY
26.0504	10	CVSSKNLMEK
26.0510	10	FSSWQIVCSR
26.0511	10	GLVSLLCRHK
26.051B	10	YMVPFIPLYR
26.0535	1)	GVWIRTPPAYR
26.0539	11	RLVVDFSQFSR
26.0545	11	TLPETTVVRRR
26.0549	11	LLPIFFCLWVY
	11	STLPKTTVVRR
26.0550	11	RAFPHOLAFSY

Table 9

ILESLFRAY 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 93 101 174 187 7 7	2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1		<0.0003		
6 6 6 6 10 10 10 10 10 6 6 6	101 174 174 7 7	2.1				
6 6 6 01 01 01 01 01 01 6 6 6 6	101 174 187 7 7 92	2.1	0 0 0	0.0004		
6 6 01 01 01 01 01 01 0 6 6	174 187 7 37	2.1		<0.0003		
6 01 01 01 01 00 6 6 6 6 6	187	2.1		0.0004		
01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 0	37	2.1		0.0007		
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	37	2.1		0.0002		
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	92			0.0008		
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		2.1	J	0.0003		
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100	2.1		0		
0 0 0 6 6 6 6	101	2.1		0		
00 0 0 0 0 0	114	2.1		0		
0 6 6 6 6	142	2.1		0		
a a a a	174	2.1		O		
6 6 6 6	101	2.1		0.0003		
6 6 6	105	2.1		0.16		
6 6	106	2.1	Ť	0.0031		
6	143	2.1		0		
	147	2.1		0.0001		
ALSHXVAEL 9 3	101	2.1		0.0050		
REFERENCE 9 3	167	2.1		0.0003		
TIPATULOL 9 3	169	2.1		0.018		
GIMPRAGLE 9 3	181	2.1		0		

Page 1 of 15

Secumbon	1	Strate Otrate	101	Pos.	Rocat	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
ATSERWELV	2	~		101	2.1		0			
HARTAHETTT	2	7		106	2.1		0.0017			
KLPGLL87DL	2	7		135	2.1		O			
152070317	2	2		139	2.1		0.0007			
SLPTTEMEN	2	3		63	2.1		0.0035	·		
DLESEPOAAL	10	3		93	2.1		0.0001			
ALSRKYARLY	10	3		101	2.1		0.0001			
KVABLVHFLL	10	3		105	2.1		0.012			
VIPSEASSSE	10	3		142	2.1		0			
SLOLVEGIBL	10	3		150	2.1		0.0049			
LARVOPIGHE	10	ε		159	2.1		0.0005			
FLITVLVII	6	1		194	2.1		0.0005			
GLLGDRQIM	6	1		181	2.1		0.0051			
STHCKPERA	6	1		7	2.1		0.013	<0.0002	0	
ALGLYCYDA	.6	1		22	2.1		0.015	<0.0002	<0.0002	
CKPERALGA	6	1		10	Random		<0.0002			
COBNICIAC	6	1		19	Random		<0.0002			
VORATISSES	6	1		28	Random		<0.0002			
PLVLGTLEB	6	1		37	Random		c0.0002			
VPTAGSTOP	6	1		46	Random		<0.0002			
POSPOCASA	6	1		58	Random		<0.0002			
PPTTINETR	6	1		99	Random		<0.0002			

Sections	1	Strate Strate	101 .	808.	Rotif	M	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
OROPSKOSS	0	-		73	Random		<0.0002			
SREBEGPST	0			82	Random		<0.0002			
AVITEKVAD	9	1		300	Randon		<0.0002			
EMLESVING	6	1		127	Rendom		<0.0002			0
YKHCEPBIP	6	1		136	Random		<0.0002			
าดารสรายก	6	. 1		145	Random	·	<0.0002			
VPOIDVICA	6	1		154	Random		<0.0002 <0.0002	<0.0002	٥	
DPTGHBYVL	6	ι		163	Random		<0.0002			
VICIGISTO	6	1		172	Random		<0.0002			
PRIGRLITY	6	1		190	Random		<0.0002			
DOSSATUAT	6	1		199	Random		<0.0002			
HAPEERIWE	6	1		208	Random		<0.000			
ELSVERVID	6	1		217	Random		<0.000			
GREKSAYOR	6	1		226	Random		<0.0002			
PRELLTODL	6	1		235	Random		0.0002			
VQERTLEYO	6	1		244	Random		<0.0002			
RCREVIPHA	9	1		253	Random		<0.0002			
MSSCOYQUP	6	1		262	Random		<0.0002			
ILESLFRAVI	30	1		93	2.1		0.0002			
FLITTAMIA	10	1		194	2.1		0.0003	0.0093	0.0030	
LVFGIDVÆA	10	1		153	2.1		0.0002	<0.0002	0	
EVYDGRENSA	10	1		222	2.1		٥	<0.0002	0	

Beguence	2	Rage Strada	301 .	Pos.	Rotif	M	A2.1	13.2	A11	A24
GVQQPSLKPA	2			366	2.1		0.0001			
OLVFGIDV	-	1		152	2.1		0			
KLLTQDLV	80	1		237	2.1		0.0004			
GLIGBRGI	8	1		181	2.3		0			
TTTABATO	80	1		108	2.1		0			
GLSYDGLL	8	1		176	2.1		0.0001			
DLVQBKYL	8	1		242	2.1		o			
LLGDRQIR	8	1		182	2,1		0			
FLITVLFR	8	1		194	2.1		O			
ALERCORA	8	1		15	2.1		0		_	
TLEEVPEA	8	1		42	2.1		0			
TADINGNI	8	τ		188	2.1		0.0001			
PVTCARIG	8	1		122	2.1		o			
IVLVMIAN	8	1		197	2.1	•	0.0001			
AVITICKVA	8	1		100	2.1		٥			
EIWEELSV	8	1		213	2.1		٥			
LITVLVRI	8	1		195	2.1		0.0001			
IIVLVBIA	8	1		196	2.1		0.0002			·
SLPRAVITERV	11	1		96	2.1		0.0001			
LLLATRARBPV	11	1		113	2.1		0.0001			
YLBYGRCRTVI	11	1		248	2.1		0.0006			
ALENCOENIGE	11	1		15	2.1		0.0001			

	1	Mary S	101	Pos.	Hotif	A1	12.1	13.2	MI	724
	+-	-		194	2.1		0.0041			
t	=			39	2.1		0.0002			
忙	1 :	-		152	2.1		0.0001			
1	=	-		100	2.1		0			
1	=	7		122	2.1		0			
	77	1		105	2.1		0.020			
	12	1		266	2.1		٥			
	=	1		109	2.1		0.0004			
	H	1		199	2.1		0.0005			
\vdash	H	1		92	2.1		0.0030			
一	6	1		14	2.1		В	<0.0002	0	
\vdash	٥	1		17	2.1		0			<0.0002
T	0	7		30	2.1		٥			<0.0002
ATSSSSPLV	6	1		31	2.1		0.0007	·		
GTLEBUPTA	6	. 1		41	2.1		0.013	<0.0002	0	
GASAPPITI	9	1		60	2.1		•			<0.0002
STSCILESE	6	1		89	2.1		0.0002			
RAVITERVA	9	1		99	2.1		٥	<0.0002	۰	
ITKKVADLV	9	1		102	2.1		0			
RARBPUTKA	9	1		118	2.1		٥			
KAEKLESVI	9	1		125	2.1		٥			<0.0002
V.IV.ISBERT	6	•		146	2.1		0.000			

	_	Maga			9744	17	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
Sequence	1	Strata	No1.	ē	Page					
PTCHSYVLV	6	1		164	2.1					
STATES S. FUT.	-	1		161	2.1		0.0006			
1016	1			195	2.1		٥	0.0022	0.0006	
LILVEVILLA		Ī		186	2.1		0.0007			
IIVLVARIAN	~	-			;		0.0005	<0.0003	0.0002	
HI AMEGGIRA	٦						٥			
EIWEELSVIE	6	-		213	2.1					6000
CAVGEPRAL	6	1		230	2.1		0.0002			40.000
	ŀ	-		248	2.1		0			
TESTURENT				23	2.1		0.0005	<0.0002	٥	
BALGLYCYDA		-		1	- 6		0			<0.0002
CAATSSSSPL	2						\ \			
VIERBER SSV	10	1		123	2.1		_			
VYSHUTORS	10	-		161	2.1					
TOVER LAND	2	1		39	2.1		0.000			
Chestarture	2			62	2.1		٥			
CTONERROPT	2			156	2.1		٥			
PTCHSYVLVI	2			164	2.1		٥			
FLAGPRALA	6	-	ASU	265	2.1		0.042	0.0017	٥	
LARTSTVKV	٥	-	New	272	2.1		•			
TVICULETVI	6	7	nen	277	2.1		0.0002			
RVRPPPSL	6	1	new	290	2.1		0.0001			
. AGTOVOROT.	2	L	TIGN.	272	2.1		0			<0.000z
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	L	L	100	280	2.1		0.0002	0.0002	٥	
VLBYVIRVSA		┛								

	:	Se ga	To.	Pos.	Notif	Al	A2.1	A3.2	111	A24
Sequence		SCreen		102	2.1		0			
PALREBEDA	2		100		, ,		0.018			
SMHCKPERV	ما	-	new lay	1						
MEGLACAGA	9	1	new (a)	22	2.1		0.012			
VERTUREN	6	1	nev (a)	38	2.1		0.13			
LOLVEGIOV	٥	1	NOU	151	2.1		0.0004			
OTELEGIE	9	-	ABU	176	2.1		o			
ATTECLE	0	1	DBW (8)	176	2.1		0.0047			
1.1.CONROTTED	9	-	ABU	182	2.1		0.0001			
VICTORIO 1.1	0	-	new (a)	182	2.1		0.043			
urbi.evakv	-	_	nev	215	2.1		٥			
CONT. CUREV	6	-	DBW (A)	215	2.1		0.041			
PETATOLY	6	-	nea	236	2.1		٥			
VRPLHOPRA	٥	-	new	262	2.1		٥			
YRELWOPRV	6	-	18W (A)	262	2.1		0.22			
PATESSEED	2	-	Men	30	2.1		0			
ATSSSSPLVL	2	1	nev	31	2.1		0			
RADIVEFIV	2	1	new (a)	105	2.1		1.5			
AMOLAGPILLE	2	1	ngti	106	2.1		0.0008			0.0003
SESTOTALGE	2	1	nen	148	2.1		0			
VRVTCLGLSV	10	1	(a) wer	13	2.1		0.30			
OIMPKTGFLI	2	7	nev	187	2.1		0.0009			
Cuordientagley	2	-	(a) wan	187	2.1		0.050			

Specifical Control	1	Mage	X 01.	208	Rotif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
KTGFL1 IVLV	-	-	new	191	2.1		0.0012			
LIIVLVBIAN	2	1	nev	195	2.1		0.0003			
VHDESSELLMV	2	-	new (a)	200	2.1		0.053			
T	2	-	Neu	230	2.1		٥			0.0008
Ι.	=	2		270	2.1		0.012			
	=	2		52	2.1		0.67			
BLAGVOPIGHL	11	3		105	2.1		0.026			
HLYIPATCLOL	::	3		114	2.1		0.041			
LLLETTRARBPV	=	3		09	2.1		0.0001			
OLVFGIBLAKV	=	3		66	2.1		0.34			
ALITORIGHI	=	3		135	2.1		0.013			
_	2	1 13	98	170	2.1		0.0017			
	2	1 n	86	237	2.1		0.0060			
DLVQBKTLEYRQV	13	1 n	98	242	2.1		0			
SLFRAVITKKVADLV	15	1 n	704	96	2.1		0.0004			
DLESEPORAISRREV	15	2	104	40	2.1	-	٥			
HIGSVVGNHQYFFPV	15	3	704	75	2.1		0.012			
GASSPATTI	6	2		60	2.1		٥			0.0002
DLESEPQAA	6	2,3		93	2.1		٥			
OPAISRRW	6	2		99	2.1		٥			
KAEMLESVL	6	2		125	2.1		٥			0
RASETLOLV	6	2		146	2.1		0.011			

Secuence	1	Strain	No1.	Pos.	Hotal	77	12.1	13.2	ALI	A24
VOSTERVIO.	_	2		152	2.1		0.0038			
CVDISHLYT	-	2		162	2.1		0.0002			
DISHLYTLY	0	7		164	2.1		0.0005			
BLYTLYNCE	-	2		167	2.1		0.0034			
TETALCIET	0	~		169	2.1		0.0014			
MADNOTTO	5	2		181	2.1		0.0038			
OVMPKTGLL	6	2		187	2.1		٥			
TATESTATAV	6	2		198	2.1		0.0010			0.230
KIBITIINE	6	2		191	2.1		0.0002			
GLLITVLAL	٥	2,3		193	2.1		0.0002			
LLITWALI	6	2.3		194	2.1		0.0001			
LITTALITA	6	2.3		561	2.1		0.0008			
ITVLATIAL	6	2		196	2.1		0.0009			
IIAIBGDCA	6	2		201	2.1		0			
GASSLPITM	6	3		99	2.1		0			0.0010
CAALSEKVA	6	3		99	2.1		О			
VARLVHPLL	9	3		106	2.1		٥			0.039
KAENEGSVV	6	3		125	2.1		٥			
KASSSLQLV	6	3		146	2.1		0.000\$			
QLVFG1RL#	6	3		152	2.1		0.0010			
PIGHLTIFA	6	3		164	2.1		۰			
INDERGITI	6	3		188	2.1		0.0064			

Sequence	2	Strain	Rol.	Pos.	Rotif	11	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
ENGLITE	6	3		191	2.1		0.0002			0
LIAREGECA	6	8		201	2.1		0			
EALERCOEAL	01	1	NBU	14	2.1		0			٥
BADDEALGLY	2	τ	nev	1.7	2.1		0			
DLESEFORAL	2	2		93	2.1		O			
AAISPONBL	10	2		100	2.1		٥			٥
VIPSICASBYL	10	7.		142	2.1		0.0014			
TLQUYFGIRV	10	2		150	2.1		0.37			
LVBGIBVVEV	10	2		153	2.1		0.012			
GIBVVEVPT	10	2		156	2.1		<0.0002			
VVRVVPIBHL	30	2		159	2.1		<0.0002			
BVVPISHLYI	10	2		161	2.1		<0.0002			
VVPISHLYIL	01	2		162	2.1		0.0002			
PISHLTILUT	10	2		164	2.1		0.0003			
DOMERTALLI	10	2		187	2.1		0.0002			
VEPRTGLLII	10	2		188	2.1		0.0009			0.058
KIGLLITVA	10	2		191	2.1		<0.0002			
GLLITULAII	10	2,3		193	2.1		0.0005			
LLITVLAILA	10	2,3		194	2.1		<0.0002			
LIIVLATIAI	10	2		195	2.1		0.0013			
AIIAIBODCA	OT	2		200	2.1		0.0023			
PALSPITVABL	10	3		100	2.1		0.0007			٥

	Mange Mol.	,	Rotsf	M	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	106	2.1		0.0009			0.0018
2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		123	2.1		<0.0002			
9 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		156	2.1		<0.0002			
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		191	2.1		<0.0002			
10 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1	_	164	2.1		0.0003			
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	L	187	2.1		0.0006			
2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		188	2.1		0.0015			
	<u>.</u>	191	2.1		<0.0002			
		200	2.1		<0.0002			
		271	A02					
M M M M M M M M M		15	202					
		17	A02					
		22	A02/A03					
		24	A02/A03			·		
6 6 6 6 6		25	A02					
6 8 8 8		31	A02/A03					
0 00 00 0 00 00		37	A02					
8 8 8		38	A02					
6 6		45	A02					
6 6		4.7	A02/A03					
		6.4	A02/R03					
KIWEELSVL 9 3 220		220	202					

	_	2	•		Rotaf	A1	A2.1	A3.2	711	734
Sequence	1	BCCOM	WO.							
SILGUPRAL	6	-		237	202					
TIGORICET	6	9		238	A02	1			+	
PLECORALY	-	3		271	A02				1	
DALVETSYV	6	3		276	A02				1	
LVETBTVKV	-	3		278	A02					
YVKVLEBEV	0	3		283	A02					
KYLEBBIVKI	6	3		285	202				1	
PARCENIGIA	2	3		17	A02					
FALGLYDDOA	2	e		21	A62/A03					
GLYGSGAPAT	2	-		24	A02					
Capacitation	2	٦		29	A02/A03					
V. MOCCOCHI, V	9			37	202					
m.ogom/dgv	2	_		44	A02					
RUTLURUPAA	2	3		47	A02/A03					
RVFRGRRDSI	12			229	A02					
STLOUDKELL	13	-		237	A02					
TIGOPOCAL	3	-		238	202					
ALVETSYVKV	=	-		277	A02		Ì			
LVETSYVKVL	2	_		278	A02					
MAKT SCHOOL	13	3		290	A02					
LVACTURERY		Ľ		38	2.1	<0.0006	0.032	٥	0	0.0003
The state of	٤			\$0t		0.0005	0.041	0.0039	0.0030	0.0010

		Rege	1	1	Wat 1	14	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
Sequence	1	200	2021				2.2			
LVFOIBLARV	2				4:4			1	0 0 0	•
TALKODIPV	0	3				<0.0007	1:4	0.0048	200.5	Ņ
	•	,				3.7			0.0022	
SVDFTGUE	1					<0.0007	0.13	0.0007	•	0.0043
CHARLAND	٦ :			109		<0.0008	0.071	9.0004	0.0001	0.0008
DEVELVED	3 :					0.0030	0.065	0.0007	٥	0
LVFGIELMEV	3 6			188	2.1	٥	0.073	0.011	0.0047	0.0005
KVAKLVRFL	, ,	1		9.2	2.1	0.0001	0.073	0	0.0002	0
CILESTERA	<u> </u>			360	2.1	<0.00008	0.0023	0	0	0
VMLANBOUNA	3 :					۰	0	0.034	0.0045	0
MESVIKAIK	3 :	1.				0.075	0	0.000	0.0004	0
STSTVKVEST	4			3.78	2.1	<0.0005	260.0	0.022	0.015	0
KVLSTVIKV	7					<0.0006	0.027	0.0015	0	0
FLWOPIZALA	<u>.</u>			362	2.1	40.000e	9500.0	0	O	0
ALICE STATE	۽	-		23		<0.000	0.017	0.0011	0.0029	٥
VOTEVENDA	•			283	2.1	0.0005	0.018	٥	0	o
PATARTHY	-	-		270	2.1	<0.0006	0.014	0.0003	0.0005	٥
BIARTSYEE	-	-				<0.0006	0.0002	0.17	0.39	٥
VLCTLERV	0	_		39	2.1	<0.0007	0.0088	٥	•	٥
RLOLVRAT	_	-		150	2.1	<0.0001	0.0094	۰	0.0001	٥
TLESTARA	L	-		93	2.1	<0.0004	0.0017	0.0003	•	0.0001
FLLLEYER		,		112	2.1	0.0036	0.0007	0.0003	0.0001	٥
F IMPACT LAND	1									

		50	Ş	808	Rocks	14	A2.1	83.2	A11	A24
Sedanne				7	2.1	0.0016	0.0008	0.0008	0	0
GLVCVQBA	1	1			:	2000	0100	0 0001	٥	0
VLVICLOL		1								
KVADLVGFL	6	1		105	2.1	×0.0008	0.0091	0.0013	0.0005	
YALVICIGI	6	7		169	2.1					
IMPRICELL	6	-		188	2.1	<0.0008	0.0035	0	0	3.2
GT.LADROTTE	•	-			A2.1	<0.0008	0.0054	0	٥	0.0002
ALVINITABLE.	0	-		7,7	2.1	0.0030	0.0007	0.0026	0	0.0001
CASTORBLE	0	-		901	2.1	0.032	0.0011	0.0054	0.0008	0.0007
PLEYGRCETY	2	-		248	2.1	0.0008	0.0097	0.0001	0	0
AGIOGAATOTIS	2	-		150	2.1	0.0028	0.0047	0.0013	0.0001	0.0001
THERITABLES	9	-		188	2.1	<0.0008	0.0001	0	0	0.050
ALCIL VEVENDA.A	2	-		22	1.54	0.0011	0.0002	0.0003	0	0
RIVERLSVARV	=	-		213	1.54	0.0007	0.013	0.0001	0.0001	o
ETILATAITH	==	-			A2.1	0.023	0.0031	0.016	0.0014	0.0011
AT PHYMOSECUA	=	-		257	2.1	<0.0009	1.4	0	0	٥
CILESCPRAVI	11				A2.1	0.079	0.0017	0.058	0.0005	0.0008
OIMPRIGELII	11	-		187	2.1	<0.000	0.0003	٥	٥	0.0030
GFLLLKTRA	٥	1						0.0004	0.0003	
CFPRIFORA	٥	-						٥	٥	
PPPPSLREA	6	. 1						٥	٥	
PPPSLASAA	0	1						٥	0	
RSLACKPREA	22	1						0.0001	0.0008	

		B and	Ē	908	Hot1	14	A2.1	33.2	A11	324
Bednence	1				L				c	
BFLAGPRALA	10	-						}		
	;	•						0.0004	0	
RFFFSLASA	3								•	
PPPPSLABAA	2	-1								

		Chambre	Ctentin Malabanita	Poetthon	Motif	IA	A2	43	Ł	A24	Nax.
Sednence	Vunden V	21.6811				Rimitmo	Biming	Binding	Binding	Birming	Bincling
							11301.11		1		05050
ALFLGFLGAA	AIH	ME	PD 108	210	787		11.7.7.				11.71511
M.O. TWOT	HIV	Z	gp 160	996	A(12		0.2450				11,2-1,31
DOLLERY OBA	AIM		60160	820	Aliz		11.1963		:		1. I.ya.
100 100 10	2	1	09100	IZI	A(12		0.16410				
TANDINE	\ E		09103	776	A02		0.1550				0.1550
ST.LNATOIAV	AH	ı	35	**************************************	AIIZ		0.1050	: i	:		
ALFLGFLGA	A H	ZX	89169	518	Aliz		0.0945	:	i :		CF 25
HMLOLTVWGI	\ \ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ZX	Pp166	\$65	AUZ		0.1577				/ 2011
LLNATDIAV	AEE	Z	12 Jest 160	815	A(12		0.1607				7.0KH7.07
ALLYKLDIV	A	Z	89	13	AIIZ		0.0362	ŗ			794.070
WLWYTKIFI	 ≥	ZΣ	801gg	619	A(12		0.0355		:		CCCUL
TITAHLNESA	À	Z	801gg	288	A02		0.0350	:			0000
LLOVWSOEL	ÀĦ	ZΣ	80 LES	800	A(12		0.0265	: i	:		0.0265
TMINGGLAGE	È	Z	351E	687	A(12		0.0252	:	:		0.0252
LLYKLDIVSI	\ AE	ZΣ	8p160	180			0.0245				CF7010
FLAIIWDL	AH	Z	gp160	753	A(12		0.0233	-			0.023.5
TLOCKINOII	HIA	Z	gp 160	415			0.(120)		-		UNIZUR)
GLVGLRIVEA	AII.	Z	gp160	692			0.0195		:		5611.0
FLGAAGSTM	AH	Σ	89 [60	523			S	-		:	
IISLMDOSL	HIV	Z.	8p160	100	A02		0.0173	:	:		671010
TVMCIROLOA	HIA	N.W.	gp 160	570	!		0.0150				200
LLGRRGWEV	HIV	MM	gp160	785	ļ		0.0142	:			10.0142
AVLSIVNRY	HIV	XX	Ep 160	101	AGS		0.0132				7:10.01

				-	-	1	42		IIV	A24	Max.
Rectited	Aprileon			LOSSING WALL	Mon		:	1			
						Binding	Binding	Blading	Birating	Binding	Burning
		- 1			1		00131				0.0131
FIMINGGLY	<u>></u>	Z	3 2	020 V	AUC	i					
LINATUTAVA	HILA	Z	09102	815 A	A02		0.0117				11111
	0	16	35	158	- ZUA		15000				OHK.
FLIGALLA				1			CARAO		:		(H) 5 3 (H)
SLLTFMIAA	교	Homan		253 A	A02		(1.2 July)	::			1000
FMI AATYNFAV	7.6	Human		257 A	A02	-	0.4950		:	:	0.4930
DMVCVI DW1	9 P	Harman		2ms A	A02		0.1650				1631.0
TO SECUL	9 5	Human		259	ARZ		0.0540				0.0540
200000000000000000000000000000000000000		1		2	Am		0.0515	•	:		0.0515
GEEST CHANGE					E S		0.0115	-	; :	i	0.0415
YALTVANLL	7.5			L			0070	•			00100
ALTWANTLY	P.P	Hemen		136	Aliz	1	1000			:	
PLYGALLL	PLP	Human		28	A(12		0.0345				CHAN
SLCADARMYGV	9	THE T		8	AIIZ		07070		•		0710
LLVPACSAV	굺	Human		20	A02		0.0107				0.0107

Table 10

	Μ	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
	9	YIFATCLGL	MAGE 3 169
5	9	DAPKTGF1.1	MAGE 1 188
	10	IMPKTGFLII	MAGE 1 188
	15 .	MLGSVVGNWQYFFPV	MAGE 3 POL 75
	9	VMPKTGLLI	MAGE 2 188
	9	IMPKAGLLI	MAGE 3 188
10	10	DMPKAGLLII	MAGE 3 188
	9	RLWHYPCTV	HCV Env2 614
	9	RLWHYPCTI	HCV Env2 614
	·9	FLLLADARI	HCV Env2
	9	GVWPLLLLL.	HCV Env2 792
15	9	GMWPLLLLL	HCV Env2 792
	9	YLNTPGLPV	HCV NS3/NS4 1542
	,	YMNTPGLPV	HCV NS3/NS4 1542
	9	VILDSFDPL	HCV NSS 2251
-	9	[LMTHFFSI	HCV NS5 2843
20	9	ILMTHFF5V	HCV NSS 2843
	9	LMAVVLASL	gp100 606
	9	SLSLGFLFL.	PAP 13
	10	YMIMVECWMI	c-ErbB2 952
	10	GLHGQDLFGI	PAP 196
25	9	AILSVSSFL	P. falciparum CSP 6
	9	GLIMVLSFL	P. falciparum CSP 425
	9	AFTGGAGTA	P. fatciparum EXP-1 91
	9	GLLGNVSTV	P. falciparum EXP-1 83
	9	LLGNVSTVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 84
30	9	VLAGLIGNV	P. falciparusa EXP-1 80

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	KILSVFFLA	P. falciparem EXP-1 2
9	FLIFFDLFL	P. falciparum TRAP
9	LIFFOLFLV	P. falciparum TRAP
9	FMKAVCVEV	P. falciparum TRAP 230
9	LLMDCSGSI	P. falciparum TRAP 51
10	IL8VSSFLFV	P. falciparum CSP 7
10	VLLGGVGLVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 91
10	GLLGNVSTVL	P. falciparem EXP-1 83
10	FLIFFDLFLV	P. falciparum TRAP
10	GLALLACAGL.	P. falciparum TRAP 507
9	KIWEELSML	MAGE2 220
9	TLMSAMTNL	Prost.Ca PAP 112
9	LLLARAASL	Prost.Ca PAP 6
9	ALDVYNGLL	Prost.Ca PAP 299
9	VTWIGAAPL	PSA 8
10	ALIETSYVKV	MAGE2 277
10	SLSLOFLFLL	Prost.Ca PAP 13
10	RTLNSAMTNL	PAP III
10	FLPSDFFPSV(CONH2)	HBc 18-27
10	FLPSDPFPSV-NH2	HBc 18-27
9	ILGEVETLT-NH2	Pho Matrix 59-67
10	KGILGFVFTL-NH2	Plu Matrix 57-66
11	FLPSDFFPSVR	HBc 18-28
9	FLPSDFFPS	HBc 18-26
9	GILOXVFTL.	Flu Matrix 58-66 analog
0	FLEXQYINL	HBV polymerase
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D

MAGE3

YIFATCLGL

ſ	AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
	9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
	9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
	9	KLYEIVAKV	A2.1 consensus
İ	9	KLAEYVAKV	A2.1 consensus
5	9	KLAEIVYKV	A2.1 consensus
	9	TLTSCNTSV	HIV gp 120 env. RE trans. 197
•	9	ALMEKIYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
	9	ALSEKTYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
	9	FLMSYFPSV	941.01 9-mer analog
10	9	FLPSYFPSV	941.01 9-mer analog
	10	FLMSDYFPSV	941.01 M2 analog
	9	FLYCYFALV	Chiron consensus
	0	FMYCYFALV	Chiron consensus
	10	SLVGFŒLCV	Chiron consensus
15	10	SLMGCGLFWV	Chiron conscusus
	8	GLLGPLLV	HBVadr-ENV
	9	AMAKAAAAI	A2.1 poly-A
	10	MMWYWGPSLY	HBV
	9	FLPSYFPSA	enalog of 994.02: chiron comb
20	9	FAPSYFPSV	anatog of 994.02: chiron comb
	9	FLPSYPPSS	anatog of 994.02: chiron comb
	9	PSPSYFPSV	analog of 994.02: chiron comb
	9	DMPKTGFLI	MAGE-1
	9	VADLVGFLL	MAGE-I
25	13	EIWEELSVMEV	MAGE-1
	11	FLIIVLVMIAM	MAGE-1
	11	VIPHAMSSOGV	MAGE-1
	11	CILESCFRAVI	MAGE-1

	AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE .
	9	YIFATCLGL	MAGE3
	11	KMVELVVHFLLL	MAGEZ 112-122
	11	HLFIYATCLGL	MAGE3 174-184
	9	GLQDCTMLV	HCV NSS 2727-2735
5	8	TLGIVSPI	HPV, analog of 1088.01
	8	TLGIVXPI	HPV, enalog of 1088.01
	10	FLLAQFTSAI	HBV POL. 513
	11	VLLDYQGMLPV	HBV cuv
	11	CILLICLIFIL	HBV env
0	9	FLGGSPVCL	HBV env
	11	TVIEYLVSPGV	HBV core 114-124
	11	TVLEYLVSFGV	HBV core 114-124
	10	FLLAQFTSAI	HBV pol
	9	GLYSSTVPI	HBV pol
15	9	GLYSSTAPI	HBV pol
	9	GLDVLTAKV	HIV form VIN.
	9	RILGAVAKV	HIV form VIN.
	9	LLFGYPVYV	HTLV. 0x 11-19
	9	ALFGYPVYV	11-19, SAAS
20	9	LLFGAPVYV	tax 11-19, SAAS
	9	LLFGYAVYV	tax 11-19, SAAS
	9	LLPGYPVAV	CIX 11-19, 8AAS
	9	AAGIGILTV	MARTI 27-35
	9	GILTVILGV	MARTI 31-39
25	9	ILTVILGVL	MART1 32-40
	9	AITGAITTI	MARTI 35-43
	9	ALMDKSLHV	MARTI 56-64
	LO	TVILGVLLLI	MARTI
	10	LLDGTATLEL	MART1
30	10	OLSVSSFLFV	Plas. falcip. CSA-A 7-16
	L		

GLIMVLSFL

Plas. fatcip. CSA-A 401-409

SEQUENCE	SOURCE
DMVLSFLFL	Plas. falcip. CSA-A 403-411
FLIFFDLFLV	Plas. falcip. TRAP-A 14-23
FMKAVCVEV	Plus. falcip. TRAP-A 200-207
IMPGQEAGL	ஓ100
Gregabita	gp100
LMAVVLASL	gp100
RLMKQDFSV	gp100
HLAVIGALL	gp100
LLAVGATIKV	gp100
MLGTHTMEV	gp100
LLDGTATLRL	gp100
VLYRYGSPSV	gp100
VLPSPACQLV	gp100
SLADTNSLAV	gp100
VLMAVVLASI.	gp100
LMAVVLASLI	gp100
RLDCWRGGQV	gp100
AMLGTHTMEV	gp100
ALDOGNKHFL	gp100
YLEPGPVTA	gp100
LLNATAIAVA	
SLLNATAIAVA	
KTWGQYWQV	gp100
TTDQVPPSV	gp100
YLEPGPVTA	gp100
LLDGTATLEL	gp100
VLYRYGSPSV	gpt00
ALDGGNKHFL	gp100
GILTVILGV	MART1 31-39
YMNGTMSQV	Human Tyrosinase
MLLAVLYBL.	Human Tyrosinase
LLWSFQTSA	Human Tyrosinase
	IMVLSFLFL FLIFFDLFLV FMKAVCVEV IMPGQEAGL GLGQVPLIV LMAVVLASL RLMKQDFSV HLAVIGALL LLAVGATKV MLGTHTMEV LLDGTATLRL VLYRYGSPSV VLPSPACQLV SLADTNSLAV VLMAVVLASL RLDCWRGGQV AMLGTHTMEV ALDGGNKHFL YLEPGPVTA LLNATAIAVA SLLNATAIAVA STWGQYWQV ITDQVPPSV YLEPGPVTA LLDGTATLRL VLYRYGSPSV ALDGGNKHFL VLYRYGSPSV ALDGGNKHFL GRITVILGV YMNGTMSQV MILAVLYBL

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YLTLAKHTI	Human Tyrosinase
9	FLPWHRLFL	Human Tyrosinase
9	FLLRWEQEI	Human Tyrusinase
9	RIWSWLLGA	Human Tyrosinase
9	LLGAAMVGA	Human Tyrosinase
9	AMVGAVLTA	Human Tyrosinase
9	VLTALLAGL	Human Tyrosinase
9	ALLAGLVSL	Haman Tyrosinase
9	LLAGLVSLL	Human Tyrosinase
10	BLLWSFQTSA	Human Tyrosinase
10	WMHYYVSMDA	Human Tyrosinase
ŧo	FLPWHRLFLL	Human Tyrosimase
10	WLLGAAMVGA	Human Tyrosinase
10	AMVGAVLTAL	Human Tyrosinase
10	VLTALLAGLV	Human Tyrosinase
10	TALLAGLVSL	Human Tyrosinase
10	ALLAGLVSLL	Human Tyrosinase
9	NLTDALLQV	P. falciparum SSP2 132
9	SAWENVKNV	P. falciparum SSP2 218
10	FLIFFDLFLV	P. falciparum SSP2
9	NLNDNAIHIL	P. falciparum SSP2 60
10	YLLMDCSGSI	P. falciparum SSP2 51
•	TLODVSLEV	controls

Table 11

5		
10		
15		
20		
25		

AA SEQUENCE SOURCE 9			
	AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9 NAWGMVLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 270 9 SLYAHIQWL HPV 6b/11 E1 260 9 TLIKCPPLL HPV 6b/11 E1 556 9 GIYDALFDI PSMAg 707 9 YLSGANINI. CEA 605 9 DMGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 537 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 556 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg 883 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254	9	ALYWFRTGI	
9 SLYAHIQWL HPV 6b/11 E1 260 9 TLIKCPPLL HPV 6b/11 E1 536 9 GIYDALFDI PSMAg T07 9 YLSGANLNI. CEA 605 9 VLYGPDTPI CEA 589 9 IMIGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 536 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg 883 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRGVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254		LLDGNPMSI	
9 TLIKCPPLL HPV 6b/11 E1 556 9 GIYDALFDI PSMAg T07 9 YLSGANLNL CEA 605 9 ULYGPDTPI CEA 589 9 IMIGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 556 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg 583 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254	9	NAWGMVLLV	
9 GIYDALFDI PSMAg 707 9 YLSGANLNI. CEA 605 0 VLYGPDTPI CEA 589 9 IMIGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNI. HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 556 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg 583 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRGVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254	9	SLYAHIQWL	
9 YLSGANIANI. CEA 605 9 VLYGPDTPI CEA 589 9 IMIGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNI. HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NILLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 556 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg 583 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234	9	TLIKCPPLL	
0 VLYGPDTPI CEA 589 9 IMIGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 536 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg 883 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 154 10 YLWWVNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRGVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	9	GIYDALFDI	PSMAg 707
9 IMIGVLVGV CEA 691 9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 556 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg S83 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 154 10 YLWWVNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234	9	YLSGANLNI.	CEA 605
9 LLTFWNPPT CEA 24 9 KLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMSI HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 536 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg S83 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 154 10 YLWWVNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRJVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254	9	VLYGPDTPi	CEA 589
9 RLTEMVQWA HPV 6b/11 E1 357 9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMS1 HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 556 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg S83 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234	9	DMIGVLVGV	CEA 691
9 YMDTYMRNL HPV 6b/11 E1 532 10 NLLDGNPMS1 HPV 6b/11 E1 539 10 SLYAHIQWLT HPV 6b/11 E1 260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 536 10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg S83 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 332 10 GEMROVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234	9	LLTFWNPPT	CEA 24
10	9	KLTEMVQWA	
539	9	YMDTYMRNL	
260 10 TLIKCPPLLV HPV 6b/11 E1 \$56 \$56 \$56 \$56 \$10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg	10	NLLDGNPMSI	
10 MVFELANSIV PSMAg S83 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA S34 10 YLWWVNGQSL CEA S32 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	SLYAHIQWLT	
10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 176 10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 154 10 YLWWVNQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRJVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	TLIKCPPLLV	
10 YLWWVNNQSL CEA 154 10 YLWWVNGQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	MVFELANSIV	PSMAg 583
10 YLWWVNGQSL CEA 532 10 GIMRJVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	YLWWYNNQSL	CEA 176
10 GIMRIVLVGV CEA 690 10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 234 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	YLWWYNNQSL	CEA 154
10 VLYGPDAPTI CEA 233 10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 6b/11 E1 254 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	YLWWVNGQSL	CEA 532
10 KLIEPLSLYA HPV 65/11 E1 234 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	GIMIGAFAGA	CEA 690
254 10 WLCAGALVLA PSMAg 20	10	VLYGPDAPTI	CEA 233
	10	KLIEPLSLYA	1
10 IMEGVLVGVA CEA 69)	10	WLCAGALVLA	PSMAg 20
	10	IMIGVLVGVA	CEA 691

SEQUENCE SOURCE YLYQLSPPI HTLV-I tax 155 9 LLFEEYTNI HTLV-I tax 307 HTLV-I tax 9 QLGAFLTNV 178 HTLV-I ax 9 TLTAWQNGL 226 9 HTLV-I tax ALQFLIPRL 9 TLGQHLPTL HTLV-I tax 123 FAFKDLFVV HPV 18 E6 RLLQLLFRA GCDFP-15 2 CMVVKTYLI GCDFP-15 HEVICIQE GCDFP-15 15 HPVIS EI ILYAHIQCL 266 SLACSWGMV HPV16 EI 266 CLYLHIQSL HPV16 E1 259 YLVSPLSDI HPV16 E1 VMFLRYQGV HPV16 EI 443 KLLSKLLCV HPV16 E1 292 ALDONPISI HPVIS EL 546 AVFKDTYGL HPV18 E1 LLTTNIHPA HPV18 EI \$70 HPV16 E1 9 LLQQYCLYL 254

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15

_	×	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	•	AMLAKFKEL	HPV16 E1 206
9	•	ALDGNLVSM	HPV16 E1
•	9	FLGALKSFL	HPV18 EI 463
	9	FIHFRQGAV	HPV18 E1 497
	10	TILLVICIQI	GCDFP-15 14
	10	LLFRASPATL	GCDFP-15
	10	SLMKFLQGSV	HPV16 E3 489
	10	SLACSWGMVV	HPV16 E1 266
	10	FLQGSVICFV	HPV16 EI 493
	10	FIQGAVISFV	HPV18 E1 500
I	10	KLLCVSPMCM	HPV16 E1 296
	10	FILYAHIQCL	HPV18 E1 265
	10	FVNSTSHFWL	HPV18 EI 508
	10	ILLTTNIHPA	HPVI8 EI 569
	10	TLLQQYCLYL	HPV16 E1 253
	9	GLLGWSPQA	HBV ENV 62
	9	GLACHQLCA	HER2/ocu
	9	ILDEAYVMA	HER2/neu
	•	SUSAVVGI	RER2/neu
	9	VVLGVVPGI	HER2/nen
	•	YMIMVKCWM	HER2/neu
	10	ALCRWGLLLA	HER2/neu
	10	QLFEDNYALA	HER2/meu

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	HMWNFISG)	HCV
		CONSCINSUS
9	VIYQYMDDL	HIV POL
	<u> </u>	358
9	SLYNTVATL	HIV GAG 77
10	TVWGIKQŁQA	HIV ENV
		735
9	LLLEAGALV	MSH 99
9	VLETAVGLL	MSH 92
9	CLALSDLLV	MSH 79
9	FLSLGLVSL	MSH 45
9	SLVENALVV	MSH 52
9	AUDPLIYA	MSH 291
9	FLCWGPFFL	MSH 251
9	FLALDCNA	MSH 283
9	TILLGIFFL	MSH 244
9	RILGSLNST	MSH 9
9	SLYNTVATL	HIV p17/5B
		77-8
9	VIYQYMDDL	HIV RT/50A
		346-
9	ILKEPVHGV	HIV KI/IV9
	1	476-

Table 12

PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
1237.01	9	FLWGPQALV
1237.02	9	FLWGPNALV
1237.03	9	FLWGPHALV
1237.04	9	PLWGPKALV
1237.05	9	FLWGPFALV
26.0158	9	AVIGALLAV
26.0172	9	LLHLAVIGA
26.0186	9	SLADTNSLA
26.0192	9	VMGTTLAEM
26.0240	9	LLAVLYCLL
26.0383	10	FLRNOPLTFA
26.0390	10	HLAVIGALLA
26.0395	10	LAVIGALLAV
26.0418	16	TLAEMSTPEA
26.0423	10	YLAEADLSYT
26.0497	10	MLLAVLYCLL
1183.10	10	VLYRYGSFSV
27,0007	9	ILSSLGLPV
27.00)2	9	LLFLGVVFL
27.0019	9	GLYGAQYDV
27.0022	9	FVVALIPLV
27.0023	9	GLMTAVYLV
27.0027	9	ALVLLMLPV
27.0028	9	ILLSIARVV
27.0029	9	SLYPGGICV
27.0030	9	QLIPCMDVV
27.0031	9	VLQ0STYQL
27.0032	0	LAHVVHAI
27.9034	9	GLHGVGVSV
27.0035	9	GLVDFVKHI
27,0036	9	LLFRFMRPL
27.0038	. 9	LMLPGMNGI
27.0043	,	TVLRFVPPL
27.0044	9	MLGNAPSVV
	9	YLDLALMSV
27,0050	9	RMPEAAPPV

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PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
27.0082	9	FLLPDAQSI
27.0083	,	MTYAAPLFV
27.0088	9	LLPLGYPFV
27.0089	9	GLYYLTTEV
27.0090	9	MALLRLPLV
27.0091	9	RLPLVLPAV
27,0093	9	RMFAANLGV
27.0095	9	RLLDDTPEV
27.0096	9	YLYVHSPAL.
27.0100	9	GLYLSQIAV
27.0101	9	YLSQIAVLL
27.0102	9	SLAGFVRML
27.0137	10	ATYDKGILTV
27.0146	10	KIFMLVTAVV
27.0151	10	FLLADERVRV
27.0153	10	MLATDLSLRV
27.0154	10	RLQPQVGWEV
27.0161	10	FLMPVEDVFI
27.0165	10	RMSRVTTFTV
27.0168	10	LALVILMLPV
27.0169	10	ALVLLMLPVV
27.0170	10	GIVSGILLSI
27.0171	10	SLYFGGICVI
27.0173	10	QLIPCMDVVL
27.0181	10	LLFRFMRPLI
27.0183	10	VLLEDGGVEV
27.0184	10	AMPAYNWMTV
27.0186	10	GLACTVLRFV
27.0188	10	VLIAFGREPI
27.0189	10	FLICDANLAV
27.0197	10	Alawgawgev
27.0204	10	LLLETSWEAT
27.0217	10	RMPEAAPPVA
27.0223	10	WMAETTLGRV
27.0226	10	AMALLRLPLV
27.0229	10	FMSLAGFVRM
27.0266	1)	SLITEVETYVL

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PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
27.0268	[1	GILGFVFTLTV
27.0269	11	VLDVGDAYFSV
27.0271	11	KIWEELSMILEV
27.0272	. (1	STLVEVTLGEV
27.0273	1)	GLAPPOHLIRV
27.60274	11	HLIRVEGNLRV
27.0005	9	YLLALRYLA
27.0013	9	GLYROWALA
27,0017	9	LLWQDPVPA
27.0040	. 9	ALLSDWLPA
27.0045	9	WLLIDTSNA
27.0046	0	MLASTLTDA
27.0081	9	YLSEGDMAA
27.0094	9	LLACAVIHA
27.0144	10	LLCCSGVATA
27.0191	10	LLATVFKLTA
27.0192	10	KLTADGVLTA
27.0195	10	GLOGLGLFFA
28.0064	8	TLGIVXPI
28.0065	8	ALCITIXYA
28.0293	9	FLLTRILTV
28.0294	9	ALMPLYACV
28.0295	9	LLAQFTSAV
28.0296	9	LLPFVQWFV
28.0297	9	FLLAQFTSV
28.0298	9	KLHILYSHPV
28.0299	9	KLFLYSHPI
28.0300	9	LLSSNL5WY
28.0301	9	FLISLGIHV
28.0302	0	MMWYWGPSV
28.0303	9	VLQAGFFLV
28.0304	9	PLLPIFFCV
28.0305	,	FLLPIFPCL
28.0306	9	VLLDYQGMV
28.0307	9	YMDDVVLGV
28.0308	9	YMFDVVLGA
28.0309	9	GLLGWSPOV

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PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
28.0342	9	YMIMVKXWM
28.0343	9	YIFATXLGL
28.0345	9	SLHXKPEEA
28.0346	9	ALGLVXVQA
28.0348	9	LLMDXSGSI
28.0349	9	FAFRDLXIV
28.0352	9	GTLGIVXPI
28.0353	9	TLGIVXPIX
28.0354	9	LLWFHISKL
28.0355	9	KLTPLKVTL
28.0356	9	ALVEIXTEM
28.0357		LTPGWXFXL
28.0359	9	KLQXVDLHV
28.0360	9	FMKAVXVEV
28.0361	9	LLQQYXLYL
28.0362	9	KLYLHIQSL
28.0363	9	SLAXSWGMV
28.0364	9	ILYAHIQXIL
28.0365	9	KLISKLIXV
28.0366	9	PLLPIFFXL
28.0367	9	TLIKXPPLL
28.0368	9	ALMPLYAXI
28.0370	9	XILESLFRA
28.0609	10	FLLAQFTSAV
28.0610	10	YLHTLWKAGY
28.0611	10	YLPTLWKAGI
28.0612	10	YLLTLWKAGI
28.0613	10	LLFYQGMLPV
28.0614	10	LLLYQGMLPV
28.0615	10	LLVLQAGFFV
28.0616	10	ILLICLIFLY
28.0650	10	ALXRWGLLL
28.0651	10	KLPDLXTEL
28.0652	10	HLYQGXQVV
28.0653	10	KILESLFRA
28.0654	80	KLQXVDLHV
28.0655	10	YIFATXLGL

PEPTIDE LENGTH PEPTIDE NO. SEQUENCE 9 SLYNTVATL F111.01 ALYNTVATL F111.02 9 P111.04 9 SLANTVATL SLFNAVATL F111.06 9 5 SLFNLLATL F111.07 9 SLFNTIAVL F111.10 9 F111.11 9 SLFNAVAVL F111.09 9 SLFNTTVVL SLFNAIAVL F111.12 9 10 F111.13 SLENTVAVL F111.14 9 SLFNTVCVI F111.15 9 SLHNTVATL SLHNTVAVL F111.17 9 9 SLYATVATL F111.18 15 SLYNAVATL F111.19 9 SLYNTAATL F111.21 9 F111.22 9 SLYNTIAVL 9 SLYNTSATL F111.23 9 SLYNTVAVL F111.25 9 SLYNTVATA F111.26 F111.27 9 SLYNAIATL F111.28 9 SLYNLVAVL SLFNLLAVL F111.29 SLFNTVVTL 9 F111.32 F111.34 9 SLYNTVAAL MMWYWOPSL 1039.031 9 1211.40 10 SLLNATAIAV 10 TIHDIILECV 9 **FAFRDLCIV 30** 9 **GTLGIVCPI** TLGIVCPIC

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Table 13

SOURCE SEQUENCE Α HBV ENV **IPQSLDSWW** 191 HBV ENV **IPIPSSWAF** 313 HBV POL **TPARVTGGV** 365 HBV ENV LPIFFCLWV 9 379 HBV POL **HPAAMPHLL** 440 HBV POL **FPHCLAFSY** 541 HBV POL DPSRGRLGL 789 HCV Core 57 **QPRGRRQPI** HCV Core 99 9 SPRGSRPSW HCV Core **DPRRRSRNL** 111 **HCV** Core LPGCSFSIF 9 168 HCV E2 622 **YPCTVNFTI** 9 HCV E2 681 LPALSTGLI 9 HCV NS3 9 **HPNIEEVAL** 1358 HCV NS4 9 SPGALVVGV 1887

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	SPGQRVEFL	HCV NS5
		2615
9	APTLWARMI	HCV NS5
		2835
9	FPRIWLHJL	HIV VPR 34
9	SPTRRELQV	HIV POL 37
9	FPVRPQVPL	HIV NEF 84
9	RPQVPLRPM	HIV NEF 87
9	KPCVKLTPL	HIV ENV
		123
9	SPRTLNAWV	HIV GAG
		153
9	FPISPIETV	HIV POL 171
9	SPAIPQSSM	HIV POL 327
9	NPDIVIYQY	HIV POL 346
9	GPGHKARVL	HIV GAG
		360
9	LPEKDSWTV	HIV POL 417
9	YPLASLRSL	HIV GAG
		507
9	VPRRKAKII	HIV POL 991
9	TPTLHEYML	HPV16 E7 5
9	KPLNPAEKL	HPV18 E6
<u> </u>		110
9	NPAEKLRHL	HPV18 E6
		113
9	VPISHLYIL	MAGE2 170
9	MPKTGLLII	MAGE2 196

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
Α		
9	DPACYEFLW	MAGE2 265
9	EPHISYPPL	MAGE2 296
9	YPPLHERAL	MAGE2 301
9	LPTTMNYPL	MAGE3 71
9	DPIGHLYIF	MAGE3 170
9	MPKAGLLII	MAGE3 196
9	GPHISYPPL	MAGE3 296
9	HPSDGKCNL	P. falciparum
		S
9	RPRGDNFAV	P. falciparum
		S
9	QPRPRGDNF	P. falciparum
		S
9	LPNDKSDRY	P. falciparum
		S
10	LPLDKGIKPY	HBV POL
		123
10	TPARVTGGVF	HBV POL
		365
10	FPHCLAFSYM	HBV POL
		541
10	LPRRGPRLGV.	HCV Core 37
10	APLGGAARAL	HCV Core
		142
10	LPGCSPSIFL	HCV Core
		168
10	VPASQVCGPV	HCV E2 497
10	YPCTVNFTIF	HCV E2 622
-		

Α	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
10	SPLLLSTTEW	HCV E2 663
10	RPSGMFDSSV	HCV NS3
		1506
10	LPVCQDHLEF	HCV NS3
		1547
10	KPTLHGPTPL	HCV NS3
		1614
10	TPLLYRLGAV	HCV NS3
		1621
10	NPAIASLMAF	HCV NS4
		1783
10	LPAILSPGAL	HCV NS4
	·	1882
10	SPGALVVGVV	HCV NS4
		1887
10	APTLWARMIL	HCV NS5
		2835
10	IPVGEIYKRW	HIV GAG
		261
10	YPLASLRSLF	HIV GAG
		507
10	APTKAKRRVV	HIV ENV
		547
10	VPISHLYILV	MAGE2 170
10	MPKTGLLIIV	MAGE2 196
10	HPRKLLMQDL	MAGE2 241
10	LPTTMNYPLW	MAGE3 71
10	MPKAGLLIIV	MAGE3 196
		<u></u>

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
Α		
10	IPYSPLSPKV	P. falciparum
		s
10	TPYAGEPAPF	P. falciparum
		S
9	FPDHQLDPA	HBV ENV 14
9	YPALMPLYA	HBV POL
		640
9	LPVCAFSSA	HBV X 58
9	APLGGAARA	HCV 142
9	DPTTPLARA	HCV 2806
9	FPYLVAYQA	HCV 1582
9	LPAILSPGA	HCV 1882
9	NPAIASLMA	HCV 1783
9	TPIDTTIMA	HCV 2551
9	TPLLYRLGA	HCV 1621
9	WPLLLLLA	HCV 793
9	NPYNTPVFA	HIV POL 225
9	APLLLARAA	PAP 4
9	HPQWVLTAA	PSA 52
10	IPIPSSWAFA	HBV ENV
L		313
10	TPPAYRPPNA	HBV NUC
		128
10	APFTQCGYPA	HBV POL
		633
10	LPIHTAELLA	HBV POL
		712
10	GPCALRFTSA	HBV X 67

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE		
A				
10	DPTTPLARAA	HCV 2806		
10	IPQAVVDMVA	HCV 339		
10	LPCSFTTLPA	HCV 674		
10	QPEKGGRKPA	HCV 2567		
10	VPHPNIEEVA	HCV 1356		
10	IPAETGQETA	HIV POL 820		
10	LPQGWKGSPA	HIV POL 320		
10	FPDLESEFQA	MAGE2/3 98		
10	DPIGHLYIFA	MAGE3 170		
9	EPLSLYAHI	HPV 6b/11 E1		
		2		
9	PPLLVTSNI	HPV 6b/11 E1		
		5		
9	SPRLDAIKL	HPV 6b/11 E1		
		1		
9	TPKKNCIAI	HPV 6b/11 E1		
		4		
9	FPFDRNGNA	HPV 6b/11 E1		
		5		
10	CPPLLVTSNI	HPV 6b/11 E1		
<u> </u>		5		
10	FPFDRNGNAV	HPV 6b/11 E1		
		5		
8	GPLLVLQA	HBV ENV		
		173		
В	IPIPSSWA	HBV ENV		
<u></u>		313		

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		1
8	VPFVQWFV	HBV ENV
		340
8	LPIFFCLW	HBV ENV
		379
8	RPPNAPIL	HBV NUC
		133
8	MPLSYQHF	HBV POL 1
8	HPAAMPHL	HBV POL
		429
8	SPFLLAQF	HBV POL
		511
8	YPALMPLY	HBV POL
		640
8	SPTYKAFL	HBV POL
		659
8	VPSALNPA	HBV POL
		769
8	HPvhAGPI	HIV con.
		GAG
8	GPGvRyPL	HIV con.
		NEF
8	SPIETVPV	HIV con.
		POL
8	NPYNTPVF	HIV con.
	1	POL
8	LPIQKETW	HIV con.
		POL

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
8	VPRRKaKi	HIV con.
	·	POL
8	VpLQLPPi	HIV con.
_		REV
8	VPLAMKLI	P. falciparum
8	LPYGRTNL	P. falciparum
8	RPRGDNFA	P. falciparum
8	IPQQEPNI	P. falciparum
8	TPFAGEPA	P. falciparum
9	SPINTIAEA	HPV 6b El
		93
9	SPISNVANA	HPV 11 E1
		93
9	SPRLDAIKL	HPV 6b/11 E1
		1
9	EPLSLYAHI	HPV 6b/11 E1
		2
9	EPPKIQSGV	HPV 6b/11 E1
		3
9	IPFLTKFKL	HPV 6b E1
		455
9	TPKKNCIAI	HPV 6b/11 E1
		4
9	QPLTDAKVA	HPV 11 E1
		512
9	PPLLVTSNI	HPV 6b/11 E1
		5

_	Language	COLINCE
A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	FPFDRNGNA	HPV 6b/11 E1
		5
9	APLILSRIV	PSA 14
9	HPEDTGQVF	PSA 78
9	HPLYDMSLL	PSA 94
9	HPQKVTKFM	PSA 184
9	GPLVCNGVL	PSA 211
9	RPSLYTKVV	PSA 235
9	FPPEGVSIW	PAP 124
9	NPILLWQPI	PAP 133
9	LPFRNCPRF	PAP 156
9	IPSYKKLIM	PAP 277
9	LPPYASCHL	PAP 307
9	SPSCPLERF	PAP 348
9	CPLERFAEL	PAP 351
9	GPTLIGANA	gp100 74
9	LPDGQVIWV	gp100 97
9	VPLAHSSSA	gp100 198
9	QPLTFALQL	gp100 236
9	DPSGYLAEA	gp100 246
9	EPGPVTAQV	gp100 282
9	MPTAESTGM	gp100 366
9	TPAEVSIVV	gp100 401
9	LPKEACMEI	gp100 520
9	LPSPACQLV	gp100 545
5	VPLIVGILL	gp100 596
5	LPHSSSHWL	gp100 630
L		

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE			
A					
9	CPIGENSPL	gp100 647			
9	SPLLSGQQV	gp100 653			
9	MPREDAHFI	MART1 1			
9	APLGPQFPF	Tyrosinase 6			
9	IPIGTYGQM	Tyrosinase l			
9	TPMFNDINI	Tyrosinase 1			
9	LPWHRLFLL	Tyrosinase 2			
9	IPYWDWRDA	Tyrosinase 2			
9	SPASFFSSW	Tyrosinase 2			
9	LPSSADVEF	Tyrosinase 3			
9	SPLTGIADA	Tyrosinase 3			
9	DPIFLLHHA	Tyrosinase 3			
9	IPLYRNGDF	Tyrosinase 4			
9	YPELPKPSI	CEA 141			
9	LPVSPRLQL	CEA 185			
9	LPVSPRLQL	CEA 363			
9	NPPAQYSWL	CEA 442			
9	LPVSPRLQL	CEA 541			
9	IPQQHTQVL	CEA 632			
9	NPPAQYSWF	CEA 264			
9	LPSIPVHPI	Prost.Ca PSM			
9	IPVHPIGYY	Prost.Ca PSM			
9	RPFYRHVIY	Prost.Ca PSM			
9	TPKHNMKAF	Prost.Ca PSM			
9	FPGIYDALF	Prost.Ca PSM			
9	RPRWLCAGA	Prost.Ca PSM			
9	DPLTPGYPA	Prost.Ca PSM			

SEQUENCE	SOURCE
	1
RPRRTILFA	Prost.Ca PSM
LPFDCRDYA	Prost.Ca PSM
LPIHTAELL	HBV POL
	712
GPDAPTISPL	CEA 236
IPQQHTQVLF	CEA 632
QPIPVHTVPL	Prost.Ca PAP
HPYKDFIATL	Prost.Ca PAP
LPGCSPSCPL	Prost.Ca PAP
LPSWATEDTM	Prost.Ca PAP
VPLSEDQLLY	Prost.Ca PAP
FPHPLYDMSL	Prost.Ca PSA
RPGDDSSHDL	Prost.Ca PSA
HPQKVTKFML	Prost.Ca PSA
LPFDCRDYAV	Prost.Ca PSM
YPNKTHPNYI	Prost.Ca PSM
SPEFSGMPRI	Prost.Ca PSM
RPRWLCAGAL	Prost.Ca PSM
TPKHNMKAFL	Prost.Ca PSM
RPFYRHVIYA	Prost.Ca PSM
HPAAMPHLLV	HBV POL
	429
SPREGPLPA	HER2/neu
	1151
KPDLSYMPI	HER2/neu
	605
HPPPAFSPA	HER2/neu
	1208
	LPFDCRDYA LPIHTAELL GPDAPTISPL IPQQHTQVLF QPIPVHTVPL HPYKDFIATL LPGCSPSCPL LPSWATEDTM VPLSEDQLLY FPHPLYDMSL RPGDDSSHDL HPQKVTKFML LPFDCRDYAV YPNKTHPNYI SPEFSGMPRI RPRWLCAGAL TPKHNMKAFL RPFYRHVIYA HPAAMPHLLV SPREGPLPA KPDLSYMPI

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
Α		
9	GPLPAARPA	HER2/neu
		1155
9	АРОРНРРРА	HER2/neu
		1204
9	EPLTPSGAM	HER2/neu
		698
9	LPTHDPSPL	HER2/neu
		1101
9	DPLNNTTPV	HER2/neu
		121
9	SPLTSIISA	HER2/neu
		649
9	SPKANKEIL	HER2/neu
		760
9	LPTNASLSF	HER2/neu 65
9	CPSGVKPDL	HER2/neu
		600
9	SPLAPSEGA	HER2/neu
		1073
9	MPNQAQMRI	HER2/neu
		706
9	LPAARPAGA	HER2/neu
		1157
9	LPQPPICTI	HER2/neu
		941
9	SPAFDNLYY	HER2/neu
		1214

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	TPTAENPEY	HER2/neu
		1240
9	LPSETDGYV	HER2/neu
		1120
10	LPTNASLSFL	HER2/neu 65
10	CPAEQRASPL	HER2/neu
		642
10	KPCARVCYGL	HER2/neu
		336
10	АРОРНРРРАБ	HER2/neu
		1204
10	SPGGLRELQL	HER2/neu
		133
10	SPLTSIISAV	HER2/neu
		649
10	MPNQAQMRIL	HER2/neu
		706
10	SPYVSRLLGI	HER2/neu
		779
10	HPPPAFSPAF	HER2/neu
		1208
10	SPREGPLPAA	HER2/neu
		1151
10	NPHQALLHTA	HER2/neu
		488
10	MPYGCLLDHV	HER2/neu
		801

Α	CECHENCE	SOURCE
	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A	<u> </u>	
10	GPASPLDSTF	HER2/neu
		995
9	LPTTLFQPV	HTLV-I tax
		21
9	IPPSFLQAM	HTLV-I tax
		10
9	FPGFGQSLL	HTLV-I tax
		4
9	WPLLPHVIF	HTLV-I tax
		16
9	SPPITWPLL	HTLV-I tax
		16
9	VPYKRIEEL	HTLV-I tax
		18
9	RPQNLYTLW	HTLV-I tax
		13
9	CPKDGQPSL	HTLV-I tax
		26
9	RPNDEVTAV	GCDFP-15
ľ	Id No Eviniv	47
9	SPATLLLVL	GCDFP-15
	GIRILLEVE	11
	SUPPLY STATES AT	
9	WPYLHNRLV	HPV16 E1
		576
9	QPFILYAHI	HPV18 E1
		263
9	SPRLKAICI	HPV16 E1
	<u></u>	107

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
Α		
9	SPLGERLEV	HPV18 E1
		97
9	SPRLQEISL	HPV18 E1
		110
9	RPIVQFLRY	HPV18 E1
		447
10	WPYLHNRLVV	HPV16 E1
		576
10	WPYLESRITV	HPV18 E1
		583
10	QPPKLRSSVA	HPV18 E1
		315
10	EPPKLRSTAA	HPV16 E1
		308
9	DPSRGRLGL	HBV POL
		778
9	HPAAMPHLL	HBV POL
		429
9	IPIPSSWAF	HBV ENV
		313
10	TPARVTGGVF	HBV POL
		354
10	FPHCLAFSYM	HBV POL
		530
9	LPVCAFSSA	HBV X 58
9	YPALMPLYA	HBV POL
		640
9	APLLLARAA	PAP 4

	CD01170147	COLINGE
A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
Α		
9	HPQWVLTAA	PSA 52
9	HPSDGKCNL	Pf SSP2 206
9	RPRGDNFAV	Pf SSP2 305
9	QPRPRGDNF	Pf SSP2 303
10	TPYAGEPAPF	Pf SSP2 539
9	GPHISYPPL	MAGE3 296
9	YPPLHERAL	MAGE2 301
9	VPISHLYIL	MAGE2 170
9	EPHISYPPL	MAGE2 296
9	LPTTMNYPL	MAGE3 71
9	MPKAGLLII	MAGE3 196
10	HPRKLLMQDL	MAGE2 241

Table 14

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
25.0129	9	LPPLERLTL
26.0445	10	EPGPVTAQVV
26.0448	10	LPRIFCSCPI
26.0449	10	LPSPACQLVL
26.0455	10	VPLAHSSSAF
26.0458	10	VPRNQDWLGV
26.0476	10	APPAYEKLSA
26.0478	10	MPREDAHFIY
26.0519	10	APAFLPWHRL
26.0522	10	GPNCTERRLL
26.0523	10	IPLYRNGDFF
26.0529	10	TPRLPSSADV
19.0101	9	TPAEVSIVV
26.0554	11	APFTQCGYPAL
26.0561	11	NPADDPSRGRI
26.0564	11	RPPNAPILSTL
26.0566	11	SPFLLAQFTSA
26.0567	11	SPHHTALRQAI
26.0568	11	TPARVTGGVFI

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A composition comprising an immunogenic peptide having an HLA binding motif, which immunogenic peptide is a peptide shown in Tables 3-14 or a peptide comprising a conservative substitution of a residue in a peptide shown in Table 3-14.
- 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the immunogenic peptide is linked to a second oligopeptide.
- The composition of claim 2, wherein the second oligopeptide is a peptide that induces a helper T response.
 - 4. A composition comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding an immunogenic peptide as shown in Tables 3-14, or a peptide comprising a conservative substitution of a residue of a peptide shown in Table 3-14.
 - 5. The composition of claim 4, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a sequence encoding a second immunogenic peptide.
- 20 6. The composition of claim 4, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a sequence encoding an oligopeptide that induces a helper T response.
 - A method of inducing a cytotoxic T cell response comprising contacting a cytotoxic T cell with a peptide of claim 1.

International application No. PCT/US98/05039

						
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER						
	IPC(6) :A61K 19/00, 19/29; C07K 7/00, 14/02, 14/82 US CL : 424/185.1; 530/300, 328, 350					
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC						
8. FIEL	DS SEARCHED					
Minimum d	ocumentation searched (classification system followed	by classification symbols)				
U.S. :	424/185.1; \$30/300, 328, 350					
Downwatet	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	errent that such documents are included	in the fields resrobed			
	eeg of first acquence in Table 3. Examiner's MHC/					
5117 1						
Electronic d	lata base consulted during the international search (us	me of data base and, where practicable	e, search terms used)			
STN file	≈reg sequence search of first sequence in Table 3.	STN file=cs of hits on sequence scare	h.			
C. DOC	NIMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriete of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
Category*	Candil of Cacanata, was an anatom, where a	profession, vi and tourism pro-				
τ	BRUSS, V. A short linear sequence in the pre-S domain of the large 1-3 and 7					
	hepatitis B virus envelope protein requir					
	Virology. December 1997, Vol. 71, N	o. 12, pages 9350-9357. See				
	entire document					
Y	PREISLER-ADAMS, S. et al. Compl	ete nucleotide sequence of a	1-3 and 7			
1	hepatitis B virus, subtype adw2, and id		. S wild ,			
	C open reading frame. Nucleic Acids					
	page 2258. See entire document.					
Y	RAMMENSEE, H. et al. Peptides n		1-3 and 7			
	Class I molecules. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 1993, Vol. 11, pages					
	213-243, see entire article.					
K Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	Soe patent family annex.				
	pecial categorine of mind documents:	"T" taser document published after the m	ternetional filing date or priority			
	comment delining the general state of the ert which is not considered	date and not an conflict with the ap the principle or theory underlying the				
	o he of particular scievence erties document published on or after the international liting data	"X" document of particular relavance; (
·L. 6	present which may throw doubts on practity claim(s) or which is	considered nevel or exant be considered when the document is taken alone.	mand so statement an chaectrae stab			
	ited to usuablish the publication date of another chation or other public reasons (as apost[ind)	"Y" document of particular relevance; to considered to involve an inventor				
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7	occurrent published prior to the international filing date but later than	"A." document member of the same pets				
the priority date element Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search Date of mailing of the international search						
		17 .111 1998				
12 MAY 1998						
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks		Authorized officer				
Box PCT Washington, O.C. 20231		THOMAS CUNNINGHAM				
_		Telephone No. (703) 308-0196				
Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992) a						

International application No.
PCT/US98/05039

C (Continua	tion). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
Y	ENGELHARD, V. et al. Structure of peptides associated with MHC Class I molecules. Curr. Opin. Immunol. 1994, Vol. 6, pages 13-23, see entire document.		1-3 and 7
	·		
(

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of second short)(July 1992) #

International application No. PCT/US98/05039

Box (Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item (of first sheet)				
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:				
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:				
Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:				
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).				
Box II Observations where unity of invention is tacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)				
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:				
See attached sheet.				
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.				
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.				
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:				
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: 1-3 and 7				
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.				

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first short(1))(July 1992)*

International application No. PCT/US98/05039

Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

1. This International Search Authority has found 3453 inventions claimed in the International Application covered by the claims indicated below:

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be searched, the appropriate additional search fees must be paid.

Group 1, claim(s) 1-3 and 7, drawn to compositions comprising peptides and methods of inducing CTL responses using such compositions. A review of Tables 3-14 indicates there are 2764 structurally different poptides recited.

Group II, claim(s) 4-6, drawn to nucleic acids encoding peptides. Claims 4-6 recite aucloic acids encoding the 2764 different peptides of Tables 3-14.

This application comains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack Unity of Invention because they are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The species are as follows:

Bach of the 2764 different poptides recited by Tables 3-14 and each of the 2764 different nucleis said sequences encoding the poptides of Tables 3-14. 2764 + 2764 = 5,528 total species.

The claims are decuted to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner:

The following claims are generic: claims 1-7 because they encompass all of the peptides or nucleic acid sequences encoding the peptides of Tables 3-14.

The first peptide species recited in Table 3 (FTF. . .LSK) will be examined. Each additional peptide species requires the payment of a separate fee. To have all the recited peptide species searched requires the payment of 2763 additional fees.

Upon payment for Group II, the Office will examine the first ten (or ten that the Applicant selects) nucleic acid species at no additional cost. Each four species of nucleic acids thereafter requires the payment of a separate fee. To have all the nucleic acid species searched requires the payment of (2764-10)/4 = 639 additional fees.

and it considers that the International Application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention (Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3) for the reasons indicated below:

The inventions listed as Groups I and II do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the peptides of Group I lack the corresponding technical structural and functional features of the nucleic soids of Group II.

The species listed above do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the 5528 different species of peptides recited by Tables 3-14 (or the nucleic acid sequences encoding such peptides) lack the same or corresponding special technical features of common structure and function, source of isolation and amino acid or sucleic acid identity. Each separate species would require a separate prior art search.

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